

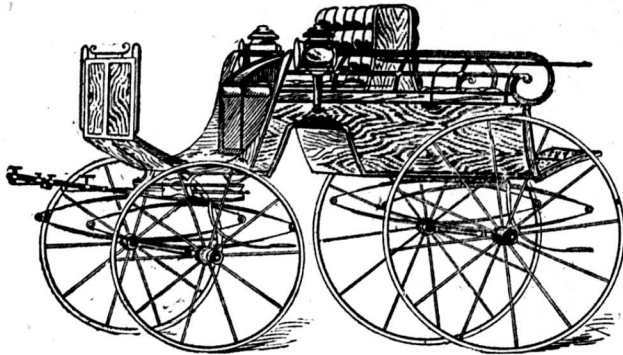
THE NAPANEE

Vol. XLVII] No 14 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CAN

A. O. ROBLIN Wallpaper

MARKET SQUARE, NAPANEE.



WE SELL :—The Wm. Grey & Son's Fine Carriages ; The J. I. Case Threshing Machinery ; Traction, Stationary, and Marine Gasolene Engines ; Grinders, Well Drilling Machinery ; Appleton Saws, Blue Bell and National Cream Separators ; Celebrated Dain Hay Loaders. Scotch Diamond Smoothing Harrows, Four Section \$15.50 ; Three Section, \$11.50.

CALL AND SEE OUR GOODS.

To make fortunes out of the future you must put something into the present. Agents wanted to sell Securities (Gold-Coppers pay big dividends all over British Columbia.) For Sale Fruit Lands & Cheap Homes, City Lots, Farms & Suburban Acreage.

BRITISH COLUMBIA ILLUSTRATED

Containing over 120 views, post paid 25c. stamps.—Richest Province in British Empire

Nothing Risked, Nothing Gained. Nothing Ventured, Nothing Won.

Splendid Opportunity to Invest

The richest men in the world are investing in British Columbia Copper-Gold and Silver Mines. Why can't you begin now? The greatest Gold-Copper discovery of the age is in British Columbia.

Big Four Consolidated Gold Mines, Limited. Capital \$625,000.

Every Dollar subscribed used in Development of Mine.

Special Offer—20c per Share, will shortly advance to \$1.00.

Mines directly west of Le Roi and Le Roi No. 2, shares sold from 5 cents to \$100.00 and Consolidated Mining and Smelting Co. of Canada, Ltd., shares \$150.00 each, the Giant California, adjoining our own, shares about \$110.00, Granby Mine paid over \$3,000,000 Dividends per year. Gold Copper Mines in British Columbia paid large Dividends. Big Four assays from \$5.00 to \$800.00 in gold, copper, silver, with 30 per cent. in the treasury. Invest now and you won't regret it.

NOTE—Most of these mines sold for a few cents once, but overcapitalized even now, pay big dividends. Big Four is on the railway, near smelters. Rossland Mines received Highest Awards for richest gold-copper ore sent to St. Louis Exposition. Big Four had best display at Dominion Fair, New Westminster, B.C. No less than 100 shares sold for cash, above this. Shares can be had on installment plan, on yearly contract, 15 per cent. cash, balance monthly.

Nearly Two Miles of Railway on Property.

Company has no debts or liabilities. Send for illustrated Prospectus and Booklet, "Mining Up-to-date," to Secretary, with 5c in stamps.

BIG FOUR MINES, LIMITED.

P. O. Box 174, VANCOVER, B. C., CANADA.

TO MY WALLPAPER FRIENDS AND

IT WROTE ITSELF.

The Author's Story of the Origin of "My Maryland."



As seen in the piece this is really one of the most beautiful patterns yet produced; once seen it cannot be forgotten; a specialty is a line of specialties, both in light effects and with woven background darker treatment.

See our other 1908 Patterns.

A. E. PAUL

THE WALLPAPER MAN.

Next Cambridges.

BATH.

The Ladies' Aid of the Bath Methodist church are to be congratulated on the very successful entertainment given by them in the town hall, on the evening of March 13th. The programme was given by local talent and gave evidence of painstaking and thorough preparation on the part of each person, and each number was complete. There was good variety in the programme and choice selections of solos, duets, quartettes, recitations, and a well-planned play entitled "Pauline's Triumph," closing with some daring tableaux. It was a social and financial success, making \$131.70, and delighting all present.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Bowel Laxative.

DESERONTO ROAD.

A great many people from this road drove to Deseronto Friday evening 5th inst to attend the Men's Concert in the Methodist Church, but what was their surprise on getting there to find that it

JEWELS PRESENTED.

On Tuesday evening the members of Napanee Lodge No 86 I.O.O.F. presented Brothers W. A. Steacy and A. J. Smith with Veteran Jewels, these gentlemen having been members of the Order for over twenty-five years. Mr. Smith was not present as he is now a resident of Shannonsville. Mr. Steacy was present and made a very suitable reply. Following are the addresses:—

To Bro. W. A. Steacy, P. G.
Napanee, Ontario.

Dear Sir & Bro.—

Loyalty and service have long been favorite themes in Song and Story and in Oddfellowship too we chronicle our appreciation of our Veterans whose fidelity, worth and work have been the foundation for the success the Independent Order of Oddfellows has undoubtedly attained.

The members of Napanee Lodge No 86 I.O.O.F. cannot recall your name without bringing to mind the active part you have taken in building it up by regular attendance by your comprehensive knowledge of the work exemplified and by your unselfish devotion of valuable time for its benefit.

Your twenty-five years of zealous intelligent and effective membership in our lodge has contributed materially to its success and it also has earned for you and we now are delighted to present you with the Veteran's Jewel of our order. Wear it in the years to come with the recollection of our words that you are one whom we especially delight to honor adding this token of our esteem to that which you so strikingly received from your fellow citizens only a short while ago.

Oddfellowship must needs develop in an active member his best attributes the exercise of which, of itself, brings happiness; to such the term "Veteran" teems with many happy memories of the best association. May these memories be yours for long years of active membership with us and may health, wealth and prosperity be the lot of you and yours during the years to come.

Yours in F. L. & T.

Signed on behalf of the Lodge

JOHN A. GRANGE, N. G.

CHAS. FRIZZELL, R. S.

U. M. WILSON, J. P. G.

Napanee, March 17th, 1908.

To Bro. A. J. SMITH P. G.

Shannonsville, Ontario,

Dear Sir & Bro.—

Every member of the I.O.O.F. in some degree renders service to his Lodge; some have greater opportunities than others. We recognize that had you been situated differently we would have seen more of you at our lodge meetings. We have, however, reason to know that neither distance nor circumstances have dampened your enthusiasm as an oddfellow and now that you have attained your full twenty-five years membership in Napanee Lodge No 86, we take much pleasure in conferring the Veteran's Jewel upon you knowing it must remind you of pleasant associations in the past and that we can always rely upon your sympathy in the works of Oddfellowship.

We trust you may long be spared to wear it and revere it as a token of the deeper affection for our brotherhood which should inspire every Veteran.

May the coming years be full of richest blessings for you and yours.

Yours in F. L. & T.

TO MY WALLPAPER FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS.

I wish to thank you for your past patronage and hope that if I have given you good satisfaction and you are satisfied with my WALL PAPERS in regard to Fast Colors and the length of rolls, and the way that I have served you, I hope that I will see all your smiling faces at my store looking for Lloyd's Wallpapers, as they are the best money can buy.

JUST A WORD

I have a good many Samples of 21 inch paper, meaning a great saving, also

I still sell the Border by the Roll.

If you do not see my PAPERS you will be sorry when you see your neighbour's.

GOT AT

LLOYD'S

OLD STAND.

FURS

Furs made and remodelled in First-Class Style. Prices Reasonable, and Work Guaranteed.

Ladies' & Gents' Coats

MADE TO ORDER.

All kinds of Furs, Pelts, Heads, Tails and Trimmings for sale.

MR. GEO. F. ROBINSON,

3-4m Corner Richard and Mill streets.

Genuine Bargains Are Here.

Call and see, and if not, you need not buy at all.

Everything you need for presents n—

Watches and Clocks,

Cut Glass and China.

Great Values.

Brooches. Necklets,

Locketts, Chains,

Bracelets,

Solid Gold Rings from

\$1.50 upwards.

Everything Genuine Bargains.

Marriage Licenses and Confidential.

F. CHINNECK'S

THE STORE OF QUALITY,

Near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

IT WROTE ITSELF.

The Author's Story of the Origin of "My Maryland."

Brander Matthews wrote an account of the circumstances under which "Maryland, My Maryland," was written, and the poem's author, James Ryder Randall, approved Professor Matthews' account. In April, 1861, Colonel Randall read in the New Orleans Delta news of the attack on the Massachusetts troops as they passed through Baltimore.

"This account greatly excited me," Mr. Randall wrote in answer to a letter from Professor Matthews. "I had long been absent from my native city, and the startling event there influenced my mind. That night I could not dismiss from my mind what I had read in the paper. About midnight I arose, lit a candle and went to my desk. Some powerful influence seemed to possess me, and almost involuntarily I proceeded to write the song of 'My Maryland.'"

"I remember that this idea seemed to take shape as music in my brain—some wild air that I cannot now recall. The whole poem was dashed off rapidly when once begun. It was not composed in cold blood, but under what may be called a conflagration of the senses if not an inspiration of the intellect. No one was more surprised than I was at the widespread and instantaneous popularity I had been so strangely stimulated to write."

Colonel Randall always told his friends that the poem "wrote itself."

Doing Chores.

To dig one's own potatoes, to shock one's own corn, to pick one's own apples, to pile one's own squashes at one's own barn! It is like filling one's system with an antitoxin before going into a fever plagued country. One is immune to winter after this, provided he stays to bask his apples in his own wood fire. One works himself into a glow with all his digging and picking and piling that lasts until warm weather comes again, and along with this harvest glow comes stealing over him the after harvest peace. It is the serenity of Indian summer, the mood of the after harvest season, upon him—upon him and his fields and woods.—Dallas Lore Sharp in Atlantic.

Best He Could Do.

"Sir," said the irate parent as he unexpectedly entered the parlor, "what do you mean by kissing my daughter?" "Excuse me," replied the poor but otherwise honest young man, "but I desired to show my appreciation of your daughter's loveliness, and kisses are the only things I can afford to give her at the present stage of the game."

Unmanned.

Wigg—What errors these novelists make! Here the author of this book speaks of his heroine as being unmanned. Wagg—Maybe she was divorced.

Remember that when the Stomach nerves fail or weaken, Dyspepsia or Indigestion must always follow. But, strength in these same weak inside nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative, and then see how quickly health will again return. Weak Heart and Kidney nerves can also be strengthened with the Restorative, where Heart pains, palpitation, or Kidney weakness is found. Don't drug the Stomach, nor stimulate the Heart or Kidneys. That is wrong. Go to the cause of these ailments. Strengthen these weak inside nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative and get well. A simple, single test will surely tell. Sold by—All Dealers.

DESERONTO ROAD.

A great many people from this road drove to Deseronto Friday evening 5th inst to attend the Men's Concert in the Methodist Church, but what was their surprise on getting there to find that it had been postponed till Tuesday, March 10th on account of the weather. However the following Tuesday proved to be an ideal day, and they again made the attempt which proved successful. The recitations given by Messrs. J. W. Thompson and Frank VanVlack and a song by Mr. Bert Bowen, being well received. Mr. H. Aylsworth, on account of a sore throat being unable to sing.

Quite a few farmers from this road attended the sale across the bay at Dr. Miller's on Thursday of this week.

Mr. D. B. Watson, we are sorry to hear, has left this road and gone down near Bath to spend the summer.

Mr. Charley Reedyco is still stopping with his brother-in-law, Joe Todd near Napanee.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

DENBIGH.

Mr. Emil Fritsch, who has bought two teams of strong working horses to take along to the West, is busy drawing lumber and other Settlers effects to Renfrew, where he intends to load a Railway car next week and leave with his young wife for his homestead in Saskatchewan.

Adolph Warlick, who also intended to return to Saskatoon next week is down with a severe attack of Grippe, and it is doubtful if he will be able to start as soon on so distant a journey.

Mr. Patrick Rodgers and family also started this morning on their journey to Charlton, Nipissing District, where he has taken up a homestead and intends to live in the future.

Mr. Adolph John has commenced building operations at his new dwelling house, the cellars of which were built with foundations last fall. Mr. Albert Crabtree is the Architect, which in itself is a guarantee that Mr. John will have one of the best finished residents in this vicinity, when it will be completed.

Our Municipal Council met last Saturday at Vennachar. Among the business transacted was the considering and accepting of the Auditors Report, the appointment of the usual number of Pathmasters, Fenceviewers Poundkeepers, and other Municipal Officers required. The most important change was the appointment of Mr. Herman Glaeser as Township Treasurer in place of Mr. John Lane, who filled that office faithfully since the organization of this Municipality in 1866. The only reason of this change is that Mr. Lane would not submit to a reduction of his salary, while his Successor agrees to accept the responsibility of the office at a considerable reduction from the moderate amount heretofore paid.

The establishment of another School Section in the eastern part of this Township was also considered, but for diverse important and valid reasons no definite action was taken.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for SORE THROATS AND COUGHS. They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. Leasone, Mnas Co., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 402

WORKS OF OFFSHOULDSHIP

We trust you may long be spared to wear it and revere it as a token of the deeper affection for our brotherhood which should inspire every Veteran.

May the coming years be full of richest blessings for you and yours.

Yours in F. L. & T.

Signed on behalf of the Lodge,

JOHN A. GRANGE, N. G.

CHAS FRIZZELL, Rec. Sec.

U. M. WILSON, J. P. G.

Napanee, March 17th, 1908.

Every one says that this will be a good year for maple syrup. We hope it will be known there should be a lot of good syrup made from the appliances we have sold. Make best goods at

BOYLE & SON.

CENTREVILLE

F. C. Gerow held his annual cheese meeting in the town hall Monday.

The school hrs been closed for the past two weeks, owing to the illness of the teacher, Miss Myrtle Husband.

James Lochhead is able to be around again.

Miss Annie Ingoldsby returned home, after spending the past week in Kingston.

The concert on Friday evening, in aid of the Methodist church, was largely attended.

William Weese and sister, Lucy, Cloyne, are spending a couple of weeks with their uncle, James Weese.

Miss Florence Switzer is visiting her aunt, Mrs. George Connors.

FAIR VIEW.

George Rooks and John Loucks spent Monday at Schuyler Loucks'.

Stanley File bought a fine horse.

Robert Hodson sold his farm to Mrs. Samuel McNeill. He bought another farm of thirty acres.

Robert Denison has moved on his farm at Riverside, and is going to build a new house.

Frederick Burley has moved on William Miles' farm.

Archibald Hess is on Mrs. Empey's farm.

Mrs. A. D. Snider spent a few days at Desmond, visiting friends.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

BICKNELL'S CORNEKS

J. Hawley has purchased a fine Holstein cow.

Several of the farmers are preparing to make sugar. It is believed this will be a good year for syrup on account of the severe winter.

Visitors: Mrs. James Kirkpatrick and son Roy, of Marlbank, at her paren', Mr. and Mrs. P. Macdonell, this week; Mr. and Mrs. John Emberly, and Arthur, of Yarker, at their son's. A. Emberly; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Judge have gone to Colebrooketo spend a week with their daughter.

A jolly load drove to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Sewell last Wednesday and spent a pleasant evening.

SOLID FOOD MEANT AGONY.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets cured her Indigestion—made her stomach strong and well. To-day she eats anything she wishes, enjoys it and suffers no pain.

Mrs. Ellen Butler, 37 Collahie street, Toronto, suffered so from indigestion that for years to put a bit of solid food in her stomach meant agony for hours. She had tried many remedies without any permanent relief, but when she commenced using Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets she immediately improved. After taking three boxes she was able to eat anything without the slightest distress. Sixty tablets, 35 cents.

Sold by T. B. Wallace

THE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NADA—FRIDAY, MARCH 20th 1908

FINE TAILORING !

Everything comes to him who goes after the thing the other fellow is waiting for.

The truth of this assertion has been proved by the success of our Tailoring business.

We went after the trade and we've got it.

The best dressed men in this vicinity now come here for Clothes.

WE'RE EXPERT TAILORS.

Yes, we're expert in our line, but we're not in any sense high priced or fancy priced tailors.

Suits to Order \$15 to \$25
Overcoats to Order 15 to 23
Trousers to Order 3.50 to 6.50

The Spring Woolens are in, and we'd be pleased to talk Tailoring with you at your convenience.

J. L. BOYES,

CURLING.

The North vs. the South. Who are you playing with, the North or South? That is the question one curler asks the other wherever they meet just now. Bridge street is the dividing line, and the opposing forces are chosen from the curlers who reside north and south of this line. A series of games are being played, and the losers have to provide a sumptuous spread for the victors and all the other members of the club. Unusually keen is the interest in this series which started on Tuesday evening, with results, so far, as follows:

TUESDAY EVENING.

SOUTH	NORTH
Gec. Cleall,	S. Edelstein.
M. P. Graham,	F. Alexander.
Harry Taylor,	J. Allison.
C. I. Mavbee,	W. C. Smith.
skip—13	skip—10.
T. C. Smith,	E. Richardson.
S. G. Hawley,	J. Derry.
F. C. Bogart,	W. A. Rose.
C. H. Edwards,	J. L. Boyes,
skip—10.	skip—16.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

SOUTH	NORTH
C. H. Edwards,	Dr. Cartwright.
M. Taylor,	T. Symington.
M. Graham,	A. Battle.
R. A. Crockery,	H. Daly.
skip—13	skip—14.
F. Chenoweth,	J. Derry.
W. Maybee,	G. H. Hannah.
W. S. Herrington,	A. E. Paul.
J. W. Robinson,	W. Bellhouse.
skip—16	skip—13.

Horse clipping machines, horse clippers, Fetlock clippers, Fetlock Shears, Brushes, Combs, all kinds horse goods. BOYLE & SON.

NEWS NOTES.

Brockville Board of Education asks the council to provide \$16,000 for public school purposes.

Undoubtedly there is money in the poultry business. A St. Louis woman has collected \$500 from a man who called her an "old hen."

Nine hundred boys in St. Bridget's School, in Montreal, marched out in good order in a minute and a half during a fire in the building.

Dr. A. C. Ashton Fletcher and Henry Saunderson are under arrest, in Toronto, on a charge of murder in connection with the death of Jessie Ellen Gould, who is alleged to have died from the effects of an operation.

Rev. Alexander Davis, and family, of Picton, were nearly asphyxiated by coal gas on Monday. Mrs. Davis and family are none the worse for their serious experience, but Mr. Davis is in a very serious condition.

A change in the fisheries regulations for Ontario provides that bass shall not be caught from April 15th to June 15th, except in that portion of the St. Lawrence river between Kingston and Prescott; there the close season shall be from April 15th to June 9th.

Just one minute and thirty-eight seconds was necessary for Tommy Burns, the Canadian heavy weight champion boxer, to put Jem Roche, the Irish champion, to sleep when they met in the ring at Dublin, on Tuesday, March 17th

In a neighboring town, a barber who had just opened his shop, announced himself as a "tonsorial artist, physiognomical hair dresser, facial operator, cranium manipulator, and capillary abridger. Hair cut and shave with ambixerous facility—next." Of course the Napanee barbers all do it that way, but they don't take so long to say so.

While Henry Blakley, an old man 72 years of age, residing near Moira Lake, a couple of miles south of Madoc village, was feeding his horses on Sunday one of the animals kicked him, with the result that one of his legs and both of his arms were badly broken. He sustained besides several injuries about the head. His doctors expect death at any time.

Tuesday morning Mrs. Ephraim Brumwell, of Smith township, Peterboro, died as the result of a sneeze. Monday night she sneezed violently just once. Though she had the moment before been in robust health, symptoms of serious illness developed, and a doctor was summoned, but death ensued through the rupture of a blood vessel in the brain.

SILVER MEDAL

Elocutionary Contest

to be held in

Trinity Methodist Church,
Monday Evening,

MARCH 23rd

Under the auspices of the Epworth League. A good musical programme has been prepared. Music by Sunday-School Orchestra assisted by Miss Marie Kimmerly.

DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

TO LET—That fine, two-story, brick, nine-roomed dwelling, near the West Ward Public School, corner of Bridge and Donald Streets, in the town of Napanee. Possession April 1st. Apply to
12th
M. C. BOGART, Agent.

WANTED, by Chicago wholesale house, special representative (man or woman) for each province Canada. Salary \$20.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging.
Address Manager, 132 Lake Street,
Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened and office second door south (of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near
Madden's grocery.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The County Council

of Lennox and Addington will meet at the Council Chambers, in the Court House, Napanee, on

Wednesday, 1st April, 1908,

at 2 o'clock p.m.

at the call of the Warden.

All accounts must be in the hands of the undersigned, not later than Thursday, 2nd April, 1908, in order that they may be considered.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated March 16th, 1908.

SEEDS

Seeds, Plants and Fertilizers for Field, Garden or Conservatory.

Poultry Supplies of all kinds.

Also Feeds and Medicines for Stock.

Raw Furs bought and sold

SYMINGTON'S

MILLINERY OPENING

SATURDAY,

MARCH 28th

AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

The Public Cordially Invited.

Spring Goods Arriving.

New White Waists—

This is the best time of the year to buy White Blouses, as all experienced shoppers know, before all the prettiest ones get picked up. Come and see our stock before buying.

New Spring Coats.

In these we have a very fine assortment.

New Millinery—

We are opening up this week our first shipment of Spring Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Laces, etc.

DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

ALBERT COLLEGE,

Belleville, Ont.

Department of Music.

V. P. Hunt, A. A. G. O., Director, Graduate of Royal Conservatory, Leipzig, Germany.

Free staff of Specialists in PIANO, PIPE ORGAN, VOICE, VIOLIN, and THEORY OF MUSIC.

Toronto Conservatory and University Exams held annually in the College Buildings.

Over 300 successful Candidates in five years.

College re-opens Sept. 10th.

Send for special music and College catalogue.

Address

PRINCIPAL DYER.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,762,000

W. S. Herrington, A. E. Paul.
J. W. Robinson, W. Bellhouse.
Skip—16 skip 13.

Horse clipping machines, horse clippers, Fetlock clippers, Fetlock Shears, Brushes, Combs, all kinds horse goods.
BOYLE & SON.

TOWN COUNCIL

Council Chamber,
March 16th, 1908.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening, Mayor Meng presiding.

Present—Reeve Symington and Councillors Kimmerly, Osborne, Denison.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

The Town Property Committee reported in reference to the Isolation Hospital. They found that the roof on the hospital was in a very bad condition and needed re-shingling, the chimneys and windows needed fixing, and the interior of the building needed a complete overhauling. The report was received and action thereon deferred until the next meeting of council.

Councillor Simpson entered.

The Finance Committee reported that no offers had been received from local parties for the purchase of any of the three debentures which the town has for sale, but several parties from Toronto had been inquiring as to what the town would take for them.

Coun. Steacy entered.

The matter of the town taking action against Thos. Saad, under Transient Traders' By-Law was brought up for discussion.

Chief of Police Graham informed the council that there were no grounds for an action.

Moved by Reeve Symington and Coun. Kimmerly that no action be taken in the matter of Thos. Saad's Transient Traders By-law. Carried.

Moved by Coun. Kimmerly and Coun. Osborne that the Finance Committee be instructed to advertise the sale of the \$10,000 Electric Light Debenture, and the two others of \$5000 and \$2250, in the necessary out-of-town papers and the local papers. Carried.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

M. S. Madole	\$ 20 00
E. Kelly	25
J. Vanalstine	50
L. McCabe	50
W. A. Grange	5 25
S. W. Pringle	2 00
J. L. Boyes	2 00
Chas Vanalstine	50

Council Adjourned.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

ODESSA.

There was a larger attendance than was expected, owing to the inclement weather and bad roads, at the concert in the Methodist Church here, on the evening of the 13th inst. The program was of a high order and was exceedingly well rendered. Miss Horton, of Morven, the soloist of the evening, sang very fine and remarkably difficult songs, displaying a beautiful high soprano voice, a very pleasing manner, and attractive appearance. She was loudly applauded, and very kindly responded to the hearty encores. A reading by Mrs. McCamus, and recitations by Miss M. Johnston and Miss Grange were very well rendered, and pleased the audience. The selections by the Orchestra were also much appreciated. We hope for the pleasure of hearing these same entertainers again in the near future.

A child, five years of age, of Mr. and Mrs. Ackerman, Odessa, died one day last week. The little one had been ailing all winter.

For horses use Milling's Improved Compound Iron Powders freshly prepared at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

MARCH 23rd

Under the Auspices of the Epworth League. A good musical program has been prepared.

Music by Sunday-School Orchestra assisted by Miss Marie Kimmerly.

Warwick Bowell, an old and respected citizen, of Tweed, died at an early hour Wednesday morning. He had been ailing for some months. Mr. Bowell was a brother of ex-Premier Sir Mackenzie Bowell and also was an ex-postmaster at Tweed for about twenty-five years. He leaves a widow, two daughters and two sons.

The Kingston Daily News is to change hands. The new purchasers are a company composed of W. F. Nickle, K. C.; G. T. Ghown, registrar and treasurer of Queen's College; H. W. Richardson, Richardson Bros., grain dealers; and W. R. Givens, formerly of the law firm of Givens & Givens. The price paid was \$12,000. The change will take effect about April first.

Belleville, March 16—Richard Dunsberry and John Potts, his son-in-law, are in the county jail here, charged with stealing 300 pounds of bacon from Black's warehouse. The bacon was stolen a couple of nights ago, and the men were arrested. A week ago the same men entered a farmer's hen coop, wrung the necks of six of his fowl, and made off with them. They were arrested and fined \$5 each.

Mrs. Wm. Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, has finally broken down under the intense strain of fighting for her son's life. A despatch from Pittsburgh said that Mrs. Thaw had suffered total paralysis of her left arm, and that her relatives are greatly concerned about her condition. The patient has been ordered to Florida by her physician, and she will leave Pittsburgh at once.

There were 190 cases of smallpox in Ontario reported in January, without a single death. Scarlet fever, however, had a record of 28 deaths, out of 448 cases, while 49 of 243 diphtheria sufferers died. There were 130 deaths from consumption. Everybody recognizes the malignancy of diphtheria, but many people underestimate the gravity of scarlet fever. Twenty-one of 51 victims of typhoid fever perished in January.

A light engine No 800, running ahead of a passenger train, Tuesday afternoon at about 3 o'clock overtook a handcar, on which were five men, at a point a mile east of Kaladar Station, and killed three of them. Kaladar is 17 miles east of Tweed. The five men on the handcar were all section men, and included Alex. Fleming, foreman, John Anderson, his son-in-law, Jas. Woodcock, and two other men who jumped, all three named being killed. They were all married men and leave families. Mrs. J. Anderson lost both her husband and her father by the tragedy. The two men who survived escaped by jumping. There is a sharp curve at the scene of the accident, and although the survivors say a lookout was being kept both ways, sufficient notice of the approach of the engine was not received. It is supposed that the light engine did not make enough noise to attract attention, as a heavy train would have done, until it was too late.

Psychine Missionaries

A friend of Dr. Shocum Remedies writes: "Send a bottle of Psychine to Mrs. W.... They have a daughter in decline, and I believe it would help her. I have mentioned your remedies to the family, and also cited some of the miraculous cures accomplished inside the last 18 years, of which I have knowledge."

T. G. IRWIN, Little Britain, Ont.

Run down conditions from lung, stomach or other constitutional trouble cured by Psychine. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. F. A. Shocum, Ltd., Toronto

Raw Furs bought and sold

—at—

SYMINGTON'S

Dundas Street, Napanee.

Sarcastic.

It was evening, and the conductor rang the bell violently as the omnibus crossed over at the bank. The driver drew up with a sudden jerk. No one stirred, and after waiting for a second or two the conductor ran up the stairs two steps at a time.

"Didn't you say you wanted the Mansion 'Ouse?" he demanded of a large and reposeful lady in front.

"Yes," she said without making any attempt to rise.

"Well," responded the conductor, "if you still want it you'd better come down, 'cause I can't shift it any closer for tuppence, and" (with cutting emphasis) "the 'osses is tired of waiting." —London Scraps.

Courts In the Open.

One of the revising barristers in the north of England held his court under a tree in a vicarage garden, the village schoolroom not being at his disposal. This is not by any means the first court held in the open. Deborah in the book of Judges, it will be remembered, gave judgment under a palm tree. Admirals, according to Prynne, held their courts "close by the flux and reflux of the sea," and in the fifteenth century the admiralty court used to sit on a quay at Southwark.—London Law Journal.

Waste of Energy.

"You never change your mind about anything, do you?"
"What's the use?" rejoined the egoist. "I found years ago that I was just as liable to be wrong the second time as I was the first."

The Elopement.

Muriel—When you eloped with George, did you leave a note telling your people where you had gone? Gabrielle—Why, of course. If I hadn't, how would papa have known where to send us any money?

Coal Oil, Gas and Gasoline Stoves
M. S. MADOLE.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

PAID UP CAPITAL \$3,702,000
SURPLUS 4,739,000
TOTAL DEPOSIT BY THE PUBLIC
OVER 35 MILLIONS.

Interest paid on Savings Account
Every Three Months.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.
RESERVE \$4,000,000
UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.
E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same. Interest payable quarterly, on the last days of February, May, August and November. Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, **W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.**
Yarker Branch, **E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.**

CALENDAR

—FROM THE—

*Frontenac
Business College*

KINGSTON, ONT.

will convince you of the superiority of our courses of training, and the unexcelled advantages offered by our institution.

RATES VERY MODERATE.

Students may enter any time of the year as all instruction is individual in character. No time like the present; write to-day.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Our banking facilities are for your use.

We are glad to meet you and to assist you in whatever ways we legally may.

Your savings are safe when in our keeping.

All transactions are strictly confidential.

R. G. H. TRAVERS, - Manager

NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

A House of Mystery

OR, THE GIRL IN BLUE

CHAPTER I.

Winona Heaton is not my real name, for why should I publish it to the world? The reason I do not give it is, first, because I have no desire to be made the object of idle curiosity or speculation, and secondly, although the explanation herein given will clear the honor of one of the most powerful of the Imperial Houses in Europe, I have no wish that my true name should be associated with it.

I have, however, a reason for writing this narrative—a very strong reason.

The story is an enthralling one; the adventures stranger, perhaps, than ever happened to any other living person. I have resolved to relate the plain unvarnished facts in their sequence, just as they occurred, without seeking to suppress or embellish, but to recount the strange adventures just as they are registered in the small leather portfolio, or secret dossier, which still, at this moment, reposes in the archives of a certain Ministry in one of the European capitals.

There have recently been stories afloat—strange stories. At first I laughed at all the absurd rumors, but very quickly I saw how seriously distorted the real facts had become, for ingenious paragraphers of certain Society papers, grasping the story eagerly, worked it up into a narrative which reflected very seriously upon the honor of one who is dearest in all the world to me.

Well, my tale—or exposure—is written here.

In order that those who read may clearly follow the curious chain of circumstances, it is necessary for me to go back some eight years or so—not a long period as far as time goes, but to me a veritable century. I was young, just turned twenty-five. I was decently well-off, having come into an income of nearly a couple of thousand a year left me by my father, a sum which put me beyond the necessity of entering business, pursuing the daily grind, or troubling about the morrow. My career at Brasenose had, I fear, been marked by a good many shortcomings and many youthful escapades, but I ended it by taking my degree of Bachelor of Medicine, shortly afterwards pursuing the fashionable habit of "going abroad." Within two years, however, I returned to London world-weary—like so many other young men who, being left comfortably off, commence to taste the enjoyment of life too early—and settled down in a suite of smoke-begrimed rooms in Essex Street, Strand, by courtesy termed chambers.

The place was horribly dingy, situated in that cul-de-sac which is quiet and almost deserted, even though only a stone's throw from the busiest, noisiest, and muddiest thoroughfare in the world. The ground and first floors of the house were occupied by several firms of solicitors, whose doors were covered with rugged and sadly faded green baize, while the second floor I rented as my abode. The bait, shabby, bizarre old place had been built at the end of the last century for family residence, in the days when Bloomsbury was an aristocratic quarter and great men lived in Leicester Square; but now, alas! smoke-stained and time-dimmed, it was given over to the dust which the law

ease which the doctors had all along feared.

I implored of them to do something to preserve my sight, but they only dropped into my eye certain liquids from their little brown glass phials, and regarded the effect gravely. A great oculist from Rome came to give his opinion. I saw him but mistily, as though I were looking through a dense fog; and he, too, told me that all that could be done had already been done.

(To be Continued.)

A Man's Revenge

CHAPTER XXXI.

"And so that is settled, and everything is cleared up in a most satisfactory manner. Lady Cruse has her pearls, Eiken has come out trumps, for it must be true that she tried to clear you, and you are mine, for ever and ay," said Duncan, as an hour later he and Sunbeam stood on the balcony, watching the retreating back of the detective as he crossed the square, his satisfaction of the interview shown by his walk.

"And yet," she murmured, "I still feel anxious and—oh, Duncan, you know everything, you say, so I may tell you, my second self. For you will never, never mention it again, I know."

"Say on, sweetheart. Your secrets cannot be black, therefore I am safe in promising to keep them. Only look pleased, more pleased than that. See, I will bring the color to your cheeks."

She laughed as she drew back from his embrace.

"Some one will see you," she whispered. "And I want to be serious, now."

"I am your slave, and all ears. What is this fresh trouble? Do you still ache to give yourself up to justice to save Gentleman Dan?"

"He did not do it. And I feel that if any one ought to suffer unjustly that I am the one."

"Too late. No one would believe you now. No. You are safe, and as for Gentleman Dan, leave him alone. He deserves it for all you have suffered through him."

"But it is not fair, it is—"

"Would you say who the real culprit is to save him?" he asked mischievously.

She blushed and hung her head. Somehow it was difficult to say what she meant. And yet why should Dan be punished for what he did not do?

"No. I could not do that," she replied. "Only—"

"You would sacrifice yourself for him. My darling, you can put all that from your mind. He will be punished more for the bank robbery than for the pearls which are recovered. Besides he was not totally innocent of their theft, you may be sure, since they were in his house. Also, he may betray—"

"My father!" she whispered anxiously. "But one never knows what such men

also," she added with a sudden twinge of fear, "he is only saying it because he knows your story and wants to get rid of me."

"Read this, Duncan, and let the child see that it is really true," interrupted Lady Cruse, holding out the illiterate scrawl Bill Green had posted to her the day before.

"Your Lidyship,

"Being as I'm leavin' the orspittle shores of England for an unlimited time I think it as well to tell you somethink about Sunbeam wot is in trouble just now. Fifteen yere ago Sir Ralph Freer and me was chums of a sort. To oblige him I with my sister Hetty took charge of a little maid of three or therabouts. He sed he would call fer her agin. Well he never did, cos of his losin' his memory. So as we loved the child we stuck to her. I'd occasion to know she was your lidyship's, but we didn't want to part wid'er, I ave proofs, things she wore when she comed, a paper note by Sir Ralph about'er, but as she's bin a large expense, she's bin brought up like a lady, suitable for'er station, so's not to shame you, I don't give up them proofs fer nothink. And a lady like your lidyship won't expect it. Bein' as in hexchange fer her I ave the pearls—she's worth double them—I won't ask more'n a thousand pounds for the proofs. The address at the bottom will find me. You see Australia's a big place. It's no good puttin' the perlice on to me, wot would be ongrateful after all we've done for Sunbeam. So I don't mind saying as I was the coze wot stole the perls. How, it don't matter, but she's as innocent as you are. Please give our love to Sunbeam an' tell'er we meant all for her good and that we're goin' to lead good lives now to please'er. I knows she loves us, for we did ourn best for her. As fir the perls I know you'd willingly give them up for Sunbeam,

"Yours faithfully,

"BILL GREEN fir the last time."

"And so you see, my darling, it is true. You are my child in reality," exclaimed Lady Cruse, as Duncan laid the letter down.

"But the proofs," said Sunbeam, still fearful that Bill was lying. "Won't you ask for them?"

"Yes. He shall get his money; for as he says, he was good to you. We will sift the matter as thoroughly as we can. But both Lord Cruse and I are satisfied. We feel they are not deceiving us. What do you think, Duncan?"

"For a long time I have thought there was a mystery about Sunbeam. Miss Green told me this is true. She was afraid to say more and disappeared. But the pearls are yours again! Bill does not explain that."

"No. Nor shall we say anything about it. For all those years of agony when they loved and tended my child, I have forgotten. They have been good to her, my little Sunbeam—Phyllis Aldine is her name—but Sunbeam, the name they gave her, must remain hers, for she has indeed been that to us all."

So saying Lady Cruse drew her daughter to her again.

What more is there to say? For Bill's proofs arrived, and with them a letter from Hetty. Sunbeam Green became Phyllis Aldine but only for a short time. For ere another season drew the fashionable world to town, Duncan Sinclair had claimed his bride.

As for Gentleman Dan, penal servitude for twenty years seemed so light a punishment for one so accomplished in evil doings that they all decided that Bill Green might be left undisturbed in the new life he had chosen. Luckily for him so little was said about the pearls that Dan's betrayal of him had no effect, especially as he seemed to have vanished from the face of the earth. As Sunbeam changed her name, so did he and Hetty change theirs, and as he had written, Australia is a big place.

THE END.

RHEUMATISM

IN THE BLOOD

Cure it by Enriching the Blood
With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

There is only one way by which rheumatism can be cured. It must be treated through the blood. Liniments and outward applications may give temporary relief, but they can't possibly cure the trouble. And while you are experimenting with liniments the trouble is every day becoming more firmly rooted in the system, and more difficult to cure. The poisonous acid that causes rheumatism must be driven out of the blood, and you can only do this by making new, rich, red blood through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mr. Chas. H. Lumley, of Brickford, Ont., is one of the best known farmers in Lambton county. About three years ago, while Mr. Lumley was engaged in threshing, he became overheated, and this was followed by a severe chill that started the rheumatic pains. Mr. Lumley says: "I did not think anything of it at the time, as I was accustomed to being exposed to all kinds of weather. As a result I was unable to go about next morning. I had severe pains in my arms and legs which I treated at first with the usual home remedies. As these did not help me, and the trouble was growing worse the family doctor was sent for, but he did not have any better success. He told me I was suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism, and there can be no doubt about it, as I was confined to my home about four months before I was fortunately advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I sent for a supply, and it was not long before I found they were helping me, and by the time I had taken a half dozen boxes the trouble had entirely disappeared. In other respects the pills also greatly improved my health, and I never felt better in my life than I have since taking them. I therefore most cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to other similar sufferers."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make cures of this kind after doctors and common medicines fail, because they actually make new blood. They don't cure the mere symptoms. They go right to the root of the trouble in the blood. That is why this medicine cures anaemia, indigestion, neuralgia, palpitation of the heart, and the headaches and backaches brought on by the ailments that fill the lives of so many women with misery. Do not take any pills without the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around the box. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER
BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands
and Lowlands of Auld
Scotia.

Claim to be the oldest living Scotsman is made by Archibald MacCrimmon, of Skye, aged 100.

The Duke of Buccleuch has been appointed president of the Renfrewshire Territorial Army Association.

A stained glass window has been erected in the parish church, Bo'ness, in memory of Provost Welsh.

Damage to Teviotdale Mills, Hawick, and stock, was caused by fire to the extent of about £2,000.

ragged and sadly faded green baize, while the second floor I rented as my abode. The baint, shabby, bizarre old place had been built at the end of the last century for family residence, in the days when Bloomsbury was an aristocratic quarter and great men lived in Leicester Square; but now, alas! smoke-stained and time-dimmed, it was given over to the dust which the law accumulates. From its exterior, like those of its neighbors, there protruded those great iron extinguishers used by the linkmen of the days bygone, while the broad, thin-worn stairs, easy of ascent, the solid mahogany doors, the great carved handrail, and the fine Adams ceilings, like those in the older houses of the Adelphi, told mutely of the prosperity of its long-departed owners.

I had taken over the furniture, a frowsy lot of faded horsehair, which had perhaps done duty there for half a century, together with the rooms, and even though they were so dismal and out-of-date, I must confess that they had one attraction for me, namely, that above, in the low-pitched rooms on the top floor, there lived and worked my old college chum, Dick Doyle, who had, after a good deal of wild-out sowing, developed into a rising journalist and litterateur.

Curious though it may appear, I had returned from the Sunny South and taken up my abode in that dingy, dispiriting place with one sole idea, namely, to be near the man who was practically my only friend in the whole world. I was in sore need of him, for I was utterly heedless of everything past, present or future.

With the exception of old Mrs. Parker, who had served my family for twenty years, I was absolutely alone and helpless as a child. At the age of twenty-five I had ceased to interest myself in anything, and plunged in eternal gloom, all desire for life having left me, for knowing that its joys could no longer be mine, I was, even though in the full possession of all my youthful vigor, mental faculties, and bodily strength, actually looking forward to the grave.

The terrible truth must here be told. The reader will, I feel confident, sympathize. While living abroad, travelling hither and thither through the old Italian towns, where I delighted to roam in the big white piazzas and through the crumbling palaces, every stone of which spoke of a brilliant and historic past, I had been suddenly seized by disease, and for three months lay tossing upon my bed in an English pension in Florence, tended by two calm, sweet-faced sisters of charity, with their grey-blue habits and great white linen head-dresses, which in my hours of fever and delirium seemed always so clean and cool. The two great Italian professors who were called to me shook their heads, believing that, even if they managed to save my life, it would be at a loss of one of my senses. In this, alas! they were not mistaken. My eyes became affected by sclerottis, a severe inflammation of the sclerotic. Gradually my eyes, those most beautiful structures of the human body which manifest in such small compass the great, the unshakable, the incomprehensible power of our ~~power~~, grew dim. My sight was slow, but surely failing me. I was recovering from my bodily ailment to be attacked by the ophthalmic dis-

"You would sacrifice yourself for him, my darling, you can put all that from your mind. He will be punished more for the bank robbery than for the pearls which are recovered. Besides he was not totally innocent of their theft, you may be sure, since they were in his house. Also, he may betray."

"My father!" she whispered anxiously. "But one never knows what such men will do. They have their own code of honor. Though in this case things seem peculiar. Evidently your father has got off—though he may still be in danger. But you must not trouble about that. You have shielded him most loyally—you would have continued doing so if we had not found a better way out of the difficulty. And I believe you are sorry you cannot make a martyr of yourself, eh?"

"Oh, no. I dreaded the trial with every fibre of my being. I cannot tell you how I dreaded it. But—I feel you are doing wrong—that you ought to give me up. You see, Eileen is not so bad as you make me think, and perhaps—"

"I am only thankful for that because I hated to think her so, not for any other reason. No, Sunbeam, I wanted you from the first. Nothing will alter my mind about that—"

"Not even if he—is found?" she asked nervously.

"Not even that. Though I sincerely hope he won't be. But here is Lady Cruse. She looks as though she wanted you. I have already monopolized you too long."

"Yes, I want you both!" exclaimed Lady Cruse coming towards them, new light in her face. "The most wonderful thing on earth has happened. Sunbeam, my little Sunbeam, I have just heard that you are my very own—my long-lost child!"

She threw her arms around the girl as she spoke. Duncan started forward, surprised.

"How did you hear?" he asked. "Has Miss Green come?"

"Aunt Hetty?" exclaimed Sunbeam. "I do not understand. I am Bill Green's child—the convict's kid" they called me, and—"

"No—no, you are my own little daughter. Surely my heart knew it when it taught me to love you," replied Lady Cruse, drawing the girl to her again. "And no one has been to tell me, only I have had a letter—I have only just opened it. It is from Bill Green, no longer your father, Sunbeam."

"I do not understand," repeated the girl, pushing her hair back from her face with a sigh. "And why did you think Aunt Hetty was here, Duncan?" she added, turning to her fiancé.

"Because she herself told me that you were Lady Cruse's daughter, yesterday. That is why I stayed. Only my story is too long, let Lady Cruse tell us all she wants to, first."

"Yes—come and see the letter. Then Sunbeam you will know that what I say is true. Bill has written it in a hurry. They are on their way to Australia, now, he and his sister—"

"Oh! And I shall not see Aunt Hetty?" exclaimed Sunbeam, in a voice full of disappointment.

"You have me instead," answered her mother with a loving smile.

"Ah, yes—and it seems too wonderful to be true. Especially after all that has appeared. So wonderful that I cannot believe I am the same girl. Perhaps he has made a mistake; perhaps

for him so little was said about the pearls that Dan's betrayal of him had no effect, especially as he seemed to have vanished from the face of the earth. As Sunbeam changed her name, so did he and Hetty change theirs, and as he had written, Australia is a big place.

THE END.

ILLS OF CHILDHOOD, HOW TO CURE THEM

There is no medicine can equal Baby's Own Tablets for the cure of such ills of babyhood and childhood as constipation, indigestion, diarrhoea, colic, simple fever, worms and teething troubles. When you give this medicine to your little ones you have the guarantee of a government analyst that it is perfectly safe. Mrs. Thos. Mills, Ethel, Ont., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little boy and find them just the medicine needed to keep babies healthy. They are easy to take and always do good." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

NOTED PIANIST MADE CAPTIVE.

Mark Hambourg is a Prisoner of Revolutionists.

Shortly after his return from the United States, Mark Hambourg, the noted pianist, went to Warsaw, Poland, to fulfil an engagement. The other evening, according to a despatch from that city, he was walking on one of the principal streets, when he was accosted by a messenger, who professed to come from Mr. Hambourg's hotel. He informed the musician that an urgent telegram had been received from his wife, who was ill in London. The messenger undertook to show Mr. Hambourg a short cut to the hotel, and led him to a door, which he said, was the back entrance of the hostelry.

Mr. Hambourg entered and was immediately gagged and bound by two masked men. He was then taken to a room where other men were assembled, and

was told he was in the hands of the Revolutionists. He was also informed that if he would play on the piano for them he would not be harmed. Mr. Hambourg had no option but to consent. Then his eyes were bandaged and he was led down several flights of stairs to what he imagined was a large underground room, where he performed four pieces on an excellent instrument. The Revolutionists did not applaud him. After playing he was led back, with his eyes bandaged, to the first room he had entered, where he was courteously thanked. He was informed that he would not be paid for his services, but that he might expect a satisfactory sequel. He was then released. The following evening Mr. Hambourg fulfilled an engagement before the Philharmonic Society. There was such immense enthusiasm that he deduced there were many Revolutionists present, who paid him by giving him an ovation. He was recalled 26 times and played six encores.

AS USUAL.

Mother's buying diamonds.
And sister trinkets fine.
And brother's buying shares in
A "salted" copper mine;
Money fades like magic
It almost gives one thrills—
And father, poor old father,
He has to stand the bill!

NOBODY WOULD KNOW.

Doctor (to his cook, who is just leaving)—"Well, Miss, I am sorry, but I can only give you a very indifferent character."
"Well, sir, never mind. Write it just like you do your prescriptions?"

mon. of Skye, aged 100.
The Duke of Buccleuch has been appointed president of the Renfrewshire Territorial Army Association.

A stained glass window has been erected in the parish church, Bo'ness, in memory of Provost Weish.

Damage to Teviotdale Mills, Hawick, and stock, was caused by fire to the extent of about £2,000.

Crieff town council will borrow £14,000 to meet the cost of the proposed sewage purification works.

On the Atholl estates there are 170 small holders, and hardly a big farmer who was not once a small holder.

Mr. J. Campbell Lorimer, K. C., has been appointed Sheriff of Perthshire, in the stead of the late Sir David Brand.

A medal has been struck to commemorate the King's visit to Aberlour (Banffshire) Orphanage last autumn.

There is over £7,556 at the credit of 267 depositors in Innerleithen and Traquair (Peeblesshire) Savings Bank.

Last year 6,628 squirrels were killed in Inverness, Ross and Sutherland. The bonus paid was at the rate of 4d. per tail.

A fund for the poor has been presented to Errol, Perthshire, in memory of the late Mr. James Rollo, hotel-keeper.

The late Mrs. Agnes Sherwood or Christie, Broughton, Ferry, bequeathed £9,000 to institutions in Dunfermline and district.

The death recently took place of Mr. Wm. Spink, Arbroath, a teacher of navigation, an inventor of the terrace-lesstoepe.

Sir Donald Currie is to restore part of Dunkeld Cathedral "in the spirit of the past," there being no replica of the original work.

Mr. James Jarvie, who for a quarter of a century has been station-master at Basin station, Kirkcaldie, has retired under the age limit.

Jodburgh has agreed to combine with Melrose for the use of the infectious diseases hospital erected there at a cost of nearly £7,000.

It has been arranged to form an Old Edinburgh Club, whose aim will be to collect material which may aid in increasing accurate knowledge of the city.

Overcome by his emotions, a spectator of a melodrama at Dunfermline rushed on to the stage and assailed the villain. He was removed by the police.

The estate of Glenlee, Wigtownshire, has been purchased by the Hon. Gilbert H. Campbell, brother of the Earl of Loudoun, from Mr. Prince Smith, of Keighley.

A portion of Dundee's High street is to be laid with granite from Aberdeen, another with granite from Peterhead, and still another with granite from Norway.

A plait of Admiral Lord Nelson's hair has been discovered in a house at Kirkpatrick village, in the parish of Clovenstone, which is in the occupation of R. Anderson, dealer.

The quantity of coal shipped from the various ports in Scotland during 1907 was 14,770,000 tons, an increase of 848,419 tons over 1906.

Rats have disappeared from Little Cumbrae, where, before the recent experiments with a disease fatal to them, they were so thick as to almost preclude the habitation of the island.

During a gale, a crane at Beardmore & Company's yard at Dalnair, while lifting plates for the new battleship Agamemnon, was blown into the river. Two men were carried with it, and were drowned.

HER ONLY CHANCE.

A clergyman twice refused to marry a couple who came before him, because on both occasions the bridegroom was intoxicated.

The clergyman said to the bride: "I cannot understand why you come to church with a man who is to be your husband in a state like this."

The young woman burst into tears and said: "I cannot help it, sir. He won't come when he's sober."



That hacking cough continues
Because your system is exhausted and
your powers of resistance weakened.
Take *Scott's Emulsion*.

It builds up and strengthens your entire system.
It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so
prepared that it is easy to take and easy to digest.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00

In endeavoring to rescue his dog, which had located an otter burrow at Clonderlaw (Co. Clare), John Cassidy had his hand so badly bitten by one of the otters that an amputation had to be performed.

The committee of the Longford Agricultural Society propose to discontinue the annual show, in consequence of the land agitation. If they take entries from the graziers the people will object, and if they refuse such entries the Department of Agriculture will not give the annual grant.

The Dublin Gas Meter Factory was totally destroyed by fire last week. A hundred men have been thrown out of employment, but will be taken on again as soon as new quarters can be secured.

There died last week, Mrs. M. A. Nelson, of Carrick-on-Shannon, at the age of 103. Mrs. Nelson went through the Crimean War as one of Florence Nightingale's nurses. On her death she was in receipt of an annual pension of £24.

BURIAL PLACE OF KINGS

BEAUTIFUL CATHEDRAL OF ST. VICENTE DE FORA.

Bodies of the Sovereigns of Portugal Lie in the Splendid Royal Pantheon.

An unusual mode of burial in Portugal induces many a traveller to visit the cemeteries of Lisbon. Instead of the headstones and monuments of the graveyards of other countries, rows and rows of tiny chapels are to be seen ranged in long avenues bordered by cypress trees.

The Portuguese are reluctant to bury their dead out of sight, and these chapels serve as mortuaries for the coffins, which are placed on shelves within. Through the iron grilles the eye discerns small altars and flowers gleaming through the subdued light of the interiors.

Still more curious, and fraught with strangely mixed interests, is the method of burial, preserved from very ancient customs, for the monarchs of the ruling house of Braganza.

Their resting-place is not difficult to find, for the church to which the Royal Pantheon is attached is conspicuous from many parts of the city.

In fact, the cathedral of St. Vicente de Fora, with its majestic facade decorated in the Jesuit style of the sixteenth century, is looked upon by residents as the handsomest church in Lisbon.

The edifice stands high upon a slope. The present building was erected by Philip II. of Spain, and, though greatly injured by the earthquake of 1755, still preserves in the restoration its original appearance. St. Vicente de Fora is the gathering point for great religious festivals such as the centenary of St. Anthony a few years ago and the International Catholic Congress.

BURIAL-PLACE OF KINGS.

There is an exit into the adjacent cloisters, which, curiously enough, are lined with blue and white tiles illustrating the fables of La Fontaine.

The only sound that stirs the silence of the enclosed garden is the murmur of running water as we turn towards a doorway at the end of the arcade. A dim, low chapel lies beyond, and within its walls there broods a spirit of unutterable quietude and mystery.

Here is the Royal Pantheon of the Kings of the House of Braganza. Here rest the mortal remains of Dom Joao IV. (eighth Duke of Braganza and the King of the Restoration) and his successors—Dom Pedro III., Dom Joao V., Dom Jose, Dom Joao VI., Dom Pedro IV. (the liberating King, who gave Portugal her Constitution), Dona Maria Gloria, Dom. Pedro V., and Dom Pedro

great deal of suffering. I treated a number of doctors, and was in the hospital four times. I tried almost everything, but nothing did me any good. I could not sleep at night with the scalding and burning pain, but from the first application of Zambuk I never lost any sleep, and felt nothing more of it than if I hadn't had any sore at all. It started healing and gave me no further trouble. I persevered with it and my ankle is now as sound and well as ever it was. I cannot speak too highly of Zambuk.

Zambuk cures cuts, burns, chapped hands, chafings, cold sores, itch, chilblains, eczema, running sores, sore throat, bad chest, ringworm, piles (blind or bleeding), bad legs, inflamed patches, rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, abscesses and all diseased, injured and irritated conditions of the skin. Obtainable of all druggists and stores, 50c. or post-paid upon receipt of price from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Women enjoy wearing tight clothes because it makes them feel so good when they take them off.

More Iron Needed in the blood of pale, run down people. "Ferrovin," the best tonic, will put it there. At all general stores and Druggists.

A REMINDER.

A cold wave always reminds a man that he ought to have ordered more coal a day or two before.

One trial of Mother Graves Worm Exterminator will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle and see if it does not please you.

HEARTY.

"Take back the heart that you gavest,"
With a look of regret he said,
(To the waitress who stood beside him),
"And bring me liver instead."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Two commercial travellers were comparing notes. "I have been out three weeks," said the first, "and have only got four orders." "That beats me," said the other; "I have been out four weeks and have only got one order, and that's from the firm to come home."

A Benefactor to All.—The soldier, the sailor, the fisherman, the miner, the farmer, the mechanic, and all who live lives of toil and spend their existence in the dull routine of tedious tasks and who are exposed to injuries and ailments that those who toil not do not know, will find in Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil an excellent friend and benefactor in every time of need.

NO DOUBT ABOUT IT.

Guest (in cheap restaurant)—Say, waiter, are you sure this is genuine turtle soup?

Waiter—Course it is. It was made from water taken from a pond in the park in which two turtles were kept a'l summer



Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effectual every time. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

Customer (to grocer)—"I wish you would not give me such short weight for my money." Grocer—"I wish you would not give me such a long wait for mine!"

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protuding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Most people know what they want, but what they don't know is what to do in order to obtain it.

"A Graveyard Cough" is the cry of tortured lungs for mercy. Give them Allen's Lung Balm—which is used with good effect even in consumption's early stages.

MUSIC AND INSANITY.

Some Instruments Useful in Some Cases, Harmful in Others.

The effects of music on both the sane and insane depend more on the kind of instrument or instruments employed than on the variety of the musical production, writes a physician in the Medical Journal.

Strings and horns have a soothing effect; more stirring effects are obtainable from wooden wind instruments; more enlivening yet from brass; and the most agitating and thrilling of all from drums and the upper octave instruments, such as the piccolo.

A string orchestra when playing lively dance music caused some increase in pulse and blood pressure and an awakening of attention among the depressed, and increased motility among the excitable. Such instruments as strings and horns, especially playing soft or plaintive music, would be positively harmful in depressed conditions, but are useful in some mania cases, etc.

It has been noted lately in experiments on the effects of music on breathing that in the normal individual, listening to organ music, major or minor, loud or soft, shortens the respiratory pause and makes the breathing faster and shallower.

In hospital practice I found it useful to subdivide the concert orchestra for ward purposes, using certain combinations for certain cases, depending on effects desired, as previously described. Patients should also be allowed freedom of movement during concerts. Palliative effects at least are nearly always obtainable.

In matters of amusement, diversion and occupation, in disordered mental states, it is found necessary to have variety. The same diversion cannot as a rule be long used with the same patients.

If physical training is utilized, various methods are employed; music may be used to accompany the exercises, and the music and instruments may be varied. Baseball games interest the entire household and cause diverting conversation. The same is true, in these hospitals, respecting pool and billiard and bowling matches; and the benefits of patients' dances have been a matter of common observation and comment for years.

Rhythmic exercises, such as bicycle riding on level ground, are useful in states of partial exhaustion and in the spasmodic neuroses. Golf is frequently prescribed in many nervous disorders as a form of exercise, the dosage of which is easily regulated.

Calisthenic drills to increase the attention are apt to be too exhausting for mental cases unless sufficient reaction time is permitted, or the teacher accompany his commands with a performance of the same movements himself, thus permitting imitation, which is not accompanied by nearly as much mental exhaustion as the close and prolonged fixation of the attention demanded by following rapid commands only.

Duplicate whist I have found of immense value in many mental cases of long standing in which there is not much deterioration. It controls the attention for considerable periods, to the

Competition's good for trade. Both of them the maiden artful Used to meet with smiling eyes. But when each poured out his heartfelt Gave indefinite replies; So she kept them both a-guessing, But she hummed a little song To herself her thoughts expressing: "Love Me Little, Love Me Long."

What should be Forgotten? Everything that mars. What should not be forgotten? "The D & L" Menthol Plasters; a positive cure for muscular rheumatism and neuralgia.

Little Girl—"My mamma is awful strict. Is yours?" Little Boy—"Orful." Little Girl—"But she lets you go anywhere you want to, and—" Little Boy—"Oh, she ain't strict with me." Little Girl—"Then who is she strict with?" Little Boy—"Pa."

A Recognized Regulator.—To bring the digestive organs into symmetrical working is the aim of physicians when they find a patient suffering from stomachic irregularities, and for this purpose they can prescribe nothing better than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which will be found a pleasant medicine of surprising virtue in bringing the refractory organs into subjection and restoring them to normal action, in which condition only they perform their duties properly.

He is a mean man who will deliberately talk in his sleep for the purpose of keeping his tired wife awake.

Like a bad habit a skin disease grows. Scrofulous humors, eczema and all eruptions may be cured with Weaver's Cerate, assisted internally by Weaver's Syrup. All Druggists.

She—"The new tenor singer in the choir used to be a locksmith." Ho—"No wonder he always hits the right key, then."

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHE.

From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of Headache. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes cause. E. W. GROVE on box 25c.

"Yes, dear," said the petted young wife, examining her birthday gift, "these diamond ear-rings are pretty, but the stones are awfully small." "Of course, my dear," replied the diplomatic husband, "but if they were any larger they'd be out of all proportion to the size of your ears."

Suffer No More.—There are thousands who live miserable lives because dyspepsia dulls the faculties and shadows existence with the cloud of depression. One way to dispel the vapors that beset the victims of this disorder is to order them a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are among the best vegetable pills known, being easy to take and are most efficacious in their action. A trial of them will prove this.

CHILD'S DICTIONARY.

"Snoring—Letting off sleep."
"Apples—The bubbles that apple trees blow."
"Backbiter—A mosquito."
"Fan—A thing to brush the warm off with."
"Joe—Water that went to sleep in the cold."

10c. The latest success.

Black Watch

The big black plug chewing tobacco.

2285

NORTHLANDS OF CANADA

The West Could Produce 1,300 Million Bushels of Wheat.

A despatch from Ottawa says: In the Agricultural Committee the other day, R. E. Young, Superintendent of the railway and swamp lands' branch of the Department of Interior, gave some most interesting figures and estimates in regard to the possibilities of grain-growing in the Canadian West. If the wheat crop of 1906 totalled one hundred million bushels on a settled area of 86,000,000 acres, it was, he claimed, no stretch of imagination to look in the future for a wheat production of 1,300,000 bushels, worth practically three times the total foreign trade of Canada at the present time. Of the 86,000,000 acres referred to above, only 5,000,000 acres are under wheat. One farm of 375 acres, with which he was acquainted, near Saskatoon, had given a net return last season of \$14.33 an acre. The latitude did not govern the climate in Canada. In summer it was just as warm in Fort Simpson, on the Mackenzie River, as it was in Winnipeg or Ottawa. Vegetables such as cabbage, lettuce, and potatoes had been successfully grown as far north as Fort Good Hope, within 14 miles of the Arctic circle. Last summer Mr. Conway, inspector of Indian Affairs, saw as fine vegetables at Fort Good Hope as ever were

grown anywhere in Canada. The growth in the far north, owing to the long days, was rapid beyond belief. Wheat of good quality there ran 62 pounds to the bushel, grown at Fort Simpson, in latitude 62. A good many statements had been made as to the available area of agricultural land in the remote northwest. One gentleman, who had traveled over a great portion of this country, declared that there was 100,000,000 miles west and north of the Athabasca. Another competent witness had said there was as much available land in that region as was now settled west of Winnipeg. The southern boundary of the Province of Tokolsk in Siberia was a hundred miles further north than Edmonton, yet in 1900 Tokolsk had a population of 1,500,000, and produced 64,000,000 bushels of wheat alone, and over 10,000,000 bushels of oats. If this was so, why should we not derive an equal profit from the portions of our Northwest Territories, which at present are remote from settlement.

But in addition to its agricultural possibilities, enough was known about the mineral resources of the northern country to prove that it was possessed of untold wealth of gold, silver, copper, iron, and many other minerals.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, March 17.—Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.21½; No. 2 northern, \$1.18½; No. 3, \$1.13; feed wheat, 67½c; No. 2 feed, 61½c.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white, 94½c to 95c outside; No. 2 red, 94c to 94½c; No. 2 mixed, 93½c; goose, 91c to 92c.

Corn—Firm; No. 3 yellow American 70c to 71c, Toronto freights; No. 3 mixed, ½c less.

Barley—No. 2, 70c.

Rye—No. 2, 83c to 84c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 67c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 54c outside, 53c on track Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 49c outside.

Flour—Manitoba patents, special brands, 86c; seconds, 85.40c; strong bakers', 85.30c; winter wheat patents, 83.50c.

Bran—Full cars, 82c to 82½c, bags included, outside.

Shorts—Scarce, 82c to 82½c.

Call board quotations:—

Bran—A car offered at North Bay for 82½c, bags included, for prompt shipment; 82.25c bid.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 mixed, offered at 93c Grand Trunk west, 92½c bid.

Barley—No. 2 offered at 70c outside.

Peas—No. 2 offered at 87c outside.

Oats—No. 2 white offered at 51c outside.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 68c bid on track Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Poultry—Very quiet.

Young turkeys, extra choice, 13c to 15c

Young geese 9c to 11c

Young ducks 9c to 11c

Chickens, choice 12c to 13c

Old fowl 8c to 10c

Inferior chicks and fowls 5c to 7c

Butter—

Creamery, prints 31c to 32c

do solids 30c to 31c

Dairy prints 25c to 27c

do large rolls 24c to 25c

do solids 23c to 24c

Inferior 20c to 21c

Eggs—New-laid, 23c to 24c; limed, 19c

For butter the demand is active; grass to 30c.

In eggs a good demand exists for fresh stock. Canadian fresh are selling at 29c to 30c; American fresh, at 28c to 29c; Canadian select, 27c to 28c; Montreal limed, at 21c to 23c.

Provisions—Pork, barrels short cut mess, 21; half barrels, \$10.75; clear fat backs, \$22 to \$23; long cut heavy mess, \$20; half barrels do., \$10.50; dry salt long clear backs, 10½c; barrels plate beef, \$13.50 to \$15.00; half barrels do., \$7.25 to \$7.75; barrels heavy mess beef, \$10 to \$11; half barrels do., \$5.50 to \$6; compound lard, 8½c to 9c; pure lard, 11½c to 11¾c; kettle rendered, 11½c to 12c; hams, 12c to 13½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14c to 15c; Windsor bacon, 14½c to 15½c; fresh-killed abattoir-dressed hogs, \$8 to \$8.25; live, \$5.75 to \$5.85.

BUFFALO MARKETS.

Buffalo, March 17.—Wheat—Spring lower; No. 1 Northern, \$1.07½; No. 2 red, \$1.02; Winter easier. Corn—Firm, No. 2 yellow, 69½c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 mixed, 54c; No. 2 white, 57½c. Barley—91c to \$1.04. Rye—No. 1 track, 89c.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, March 17.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 98½c elevator; No. 2 red, \$1.00½ f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, \$1.13½ f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, \$1.10½ f.o.b. afloat.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, March 17.—The exporters offered were very few, but among them were several exceptionally choice steers, which brought \$5.25. One load of heavy bulls sold for export at \$3.75 to \$4.12½.

Common and medium butchers' sold very slowly at Tuesday's lowest prices. One fair load of butchers' cattle brought only \$3.50 to \$4.30 per cwt., while last week it could have sold easily for \$4 to \$4.50.

Good butchers' cows were in fair demand, but were also very scarce. Fair and common cows sold at low prices.

EXPERIMENTS WITH VEGETABLES.

Under the Direction of the Ontario Agricultural College.

The practical educational work carried on by the Ontario Agricultural College, through the Experimental Union, is now well known throughout Ontario. Thousands of people in both town and country interested in farming, fruit-growing or gardening are carrying on experiments under the direction of the College and are profiting by the experience.

The seeds or plants for these experiments and full instructions for conducting them are furnished free on the understanding that each experimenter will report the results of his experiment at the end of the season.

Owing to the great demand for the experiments with fruits and the limited funds for the purchase of plants for this purpose, the supply of these for this year is already exhausted. But we have on hand a good supply of seeds for the experiments with vegetables and hope to be able to furnish these to all interested in the growing of the best kind of garden vegetables.

Three of the leading varieties of each of the following kinds of vegetables are offered for testing this spring, viz.: beets, carrots, onions, lettuce, early tomatoes, and later tomatoes.

The early tomatoes are best for northern sections where the later and better varieties cannot be depended upon to ripen.

Any person in Ontario who wishes to join in this co-operative testing may choose any one of the experiments above mentioned and send in his application for the seeds and instructions for conducting the same. These will be sent by mail free of charge, but each applicant must agree to follow the directions furnished, and report the results at the end of the season, whether successful or not.

Applications will be filed in the order they are received until the supply of seeds is exhausted. Address all applications to,

H. L. HUTT,
Ontario Agricultural College,
Guelph, Ont.

DISGUISED FOR LIFE.

Citizens of Canary Islands Have Tattooed Faces.

A cable despatch to The New York Herald from Madrid says: Reports from Las Palmas, Canary Islands, tell of an amusing case. Eighty persons have brought suits for damages against a chemist named Alonso. It appears that during the carnival a man applied for a novel kind of facial disguise, and the chemist painted on the man's face a large green fly. This carnival decoration proved a popular success and many other revellers called and had their foreheads, cheeks and noses adorned with green images of birds, flies and rabbits. After the carnival ended the wearers of these decorations discovered that there was no soap strong enough to remove the paint, and complained to the authorities. A local expert declares the method employed is the same used by the Indians for tattooing purposes, and that these citizens of the Canary Islands will have to wear the green pictures for the rest of their lives. Alonso barely escaped lynching.

MUST PRODUCE CERTIFICATES.

Order-in-Council Passed to Check Influx of Undesirables.

A despatch from Ottawa says: An order-in-Council has been passed which prohibits from and after April 15th next the landing in Canada of any person whose passage has been paid wholly or in part by any charitable organization out of public moneys, unless it is shown that the authority in writing of the Assistant Superintendent of Emigration for Canada in London has been obtained for the emigration of such

EXPERIMENTS WITH

Fodder Crops, Roots, Grains, and Fertilizers.

The members of the Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union are pleased to state that for 1908 they are prepared to distribute into every Township of Ontario material for experiments with fodder crops, roots, grains, grasses, clovers and fertilizers. About 2,800 varieties of farm crops have been tested in the Experimental Department of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, and

EXPERIMENTAL

No.

- 1—Three varieties of Oats
- 2a—Three varieties of Six-rowed Barley
- 2b—Two varieties of Two-rowed Barley
- 3—Two varieties of Hulless Barley...
- 4—Two varieties of Spring Wheat...
- 5—Three varieties of Buckwheat
- 6—Two varieties of Field Peas
- 7—Emmer and Spelt
- 8—Two varieties of Soy, Soja, or J
- 9—Three varieties of Husking Corn...
- 10—Three varieties of Mangels
- 11—Two varieties of Sugar Beets for
- 12—Three varieties of Swedish Turnip
- 13—Two varieties of Fall Turnips
- 14—Two varieties of Carrots
- 15—Three varieties of Fodder or Silag
- 16—Three varieties of Millet
- 17—Three varieties of Sorghum
- 18—Grass Peas and two varieties of V
- 19—Rape, Kale and Field Cabbage.....
- 20—Three varieties of Clover
- 21—Sainfoin, Lucerne and Burnet
- 22—Four varieties of Grasses
- 23—Three varieties of Field Beans.....
- 24—Three varieties of Sweet Corn.....
- 26—Fertilizers with Swedish Turnips...
- 27—Sowing Mangels on the level, and
- 28a—Two varieties of Early Potatoes...
- 28b—Two varieties of medium ripening
- 28c—Two varieties of Late Potatoes.....
- 29—Three grain mixtures for grain pro
- 30—Three mixtures of Grasses and Clo

The size of each plot in each of the first twenty-seven experiments and in Nos. 29 and 30 is to be two rods long by one rod wide; and in No. 28, one foot square.

Each person in Ontario who wishes to join in the work may choose any ONE of the experiments for 1908, and apply for the same. The material will be furnished in the order in which the applications are received until the supply is exhausted. It might be well for

YOUNG FOLKS

MARJORIE'S VICTORY.

"Uncle Howard," asked Marjorie, looking up from the book she was reading, "what is a coincidence?"

"Let me see," replied Uncle Howard, trying to think how to make a simple definition. "When two things happen at the same time that have nothing to do with each other, but seem to have a great deal to do with each other, we call it a coincidence."

Seeing that Marjorie still looked puzzled, he started to explain further, when a telephone message called him away. As he took down his hat in the hall, however, he paused long enough to say, "I'll look out for a first-rate coincidence to show you, Marjorie, and then you'll understand better."

The next day happened to be Friday,

Creamery, prints 31c to 32c
do splids 30c to 31c
Dairy prints 25c to 27c
do large rolls 24c to 25c
do solids 23c to 24c
Inferior 20c to 21c
Eggs—New-laid, 23c to 24c; limed, 19c to 20c.
Honey—Strained steady at 11c to 12c per pound for 60-pound pails and 12c to 13c for 5 to 10-pound pails. Combs at \$1.75 to \$2.50 per dozen.
Potatoes—Ontario, 90c to 95c; Delaware, 95c to \$1 in car lots on track here.
Cheese—13½c to 14c for large and 14c to 14½c for twins, in job lots here.
Beans—\$1.70 to \$1.75 for primes and \$1.80 to \$1.85 for hand-picked.
Baled straw—\$9 to \$10 per ton on track here.
Baled Hay—Timothy is quoted at \$16 to \$17 in car lots on track here.

PROVISIONS.

Pork—Short cut, \$21 to \$21.50 per barrel; mess, \$17.50 to \$18.
Lard—Tiers, 11½c; tubs, 11½c; pails, 12c.
Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 9½c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 12½c to 13c; hams, large, 11½c to 12c; backs, 16c to 16½c; shoulders, 9½c to 9¾c; rolls, 9½c to 10c; breakfast bacon, 14c to 15c; green meats out of pickle 1c less than smoked.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, March 17.—There is a good demand for Manitoba feed wheat, which is stronger at an advance of 1 to 2 cents per bushel, with sales of feed grades at 67½ to 68½; No. 2, at 61c to 62c per bushel, ex track, Eastern Canada, No. 2 white oats, 52c; No. 3, 49c.
The demand for flour is good. Choice spring wheat patents, \$6.10; seconds, \$5.50 to \$5.60; winter wheat patents, \$5.35; straight rollers, \$4.75 to \$5; do, in bags, \$2.25 to \$2.35; extra, \$1.80 to \$1.90.
Manitoba bran, \$21 to \$22 shorts, \$23 to \$24; Ontario grain shorts, \$22 to \$22.50; middlings, \$4 to \$4.50 shorts, \$25 to \$27 per ton, including legs, and pure grain moult at \$32 to \$34.
Rillet oats, \$2.75; corn, \$1.60 to \$1.70 per bag.
There is no material change in the local cheese market. September westerns are selling at 13c for white and 13½c for colored; September easterns, 13½c for white and 13¾c for colored.
Further the demand is active; grass

very slowly at Tuesday's lowest prices. One fair load of butchers' cattle brought only \$3.50 to \$4.30 per cwt., while last week it could have sold easily for \$4 to \$4.50.

Good butchers' cows were in fair demand, but were also very scarce. Fair and common cows sold at low prices.

Not many stockers were on the market, but, as there was little demand, most of what there were sold round 3c per pound.

Calves were slow and prices ranged from \$3 to \$6 per cwt. The average price per calf was about \$6.50, so they were not very heavy. The trade in sheep was fairly steady, and prices held up. There was a good demand for the best grade of grain-fed lambs, which made the price go a little higher. But common lambs sold slowly at former prices.

The price of hogs is unchanged. Offerings have been light, but a fairly large run of hogs to-day kept the prices from going up.

STABBING AT DUNDAS.

Quarrel Among Italian Laborers at a Stone Quarry.

A despatch from Hamilton says: An Italian who cannot speak English was taken to the City Hospital at a late hour on Thursday night, in a very dangerous condition as a result of a wound in the bowels which was inflicted by a fellow-countryman in a quarrel. The men were employed at Deolittle's stone quarry at Dundas, and it is understood that they had words. One pulled a knife on the man who is in the hospital, and then made his escape. Chief Twiss was notified, and at once went to the scene. He gave instructions for the removal of the injured man to the city, and he was brought on the 11.15 car, accompanied by a couple of Italians, neither of whom can speak English. Chief Twiss at midnight had not succeeded in arresting the man who did the cutting. It is feared that the wounded man may be fatally injured.

WILL BE BIG FLEET.

Six Battleships in Squadron Accompanying Prince to Quebec.

A despatch from London says: The Prince of Wales will be accompanied to Quebec by the Atlantic fleet of six battleships and ten cruisers with its attached second cruiser squadron. After leaving Quebec the fleet will cruise along the Canadian coast, visiting several places.

next the landing in Canada of any person whose passage has been paid wholly or in part by any charitable organization out of public moneys, unless it is shown that the authority in writing of the Assistant Superintendent of Emigration for Canada in London has been obtained for the emigration of such person, and that such authority has been acted upon within a period of 60 days. Mr. Oliver in his report, upon which the minute of Council is based, pointed out that a considerable number of undesirable immigrants arrived in Canada last year from the British Isles, of whom 141 were rejected and 441 deported.

CONTRACTORS ARE EAGER.

Nineteen Tenders for Work on the Transcontinental.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Tenders for the construction of 365 miles of the National Transcontinental Railway, covering six sections between Moncton and Lake Nepigon, were opened by the commissioners on Tuesday. Nineteen tenders were received, the contractors showing greater eagerness this year to undertake construction work on the national railway than was the case last year, when labor was more scarce and wages higher. It is understood that the figures quoted this spring by contractors are a little lower than last year. The names of the successful tenderers will not be known for some weeks, pending the report of the commission's engineers as to the figures quoted on each class of work. The Grand Trunk Pacific, as usual, tendered for each contract, in accordance with the policy of the company to make the construction of the road as cheap as possible, so as to reduce to a minimum the amount on which rental will have to be paid.

SQUADRON FOR PACIFIC.

Three Armored Cruisers Will be Sent to British Columbia Coast.

A despatch from London says that the armored cruisers Euryalus, Hogue and Cressy, of the Fourth Cruiser Squadron, now at Bermuda, will proceed at the end of the month to the Pacific Coast. The despatch states further that the British Government and the Admiralty have consented with the greatest reluctance to this depletion of available cruisers in home waters already characterized by the extreme naval school as a dangerous strategic weakness, but that the disturbing turn of events in the Pacific makes it absolutely necessary that the China squadron be reinforced by a strong fleet of observation on the North American Pacific Coast.

CHOPPED HORSE TO DEATH.

Brutal Crime Committed in a Stable at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: The police on Thursday were informed of a brutal act committed on Tuesday night in a stable owned by Mr. A. Gauthier on Voltigeurs street. Mr. Gauthier states that on going to his stable in the morning he found his horse lying dead on the floor. The animal had been hacked about the head and body in a fearful manner with an axe. Many of the wounds were several inches in depth, and in some parts the limbs had been almost cut asunder. Mr. Gauthier is convinced that the cruel deed was the work of enemies who wreaked their vengeance upon his horse.

OTTER NOW CHIEF OF STAFF.

Militia Order Was Issued To-day Making Appointment.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A militia order was issued on Wednesday appointing Major-General Lake to be Inspector-General and Brigadier-General Otter to be chief of staff, from April 1st, 1918.

zied, he started to explain further when a telephone message called him away. As he took down his hat in the hall, however, he paused long enough to say, "I'll look out for a first-rate coincidence to show you, Marjorie, and then you'll understand better."

The next day happened to be Friday, and because there was no one to drive Marjorie to school, and because she was not able to walk so far, she was obliged to remain at home.

Mamma and Uncle Howard were very sorry, and they all thought of the two shining gold pieces in Marjorie's bank that meant two whole years without an absence, and of the third that was to have joined them so soon; for Great-Aunt Morton, who lived in the big house on the hill, had laughingly told Marjorie the very first day she went to school that she should have a five-dollar gold piece at the end of each year that she was neither absent nor tardy.

But the gold piece was as nothing compared with the broken record, and Marjorie sobbed aloud for a few minutes; then, like the brave little girl that she was, she dried her tears, got out her paint-box, and began coloring up some sunbonnet babies for the other children.

When she went to school on Monday morning everybody was talking about the fire that had occurred the day before, and to her relief, nobody said anything to her about her absence. She said to herself that she just could not have stood it, if anybody had.

Two weeks later the monthly report-cards were given out. Marjorie received hers with a sad heart, as she thought of the broken record. She did not even open the envelope until Gertrude Harris had turned off on her own street and she was alone.

But as she glanced over the card, something within her gave a great leap. Could she believe her own eyes? There were no marks in the absence column! The teacher must have made a mistake.

Mamma and Uncle Howard looked the card over, and said they were glad Marjorie had gone from "G" to "G plus" in her reading, but neither of them thought of the omission.

Then came a great temptation to Marjorie. If she should say nothing about the mistake, the record would remain as it was, and the teacher and pupils would forget by next year, and Great-Aunt Morton need never know. So the report-card was returned to the teacher without anything being said.

All the next week Marjorie struggled with the temptation. She seemed unlike herself.

Friday came again, the last day of school. Marjorie could stand it no longer. Summoning all her courage, she came back into the school-room at recess, after the others were all out, and sobbed out her story to her teacher.

"So you thought I made a mistake, did you?" asked the teacher. "I'm so glad you told me, because I can assure you that you are the one who has made the mistake. That day was a very cold one, you remember, and something broke about the furnace early in the morning, so we couldn't have school that day. We sent word to all whom we could reach easily, and dismissed the others as soon as they came. You live so far away we could not notify you. I'm sorry this has troubled you so much; you should have told your mother or me sooner."

Marjorie ran round to Great-Aunt Morton's after school with her report-card, and then fairly flew home to tell her story to mamma and Uncle Howard.

"That's what I call the happiest kind of a coincidence," said Uncle Howard, as he heard the five-dollar gold piece rattle down with its mates. "Now you know the meaning of the word."

"I call it a great victory," said mamma, thinking of something quite different. But Marjorie understood both. —Youth's Companion.

The champion ski-runner of Switzerland was swept over a precipice by an avalanche and killed.

SIZE OF THE LEGISLATURE

More Than One Hundred Seats Are Provided For.

A despatch from Toronto says: In accordance with the plan suggested by Hon. Mr. Whitney, the bill respecting representation to the Legislative Assembly, the redistribution measure, was read a second time on Thursday and referred to a special committee. The duty of that body will be "to prepare schedules containing and describing the electoral districts entitled to return members to the House." It is composed of five Conservative members, Hon. Messrs. Whitney, Malheson and Hanna, and Messrs. Dargavel (Leeds) and McDiarmid (West Elgin), and three Opposition members, Messrs. C. M. Bowman, S. Clarke (Northumberland) and May (Ottawa). In speaking of the bill the Prime Minister quoted precedents for the method of procedure adopted. In his address he did not add materially to the knowledge of the

House as to the changes to be made in the representation, reiterating that the schedules were to be prepared by the committee. He asserted that the membership of the Legislature would be increased to a little over 100, and that the northern Ontario and the City of Toronto would be given additional representatives. He repeated that county lines would be adhered to and that inequalities of population introduced by former Governments would be corrected.

The chief point of importance in the remarks of the leader of the Opposition was his reference to Toronto. He distinctly opposed the fixing of the number of members to be elected in the city at eight. In view of the number of Cabinet Ministers residing in Toronto its maximum representation should be six.

WITH VEGETABLES

Grains, Grasses, Clover Fertilizers

for at least five years in succession. These consist of varieties from nearly all parts of the world, some of which have done exceedingly well in the carefully conducted experiments at the College and are now being distributed free of charge for co-operative experiments throughout Ontario. The following is the list of co-operative experiments in agriculture for 1908:

Plots.	
Barley	3
Barley	2
ley	2
eat	2
.....	3
.....	2
or Japanese Beans	2
rn	3
for feeding purposes	2
turnips	3
.....	2
Silage Corn	2
.....	3
of Vetches	3
.....	3
.....	3
.....	4
.....	3
.....	3
..... and in drills	2
.....	2
.....	2
.....	2
.....	3
.....	3

each applicant to make a second choice, for the first could not be granted. All material will be furnished entirely free of charge to each applicant, and the produce will, of course, become the property of the person who conducts the experiment.

C. A. ZAVITZ,
Director.
Ontario Agricultural College,
Guelph, 1908.

FOUR HUNDRED SLAIN. Battle Between Italians and Tribesmen in Somaliland.

A despatch from Rome says: News has been received here from Italian Somaliland to the effect that a local tribe, helped by soldiers of the Mullah, attacked another tribe under the protection of Italy and killed thirty of their opponents. They then drove off a quantity of cattle. Italian troops were then sent in to the disturbed section to punish the raiders. In this they were successful, for in one engagement they killed four hundred of the tribesmen and sixty of the Mullah's soldiers. The Italians had one man killed and two wounded.

FLEW A HUNDRED YARDS.

Professor Bell's New Aerodrome Makes a Record.

A despatch from Hammondsport, N. Y., says: Professor Alexander Graham Bell's new aerodrome, the Redwing, on Thursday, in the presence of a committee of the Aerial Experiment Association,

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraph Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

Chatham General Hospital is overcrowded.

There is an outbreak of glanders at Oxbow, Sask.

Saskatchewan Legislature is to meet on April 2nd.

Seven illicit stills were seized last year in the Montreal district.

Mr. J. H. Jackson of Huntsville was killed by falling from a ladder, on Friday.

A laboratory for testing ores, metals fuel and food is to be established in Toronto.

Wood is scarce in Peterboro. Only one firm has a supply of maple and beech.

Norris Stevens, a St. Catharines hotel-keeper, was fined \$100 for selling liquor after hours.

Caretakers of Galt public schools must not leave their buildings during school hours.

Jack Pikkaman, a Finlander, committed suicide at Cobalt by hanging, on Saturday.

The body of a colored man was found in the river near Simcoe, on Saturday. St. Thomas.

The Ontario Minister of Education will require fire drills to be practised in all the schools of the Province.

No gold has been brought out of the Findlater River district, B. C., despite the finds reported.

About seventy per cent. of the cows in the Winnipeg dairies are said to be infected with tuberculosis.

Counterfeit money is prevalent in Peterborough, and is alleged to be coming from Lindsay.

The Grand Trunk Railway has been granted special leave to appeal to the Privy Council on the two-cent fare question.

Unless the steel market soon improves, the N. S. Steel Co. at Sydney Mines will make a ten per cent. cut in wages.

Eighteen Hindus were fined \$600 each at Vancouver for failing to pass the test under the Natal act, but the sentences will be appealed.

Judge Snider has given his award in the arbitration at Hamilton reducing the price of street-lighting to be paid by the city by \$15.50 per lamp yearly.

Foley Bros., Larsen & Stewart have been awarded the contract for the first hundred-mile section of the Grand Trunk Pacific, from Prince Rupert eastward.

Financial returns brought down in the Nova Scotia legislature showed that the expenditure for the year exceeded the revenue by over \$100,000.

Thomas Anderson, chief trader of the Hudson's Bay Company in Mackenzie district, died while on his way out, having retired from the company's service.

The H. H. Campkin Company of Indian Head, Sask., was driven to assign by the defalcations of Secretary-Treasurer Manford, who is alleged to have stolen fifty thousand dollars.

Port Arthur and Fort William have arrived at an agreement whereby Fort William purchases that portion of the railway within the corporation limits, and the road will be operated by a joint commission.

GREAT BRITAIN.

President Fallieres of France will pay a visit to London in May.

The health of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain is reported to be improving.

Inspection of London, England schools is said to show faults which might lead to tragedies.

In an address to the London Chamber of Commerce Lord Avebury advised

ENGINE AND CARS DITCHED

Scores of Passengers Hurt on Newfoundland Railway.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The steamer Bruce, arriving at North Sydney on Friday, had over one hundred passengers, the majority of whom were suffering from injuries received on the Newfoundland Railway on Thursday, in one of the worst accidents in the history of the Reid road. Many passengers were obliged to remain at Port Aux Basque, with injuries so serious as not to permit of their continuing their journey.

The accident occurred six and a half miles from Port Aux Basque, when most of the passengers were asleep. The train was moving rapidly along when the engine and forward cars rolled over and over, hurling men, women and children from their berths in the tangled wreckage. None were killed outright, although the dock on the train received injuries which are likely to prove fatal.

Wm. Babcock, going to Alliston,

Mass., had his head badly cut, and his wife and child were also severely injured. One girl, bound for Vancouver, had her face covered with bandages, her teeth having penetrated her lips. Andrew Snow, en route to Fernie, B. C., had his arm badly dislocated. In fact, all the passengers sustained more or less serious injuries.

Heavy banks of snow near where the wreck occurred, added to the suddenness of the catastrophe, rendered the work of rescue difficult, and for nearly six hours the injured passengers were obliged to do the best they could until a wrecking train reached the scene. During this time many pitiful scenes were enacted, distracted parents fearing that their children were buried under the wreckage.

The place where the cars rolled over was fortunately level ground. Had it occurred where the road was rocky or mountainous, there is no doubt many, if not all, would have been killed.

cal, of Norman, Okla., his wife sold from the barn an old incubator, in which he had hidden \$55. By a quick ride he got the money back.

E. D. Morton, town clerk of North Canaan, Conn., has a bargain in marriage licenses, offering them to women free, at half prices to single men, and at a reduction in clubs of five.

GENERAL.

Fifteen hundred houses were destroyed on Sunday by a fire at Niigata, Japan.

Thirty persons were sentenced to death in various parts of Russia on Sunday.

There have been twenty important bank failures in Japan in the last fortnight.

Gustave Adolf, Crown Prince of Sweden, is confined to his bed with the measles.

There are rumors afloat at Peking that China is about to spend \$50,000,000 in naval equipment.

DETERMINED TO DIE.

Montreal Woman's Three Attempts at Suicide.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mrs. Foran, a middle-aged woman, attempted suicide by three different means on Sunday morning: First, by throwing herself in front of a street car; second, by drinking benzine, and, finally, by stabbing. The woman, who resides at 100 Bleury street, had been in a fit of despondency concerning family matters. Rushing out of the house, she lay down in front of an Outremont car, and was within an inch of being crushed by the wheels when the motorman brought the car to a standstill. She was removed to her home, where she immediately lifted a large bottle of benzine and swallowed the contents. This, however, did not immediately disable her, and she seized a pair of scissors and stabbed herself. She will probably die.

HONEYMAKERS HONEST.

Only Two Adulterated Samples Found by Government Analysts.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A bulletin of the Inland Revenue Department,

SHOT WIFE AFTER QUARREL.

Elderly Couple of Fort William Victims of a Tragedy.

A despatch from Fort William, Ont., says: After living together for over twenty years, a petty quarrel of an old couple of this city ended in a terrible tragedy Saturday afternoon. Mr. Wm. Garton being dead by his own hand and his wife lying in the McKellar Hospital in a critical condition, as the result of a bullet wound in her head, the wound having been inflicted by Garton before he turned the weapon on himself. The couple were in the back yard at the time, and the tragedy was started by a war of words, which was suddenly ended by Garton whipping out a revolver and committing the insane deed. Neighbors who were attracted by the shots found both lying apparently lifeless on the ground, but a closer examination showed that Mrs. Garton was still alive, and she was hurried off to the hospital, where medical aid has, so far, been able to keep life in her, although the final outcome is very doubtful. No reason for the rash act is known. Garton was apparently sane, and was not a user of liquor. The couple have resided here for many years, and have a family of grown-up children.

JUMPED FROM WINDOWS.

Guests of the King Edward Hotel at Quebec in a Panic.

A despatch from Quebec says: The cry of fire in the King Edward Hotel, a small hostelry situated on Garden street, near the City Hall, created a scene of considerable excitement on Sunday morning at 2 o'clock. The fire took place in the basement, and in a few moments the entire premises were filled with dense smoke. The guests, to the number of about thirty-five, including members of the Aborn Opera Company, performing at the Auditorium, were awakened from their slumbers, and some of the women became so excited that they jumped from a second story window into the yard, partially dressed. The firemen, in the meantime, were quickly on the spot, and very soon extinguished the flames before they reached any dangerous proportions. The damage was insignificant.

Professor Bell's New Aerodrome Makes a Record.

A despatch from Hammondsport, N. Y., says: Professor Alexander Graham Bell's new aerodrome, the Redwing, on Thursday, in the presence of a committee of the Aerial Experiment Association and a number of other spectators, flew a distance of 318 feet 11 inches at a height of from ten to twenty feet. The machine is equipped with an eight-cylinder motor, and together with its operator weighs 560 pounds. It sailed through the air at a speed of from twenty-five to thirty miles an hour. After having covered the distance mentioned, a portion of the tail gave way, and the aerodrome was brought down for repairs. This is declared to be the first successful public flight of a heavier-than-air flying machine in America.

FISH-SKIN DISEASE.

Ichthyosis—from the Greek word for fish—is the scientific name for a peculiar disease, or rather deformity of the skin characterized by an overgrowth of a horny, scaly layer and an abnormal dryness. It usually exists from birth, although a few cases of acquired fish-skin disease have been observed. Its cause is unknown. It often affects several members of the same family, and in many cases is evidently hereditary. Although existing from birth, it may not be very marked in the infant, but may be little more than a roughness and unusual scalliness and dryness of the skin. It increases gradually, becoming very apparent by the third or fourth year, for six or eight years perhaps, and then its progress stops and it remains practically unchanged for life, although a slight improvement is sometimes noticed as the child approaches manhood or womanhood.

It varies with the seasons, being better in the summer—and better the hotter and moister the air is—and worse again in winter. The skin is also liable to inflammation in cold weather and chaps easily, giving rise to painful cracks over the knuckles and at the tips of the fingers. The nails are rough and often break and split, and the hair is also dry and frayed at the ends.

There are all degrees of the disease, from a simple, dry roughness and scalliness, to a condition in which the surface is covered with thick plates resembling the scales of a crocodile. In almost all cases there are more or less definite markings, especially over the extensor surfaces of the joints, resembling fish-scales or a serpent's skin. The disease may occur in patches or in curved bands of varying width, with healthy or nearly healthy skin between, but most commonly it involves the entire surface, being least marked where the skin is naturally thin.

The treatment is mainly local, its object being to remove the excess of horny scales and keep the skin soft. Anointing the body at night with soft soap, followed by a warm bath and thorough rubbing with a coarse towel or a flesh-brush will, if often repeated, keep the scaling within limits. The free use of a good cold cream, borax and glycerin in water, lanolin or vaselin, applied immediately after the bath, and if necessary again in the morning, will go far to keep the skin soft and pliable. More severe cases will require more severe remedies, which should be used only under medical direction.—Youth's Companion.

HOME CURES.

Prevent a Cold.—If members of the family come home with wet feet, have them remove their shoes and stockings, spreading a bath towel on the floor, and quickly rub the feet on it until they tingle and burn. A cold will be averted.

Flaxseed Tea.—When you feel "worn out," get one pound of flaxseed whole and grind it fine through an old coffee grinder. Take two teaspoonfuls after each meal. You soon will feel strong and well.

President Faillieres of France will pay a visit to London in May.

The health of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain is reported to be improving. Inspection of London, England schools is said to show faults which might lead to tragedies.

In an address to the London Chamber of Commerce Lord Avebury advised that savings banks be compelled to hold gold reserves.

By a vote of 153 to 33 the House of Lords rejected the Scottish small holdings bill, sent up to them a second time from the Commons.

There was inaugurated in London, England, on Monday night, a campaign, supported by every religious denomination, to make Londoners good.

Arthur Ducros, the newly-elected member for the British riding of Hastings, is being sued by the editor of Vanity Fair, who says he wrote the new member's speeches.

The steamer Mauretania covered the distance between Sandy Hook and Daunt's Rock in five days and five minutes, clipping over two and a half hours from her previous record.

UNITED STATES.

Four negroes were lynched by a mob at Vancleave, Miss., on Tuesday.

Three lives were lost in a fire in an almshouse at San Francisco on Tuesday.

Eight prisoners, four being negroes, were publicly flogged at Wilmington, Del.

Three Italian boys are dead at Norwood, N. J., from eating skunk cabbage root.

A Danville, Ill., hen has recently laid her thousandth egg. This is believed to be the record.

The licenses of 36 local saloons in Williamsport, Pa., were held up on account of gambling disclosures.

The Mayor of Terre Haute, Ind., refused the request of ministers who wanted the town theatres closed on Sunday.

While dreaming of burglars, Hugh Hollis, a Treasury Department clerk at Washington, shot and killed his wife on Friday night.

The four men on trial at Harrisburg, Pa., on charges of defrauding the State in the building of the State Capitol have all been found guilty.

The California Supreme Court has decided that Eugene Schmitz, formerly Mayor of San Francisco, was unlawfully convicted of extortion.

Editha Cable, aged 13, of Brooklyn, who has become helress to \$100,000, says she will keep to her choice of work and be a teacher.

Dr. Ewing, President of the Christian College at Allahabad, told the Missionary Congress at Pittsburg that an uprising in India was inevitable.

It has been decided that the United States battleship fleet will visit Melbourne and Sydney. Some of the vessels may be sent to Vancouver.

An effort may be made to delay the general opening of navigation on the great lakes, with a view to preventing cutting of rats on ore shipments.

Judge Norman Dike, of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, received a Black Hand letter threatening death, because of severe sentences.

John E. Stevens, formerly chief engineer of the Panama Canal, says the canal will never be other than a great expense to the United States.

A pet dog bit Arthur Brown at Millville, N. J., the teeth tearing the young man's eyelid and bruising the eyeball, so that the sight may be lost.

A man, supposed to be a lunatic, entered the Merchants' National Bank at Omaha and threatened to blow up the building unless he was paid \$5,000.

Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst of New York has filed charges against Mayor McEllan and Police Commissioner Bingham of New York, and has asked for their removal from office.

A movement for state prohibition was begun at Chattanooga, Tenn., on Tuesday. A demonstration in the evening was attended by 7,000 persons.

During the absence of Frank Mon-

HONEYMAKERS HONEST.

Only Two Adulterated Samples Found by Government Analysts.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A bulletin of the Inland Revenue Department, just issued, shows that of 141 samples of honey from various parts of the Dominion analyzed by the department, 135 were genuine, 3 were doubtful, 1 was sold as a compound, and only 2 were adulterated. The report shows that strained honey sold in Canada can nearly always be relied upon as being the genuine article.

NATAL ACT IS ULTRA VIRES.

Decision in Case of Hindus Given by British Columbia Judge.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: The Natal Act has again been pronounced unconstitutional, this time in the case of the Hindus recently arrested for inability to comply with its conditions. The decision was given on Friday by Judge Morrison, of the Provincial Supreme Court, and an order for the release of the men arrested was issued.

SLAVES BEATEN TO DEATH

Tales of Horrible Cruelty in Portuguese West Africa.

A despatch from Washington says: A vivid description of atrocities alleged to be perpetrated upon slave laborers on cocoa plantations on the Islands of Principe and Saint Thome, Portuguese West Africa, was given in an address on "Children's Lives in Africa," by Gen. Jaubert Pienaar of South Africa, at a session of the International Congress on the welfare of the child, under the auspices of the National Mothers' Congress.

"The atrocities I have witnessed in Portuguese West Africa have taken a hold upon me," declared Gen. Pienaar, "that I cut myself loose from all my business, and leaving my family thousands of miles away, I have con-

secrated my life to the freeing of the men and women that are daily being done to death, and the little children I have frequently seen being beaten until the blood flowed to the ground."

After stating that the "cruelties meted out to these degraded human beings on the mainland were beyond description," Gen. Pienaar continued: "Children are torn away from the breasts of their mothers and sold as slaves. Savages in the employ of their taskmasters are beaten to death; men, women and children are mutilated. Often after a native has been done to death he is quartered, and the different portions of his body are hung on trees to terrify the other natives."

WOMAN BRAVES WILDERNESS.

First to Travel From Fort Churchill and Reaches Winnipeg.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Mrs. Beech, the first white woman to traverse the country between Fort Churchill and Norway House, via York Factory, and Wm. Beech and Carl Beech, the first white men to bring dogs from Fort Churchill to Winnipeg over the same route, over 1,100 miles through the wilderness, arrived in Winnipeg on Wednesday, after a most unique trip, which was fraught with no little trouble and hardship. For twenty days the party remained at the mouth of the Nelson River, and during all that time the dogs were without food, and the rations of the party were reduced to a minimum.

Premier Deakin, speaking at Sydney, advocated the expenditure of \$9,000,000 for an army of 200,000 men and fifteen coast defence vessels.

USED NEW ANÆSTHETIC

Doctors Hope for Good Results From the Experiment.

A despatch from Toronto says: The other day at the General Hospital, an anæsthetic, named Foltaine, which had never before been used in Canada, was tried on a man who had to be operated on for a serious injury to his bowels.

Frank Simpson was taken to the hospital some time ago suffering from a terrible laceration of the bowels through being kicked by a horse. Three times had the man been operated on, the ordinary anæsthetic being used. Another operation was considered necessary, but it was found he could not survive an application of the same anæsthetic and still live.

Dr. Norman Anderson, of the surgical staff, then decided to try the pre-

paration discovered by Fourneau, a Parisian chemist, which contains no cocaine, yet deprives the person of any sensation of pain, although they are still in full possession of their senses.

Dr. Anderson made an injection of fluid into the sac covering the patient's spinal cord and successfully united several portions of the bowels. Simpson afterwards said he felt no pain whatever, although he had been conscious all the time.

This preparation had been used by Prof. Barker, of University College, London, England, and out of two hundred cases only eight had failed. This new anæsthetic does away with the ill effects of the unconscious producing kind.

Does Your Heart Beat

Yes. 100,000 times each day. Does it send out good blood or bad blood? You know, for good blood is good health; bad blood, bad health. And you know precisely what to take for bad blood—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Doctors have endorsed it for 60 years.

One frequent cause of bad blood is a sluggish liver. This produces constipation. Poisonous substances are then absorbed into the blood. Keep the bowels open with Ayer's pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's
HAIR VIGOR,
ACQUE CURE,
CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 100 per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

of a well known prevaricator would not influence a jury on a question of fact—neither would the testimony of a discredited man go far to influence a verdict. How then can the people of Canada be expected to receive nemine contradicente the dictum of Geo. E. Foster?

We must apply the same process of reasoning to the matters now affecting the public affairs of Canada as would be applied in the ordinary affairs of life. Side by side must be placed the public record of the men attacked and the public record of the man or men who lead the attack. This is not only just but it is reasonable, and will commend itself to the common sense of the people.

People Chief Sufferers'

With the exposure of Mr. Foster came the collapse of the Opposition fight. Had the interests of the people been in clean or worthier hands some good might have resulted, assuming the charges to have been based on solid foundations, but whether or not, the incident ended ingloriously, all on account of Foster's past political record. What do the people gain by having their interests in the hands of this man?

The Insurance Commission, it was expected, would accomplish some great good to the county, and it was a paramount function and obvious duty of the Opposition to follow the matter up to a practical conclusion. However, when Mr. Foster was exposed as one of the chief delinquents with regard to the improper handling of trust funds, it was to the interest of the Opposition to drop the matter, and the only consideration given of the commissioners' report was taken up by Foster in trying to whitewash himself. Thus the enormous expense was wasted, and the benefits sought to be derived from the labors of the commissioners were made abortive. The question if asked again. What do the people gain by having their interests in the hands of this man?

The time to change a Government is when they have mis-conducted themselves, proved false to pre-election pledges, and are incapable of administering the affairs of the country. Such charges cannot be made against the Liberal Government. A man is known by his works, so is a Government. A long period of commercial prosperity proves that the machinery of Government is running smoothly. With an honest administration it will be many years before the great Reform party, which rescued the country from the grafters and boodlers, will be called upon to relinquish office.

Railway Budget.

Hon. George Graham, Minister of Railways and Canals, presented to the House his first budget speech as Minister. When one takes into consideration the ramifications of this huge system, including the canals of the country and the endless detail involved, a faint conception only can be had of the task which confronted Mr. Graham. In the short space of a few weeks he has acquired a marvellous knowledge of the workings of his department. His speech from end to end fairly bristled with facts and figures, and he showed a familiarity with details which was extraordinary. A more logical or consecutive presentation of the condition of a department has rarely been laid before the House. The subject matter was complicated, but Mr. Graham handled his subject lucidly and in a most comprehensive manner.

In the Railway Committee, as well as in the House when railway bills were under discussion, the new Minister of Railways has shown himself as a broad-minded, progressive man, and the country is to be congratulated upon having such a worthy successor

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

A Bold Step.

To overcome the well-grounded and reasonable objections of the more intelligent to the use of secret, medicinal compounds, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., some time ago, decided to make a bold departure from the usual course pursued by the makers of put-up medicines for domestic use, and so has published broadcast and openly to the whole world, a full and complete list of all the ingredients entering into the composition of his widely celebrated medicines. Thus he has taken his numerous patrons and patients into his full confidence. Thus too he has removed his medicines from among secret nostrums of doubtful merits, and made them Remedies of Known Composition. By this bold step Dr. Pierce has shown that his formulas are of such excellence that he is not afraid to subject them to the fullest scrutiny.

Not only does the wrapper of every bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous medicine for weak stomach, torpid liver or biliousness, and all catarrhal diseases wherever located, have printed upon it, in plain English, a full and complete list of all the ingredients composing it, but a small book has been compiled from numerous standard medical works, of all the different schools of practice, containing very numerous extracts from the writings of leading practitioners of medicine, endorsing in the strongest possible terms, each and every ingredient contained in Dr. Pierce's medicines. One of these little books will be mailed free to any one sending address on postal card or by letter, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and requesting the same. From this little book it will be learned that Dr. Pierce's medicines contain no alcohol, narcotics, mineral agents or other poisonous or injurious agents and that they are made from native, medicinal roots of great value; also that some of the most valuable ingredients contained in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, nervous, over-worked, "run-down," nervous and debilitated women, were employed, long years ago, by the Indians for similar ailments affecting their squaws. In fact, one of the most valuable medicinal plants entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was known to the Indians as "Squaw-Weed." Our knowledge of the uses

ing of the latter conditions on the road, Mr. Graham said:

"I have come to the conclusion that the presence of labor organizations such as I have mentioned is a benefit to the management of the road rather than a detriment. I think this is an answer to some critics who have suggested that the Intercolonial, being a Government road, should not recognize labor unions. While it is a Government road it has to be run on these lines like any other road."

The length of the Intercolonial, said Mr. Graham, on 1st April, 1907, was 1,448 miles, and the expenditure on capital account was \$82,744,937. This includes all the equipment, making the average cost per mile \$57,112. The length of the Prince Edward Island Railway on 1st April, 1907, was 261 miles, and the expenditure on capital account was \$7,373,099. This includes also the equipment, making the average cost per mile \$27,965. This is a narrow gauge railway and so the cost per mile is less than of the Intercolonial. The average cost per mile of the railways in the United States is \$57,966, or \$550 per mile more than this Intercolonial.

Concluding a brilliant speech Mr. Graham said, "The Intercolonial Railway is a great national asset in the management and results of which every man in Canada is interested. Every man in Canada has an interest, in the part which the Intercolonial Railway plays as a regulator in carrying the produce of the East to the West and of the West to the East. If that be an object worthy of the atten-

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POLITICAL NEWS!

Foster the critic has now become Foster the palimpsest. With each succeeding alleged revelation of crookedness there is stripped from the personality of this man a covering which reveals something unknown before. In the geological world it is said that each anticlinal has its corresponding synclinal. So it appears to be with Mr. Foster; with each revelation of alleged wrong comes the counterpart in the record of this politician. Assuming the administration to be guilty as charged by Mr. Foster, then the verdict must stand equally against him. No longer can he with consistency sanctimoniously raise his hands in the House and accuse men of grafting. No more can the hero of illicit commissions criticize the Government and receive consideration. No longer can the man who lent trust funds to himself and made a rake off on the side pose as the protector of the treasury of Canada. The man who casts the first stone must be without sin. For the future the man who by Royal Commission has been adjudged guilty of various breaches of trust with regard to the management of trust funds, cannot exert that influence in the public life of Canada which might be expected of one whose transactions had been of a character to provoke commendation rather than censure.

Man's Character Counts.

The people of Canada are bound to consider the character and record of men upon whose word they are expected to rely when weighing the accusations brought against the Government. In ordinary affairs of life one would not attach credence to the evidence of a convicted burglar when forming judgment in a case of theft. The word

in the Railway Committee, as well as in the House when railway bills were under discussion, the new Minister of Railways has shown himself as a broad-minded, progressive man, and the country is to be congratulated upon having such a worthy successor to Hon. Mr. Emerson.

Mr. Graham commenced by paying a tribute to the efficiency of the permanent staff, and then passed to the subject of canals. Some of the figures given are very interesting. The expenditure upon canals in Canada has amounted to \$120,000,000. The business of the Soo canal has increased to two-thirds of its capacity, or about 12,000,000 tons. To give an idea of the trade of the St. Lawrence, the lockages on the Cornwall canal last year were 4.417.

Grand Trunk Pacific.

The following gives some idea of the progress made on the National Transcontinental railway, and is practically the condition of affairs up to December 1, 1907.

Starting from Winnipeg from 10 to 13th mile, grading, the work is light. From 13th to 650th mile, grading is completed; culverts and wooden structures are about completed.

From 650th to 796th mile (Edmonton) about 54 miles of grading completed a large proportion of the culverts are built, and the pile foundations of about 75 per cent of the bridges are driven.

Steel bridges crossing the Assiniboine, South Saskatchewan, Battle river and North Saskatchewan are well in hand and approaching completion.

Track is laid from the 45th mile to the 325th mile and from the 426th mile to the 468th mile, aggregating 310 miles, in addition to which 47 sidings are laid in.

A union station house at Portage la Prairie is nearly finished, at Nokomis the station house is finished and at the

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING KINNAN & MARVIN,

Wholesale Druggists Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Grippe or Influenza, whichever you like to call it, is one of the most weakening diseases known.

Scott's Emulsion, which is Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in easily digested form, is the greatest strength-builder known to medical science.

It is so easily digested that it sinks into the system, making new blood and new fat, and strengthening nerves and muscles.

Use **Scott's Emulsion** after Influenza.

Invaluable for Coughs and Colds.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.



the most valuable ingredients contained in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, nervous, over-worked, "run-down," nervous and debilitated women, were employed, long years ago, by the Indians for similar ailments affecting their squaws. In fact, one of the most valuable medicinal plants entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription was known to the Indians as "Squaw-Weed." Our knowledge of the uses of not a few of our most valuable native medicinal plants was gained from the Indians. As made up by improved and exact processes, the "Favorite Prescription" is a most efficient remedy for regulating all the womanly functions, correcting displacements, as prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion, overcoming painful periods, toning up the system and bringing about a perfect state of health. Sold by all dealers in medicines.

141st mile (Rivers) the station is nearly completed.

At the latter point an engine house, machine shop and boiler house are advanced to the extent of 90 per cent. At the 277th mile (Melleville) engine house and machine shop are in course of erection, about 35 per cent of the work is executed.

Great progress is also made in the building of water tanks, fencing and telegraph lines. There is no construction of any kind west of Edmonton.

The railroad will be built through the Yellowhead Pass, and it is interesting to know that the grades are less than on the Pine River Pass route. The estimated cost of the Yellowhead Pass route, exclusive of terminals, is \$42,115,500, being less than the estimated cost of the Pine River Pass route by \$4,536,100. This includes that portion of the road from Edmonton to Prince Rupert, a distance of 955 miles.

Progress in Eastern Section.

Passing from the western section, Mr. Graham then gave some information as to the progress of work on the Government section, from Moncton to Winnipeg, 1,807 miles, and he read the following from the Railway Commission:

The locations of the line is practically completed, with the exception of about three or four miles at the entrance to the Winnipeg terminals, and a few points where revision may be made of the present location to reduce grades, distances or work. Contracts for construction have already been awarded covering in all, say, 859 miles as follows: 119 miles in New Brunswick; 150 miles east, and 195 miles west of the St. Lawrence river, and 78 miles easterly from the Ontario boundary in the province of Quebec; 72 miles from the Quebec boundary westerly, and 158 miles from the Manitoba boundary easterly in the province of Ontario; 87 miles in the province of Manitoba.

Tenders are now being invited, 136 miles in New Brunswick, 52 miles in Quebec, and 175 miles in Ontario.

Mr. Graham made a touching reference to the Quebec bridge calamity, concluding by saying that "whatever differences there may be on the subject, all will agree that the Quebec bridge must be reconstructed, and reconstructed on safe and permanent lines.

Railway Commission.

Speaking of the Railway Commission, Mr. Graham said he was warranted in saying that the Railway Commission has already accomplished a great deal for the people, and he trusted that in future, with the increase of its members and the enlargement of its powers, greater good will be accomplished. Mr. Graham gave some statistics showing the great amount of work accomplished and how it had increased since 1904.

Intercolonial Railway.

Alluding to the Intercolonial Railway, Mr. Graham said that at the end of the statistical year, 30th June, 1907, the gross earnings were \$8,599,119, and the gross expenses \$8,202,064, showing a surplus of earnings over expenses of \$397,054 for the year. Speak-

every man in Canada is interested. Every man in Canada has an interest, in the part which the Intercolonial Railway plays as a regulator in carrying the produce of the East to the West and of the West to the East. If that be an object worthy of the attention of the House, I ask if matters come up affecting the Intercolonial Railway, to consider it from a double standpoint—first, from the standpoint of carrying out the pledge which was given to the Marine Provinces at the time of Confederation, not as a commercial venture, and from the second standpoint, that the Intercolonial Railway is a great part of the transportation service of this country, and what we do not get in rates remains in the pockets of the people of the Dominion of Canada."

The speech delivered by Mr. Graham made a deep impression on the House, and stamped the honorable gentleman as a debater of the first class. The portfolio of Railways and Canals is in capable hands.

Healthy Financial Condition.

The finances of the country are in a healthy condition. A statement issued by the Department of Finance for the eleven months of the current fiscal year, shows a total revenue of \$87,607,299, being an increase of \$8,629,749.

DIAMOND DYES

Add To

Home Comfort and Contentment.



"For the last eleven years Diamond Dyes have been special home favorites with us, and have been a source of home comfort. Two weeks ago I dyed three pairs of curtains with great profit and satisfaction. I first colored two pairs of rusty and faded cream lace curtains a delicate shade of light pink for bedroom windows, using your Diamond Dye Pink for Cotton. I also dyed a pair of tapestry portiere curtains, which after five years of wear had become very faded and unsightly. This pair I dyed a rich garnet, using Diamond Dye Garnet for Cotton. I may say, that in my estimation, Diamond Dyes are the best I have ever used."

Mrs. Emma M. Sharpe, Toronto, Ont.

The All-Important Thing to secure success in home dyeing is to be sure you get the real Diamond Dyes. The next important thing is to be sure that you get the Kind of Diamond Dyes adapted to the material you intend dyeing.

Diamond Dyes For Cotton. When you decide to color Lace or Tapestry Curtains in which Cotton or Linen (vegetable fibres) largely predominate, always ask for DIAMOND DYES for Cotton.

ALWAYS WRITE US. If your merchant cannot supply you with the colors you need in Wool or Cotton DIAMOND DYES, write us (enclosing ten cents for each package wanted) and we will mail same to your address.

You Will Need Them. Send us your address and we will mail you free of cost the famous Diamond Dye Annual, New Teddy-Bear Booklet and Diamond Dye Cook Book.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO., LIMITED
 MONTREAL, P.Q.

Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments must be combined. One is local, one is constitutional, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the Local. Dr. Shoop's Restorative, the Constitutional. The former—Dr. Shoop's Night Cure—is a topical mucous membrane suppository remedy, while Dr. Shoop's Restorative is wholly an internal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, seeking the repair of all nerve, all tissue, and all blood ailments.

The "Night Cure", as its name implies, does its work while you sleep. It soothes sore and inflamed mucous surfaces, heals local weaknesses and discharges, while the Restorative, ceases nervous excitement, gives renewed vigor and ambition, builds up wasted tissues, bringing about renewed strength, vigor, and energy. Take Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—as a general tonic to the system. For positive local help, use as well

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

"ALL DEALERS"

over the corresponding months of 1906-7, and \$49,777,521 greater than in 1896, when the Liberal Government assumed office.

The total expenditure on consolidated fund account for the eleven months was \$60,720,353, an increase of \$10,735,686. The total expenditure on capital account was \$25,768,488, of which \$20,183,830 was for public works, railways and canals, including the construction of the National Transcontinental Railway.

The surplus of the total revenue over the total expenditure for the eleven months ending February is \$1,118,458. For the month of February is the total revenue was \$6,577,020, a decrease of \$740,793 as compared with the corresponding month last year.

Increasing Post Office Revenues.

The total post office revenues for eleven months of the fiscal year was \$6,357,320, an increase of \$652,097, over the corresponding period of last year.

The total revenue of the Customs Department during the period mentioned has increased by \$8,040,878, and that of the excise by \$545,364, during the same period.

From the above figures it will be observed that the Dominion revenues are on the increase and that the Conservative talk of blue ruin cannot be based upon figures at all events.

Constant increases in the customs and excise revenue no longer cause comment. So that these figures arise naturally as a result of commercial expansion. Special attention, however is invited to the showing made by the post office department. An increase of nearly three quarters of a million dollars in eleven months is certainly a circumstance which calls for remark. Under a Liberal administration the post office has been changed from a department which was a source of expense, and has been made a large revenue producer. Last year there was a very considerable surplus and from the figures available to date it would appear that this surplus would be largely increased this year.

Honest Administration Tells.

Honest and intelligent management of public business is responsible for the very satisfactory results indicated by the figures given here. When compared with the lean years of 1896 and before there can only be one opinion expressed, and that is, that the people of Canada should bless the day when public affairs were taken from the hands of the incompetent men who did not measure up to the standard required of statesmen in whose hands the affairs of Canada will be safe, and placed in the hands of men who have

FOOD THAT MAY KILL

Meals Taken Under Certain Conditions Are Dangerous.

THEY SIMPLY BREED POISON.

One Should Never Eat When Hurried, Excited, Angry, Anxious, Grieved, Worried or Shocked, For at Those Times Digestion Cannot Take Place.

A wise man has said, "Circulation follows attention." That is, whenever there is need for the activity of any function the organ which performs that function receives an increased flow of blood. For instance, a man has taken a long walk and arrives home tired and ravenously hungry. As he enters the house he catches the aroma of cooking food. What happens? Why, to use a vernacular phrase, "his mouth waters." The attention is directed to the need of eating, and the organs engaged in eating and digestion at once begin to get a greatly increased supply of blood.

It is out of the blood that these digestive organs manufacture their various fluids by which each organ accomplishes its special part in the work of digestion; so when an increased quantity of blood is poured into them each organ begins at once to make large quantities of its peculiar fluid.

The salivary glands are in the mouth, under the tongue mostly, and when a greatly increased quantity of blood is sent to them they at once elaborate and pour out into the mouth a portion of their contents; so the hungry man who smells the odor of cooking food waters at the mouth. Thus the mind governs the body.

Now, the action of the glands of the mouth which produce saliva is exactly like the action of the glands elsewhere in the body which produce gastric juice, pancreatic juice, bile and other fluids, through the associated action of which the process of digestion is carried on. When the hungry man smells the aroma of food there is a rush of blood to all the digestive organs, mouth, stomach, small intestine and liver. As a result of this increase of circulation there is suddenly poured out more digestive fluid, not only saliva, but the others as well. The gastric juice begins to flow, the pancreas and liver get ready, and the entire digestive system is prepared and able to take care of any food which is reasonable in kind and quantity.

The point of greatest importance in all this is that these fluids are poured out only when the mental condition is right—when there is in the mind a desire for food. If there should be any feeling of disinclination for food, if there should be even an indifference to food, the food taken under such circumstances would not and could not be properly digested.

If there is in the mind any feeling other than desire for food, if just previous to eating or while eating anything should occur to disturb or distract the mind, then there would be immediate derangement of the circulation. Under these circumstances the blood would be withdrawn from the digestive organs and the elaboration of the fluids of digestion would cease. Then, of course, the body would be in no condition to receive or digest food.

Suppose that our friend returning from his long walk greeted at the door by the odors of fragrant viands a few moments later is handed a telegram informing him of the sudden death of

Vapo-Cresolene

Established 1879

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?

It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.

Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Sold by druggists.

Send postal for booklet. LEEHING, MILLS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, Canada. 307



A LEARNED LUNATIC.

Alexander Cruden, the Compiler of the Bible Concordance.

Alexander Cruden, the persevering and painstaking compiler of the famous Concordance to the Bible, was appointed bookseller to the queen of George II. by Sir Robert Walpole. The Concordance which has conferred celebrity on his name was published and dedicated to Queen Caroline in 1737. He was permitted to present a copy of it in person to her majesty, who, he said, smiled upon him and assured him she was much obliged to him. She died sixteen days afterward, and Cruden did not reap the benefit of the queen's appreciation which he had anticipated. He prepared a second edition twenty-four years afterward and dedicated it to her grandson, George III. For this and a third edition issued in 1769 he reaped a reward of £800.

Cruden was a very eccentric character and was thrice placed in private lunatic asylums. He designated himself "Alexander the Corrector" and also the "Corrector of Morals," his claim to the latter title consisting in his stopping all persons whom he met in public places on Sundays and admonishing them to go home and keep the Sabbath day holy. He was a great believer in the distribution of tracts and spent a great part of his means in this way.

It seems difficult to believe that an eccentric man of this sort should have his name associated with such a remarkably painstaking book as his Concordance undoubtedly is, as it must have cost an enormous amount of labor in its compilation, but it was probably the severity of his occupation that unhinged his mind. He died at Camden street, Islington, on Nov. 1, 1770.

AN OCEAN VOYAGE.

One of the Things It Teaches Is the Value of System.

"I wish," said the head of a large business house, "that every man who distresses his friends and associates by his lack of method could be told off to take a trip or a succession of trips on the sea. He'd learn something; he'd have to. There's a force in example, you know, and the effects of shipshape conditions would make themselves felt sooner or later. I don't mean to say that a revolution in character would follow any such experience, but with the majority of people it is safe to say that there would be some alteration for the better."



The Pursuit of Happiness and Comfort

Impels everyone when suffering with eye-ache, etc., etc., to consult a good honest competent Optician or Oculist. Oculists elsewhere you do not and promise to tell you if necessary to go to a specialist.

Most Expert Testing Free.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded everytime, bear in mind.

P. CHINNECK, Jeweller

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

AS A WORKING TOOL

for the student and the writer, or an authoritative reference book for schools, teachers, families, business and professional men, there is no book which offers superior advantages in the solid value of its information, and the ease with which it is obtained.

One's admiration for Webster's

of Canada should bless the day when public affairs were taken from the hands of the incompetent men who did not measure up to the standard required of statesmen in whose hands the affairs of Canada will be safe, and placed them in charge of men who have worthily filled their trust.

Flagrant abuses of the election laws by the Conservatives induced the government some time ago to pass a resolution indicating that amendments to the election act would be introduced. The minister of Justice has brought down his bill, and the provisions in same are aimed at a prevention of the more serious offences. What the government seeks to secure is clean elections, and this bill is intended to attain that object.

On Tuesday Mr. Fielding, Minister of Finance, made his budget speech, and the people of Canada may prepare themselves for a treat in the form of a very substantial surplus, one of the largest in the history of the country.

A "DEMON" DISEASE.

Doctors' prescriptions and strongest liniments had no effect on Mr. Humphrey's rheumatism—Two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure cured what he is pleased to call "this Demon from the Lower Regions."

Henry Humphrey, of London, Ont., expresses himself very strongly:—"I think Rheumatism is a demon from the lower regions, judging by my sufferings before I began using South American Rheumatic Cure. Doctors prescribed the strongest liniments with no more effect than water, but this great remedy had me up and about my work, and as well as ever, after taking only a couple of bottles." (27)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

Case For an Expert.

"Have you fixed up my will just the way I told you?" asked the sick man, who was the possessor of many needy relatives and some well to do but, grasping ones.

"I have," asserted the lawyer. "Just as strong and tight as you can make it, eh?" asked his client. The lawyer nodded.

"All right," said the sick man. "Now I want to ask you one thing—not professionally—who do you think stands the best chance of getting the property when I'm gone?"

Would Take Nothing.

Mrs. Brown (who thinks of hiring)—But is the girl honest? Can she be trusted. Mrs. Brown (the girl's former mistress)—You need not be in the least alarmed. She is perfectly honest. All the time she was with me I never knew her to take a thing, not even my advice as to how things should be done.

Waits and Measures.

"What sort of a table do they set at your boarding house?" asked the young man who was contemplating a change. "A table of waits and measures," replied his friend, "the first long and the latter short."

Almost.

Horace—Did the college authorities reinstate young Smith after he was expelled? Helen—Almost. Horace—Almost? Helen—Yes; I heard his folks say he was halfback.

His Contributions.

Missionary—Do you ever contribute money for the heathen in foreign lands, sir? Millionaire—Oh, yes. Both of my daughters married foreign noblemen.—Judge.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

no condition to receive or digest food. Suppose that our friend returning from his long walk greeted at the door by the odors of fragrant viands a few moments later is handed a telegram informing him of the sudden death of his only son in a distant city. What happens then? At once there is a profound change in the circulation. The blood which a moment previously was massed at the stomach and other organs of digestion, all ready to take care of the meal, is at once switched off to the brain. The man flushes and then pales. His muscles lose their power. He drops into a chair. Perhaps he weeps. Hunger? It is the last thing in his thoughts. "I cannot eat!" he cries. "Oh, my son, my son!"

And the same perversion of the circulation occurs in anger, anxiety, worry, jealousy, haste, excitement or any other state of mental pain or inquietude. All these conditions simply put the digestive organs for the time "out of business." Food taken under such conditions cannot possibly be digested. Instead it will ferment, putrefy in the system and will be the cause of discomfort, of disturbed function, of disease, perhaps of death.

Does this seem extreme? Let me tell you a story. A great, strong, big breasted, energetic man comes in from a day's fishing. He is delightfully tired, "hungry as a bear." At the hotel he finds waiting for him a telegram, bad news. He says, "I can't eat." His friends persuade him. He eats a hearty meal. In two hours he is dead. It is a true story. I know of a score of such cases.

And from all this what can we learn? We can learn this: We must not eat when we are hurried, excited, angry, grieved, anxious, worried or shocked, for food at such times will do us only harm—will perhaps send us with indecorous promptitude to that bourn from which no traveler returns. Food taken under such conditions will not digest, but will promptly begin to decompose, forming poisons that will produce any one or more of a numberless multitude of symptoms, ranging from simple headache to death from heart failure.—W. R. C. Latson, M. D., in New York Tribune.

Preacher's Opinions

Rev. P. K. McRae, Forks Baddeck, C. B.: "I always count it a pleasure to recommend the Dr. Slocum Remedies to my parishioners. I believe there is nothing better for throat and lung troubles or weakness or run-down system. For speaker's sore throat I have found Psychine very beneficial."

Rev. W. H. Stevens, Paisley, Ont.: "Psychine seemed just the stimulant my system needed. I shall add my testimony as to its efficacy at every opportunity."

Rev. R. M. Browne, Amherst Head, N.S.: "I have often recommended Psychine since taking it myself, for it is a cure for the troubles you specify."

Rev. Chas. Stirling, Bath, N.B.: "I have used Psychine in my family; the results were marvelous. I have visited people who state that they never used its equal. I strongly recommend it."

Rev. J. S. I. Wilson, Markdale, Ont.: "I have taken two bottles of Psychine and am pleased to say that I am greatly improved in health. I was troubled with my throat, but now I find it about restored to its normal condition. I find my work very much less taxing. I believe Psychine is all claimed for it."

These are earnest preachers of the gospel of Psychine. They know whereof they speak. Psychine cures all throat, lung and stomach troubles. It is a great voice strengthener, acting directly on the vocal, respiratory and digestive organs, thus specially adapted to public speakers. At all druggists, 50c and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Ltd., Toronto.

sooner or later. I don't mean to say that a revolution in character would follow any such experience, but with the majority of people it is safe to say that there would be some alteration for the better.

"Oh, yes, I know, there are certain men and women who are born to disorder, as you might say, and who couldn't be helped by any course of treatment. They are the unfortunates of business and professional life, that's all. But for the ignorant, the thoughtless, those who never have appreciated what a saving of time is involved in a little sensible planning or in the following of approved system in routine matters, a sea voyage, with its discipline, its precise allotment of time, its method, in a word, must prove a most beneficial thing. It's funny that when you hear so much about the restfulness of ocean travel so few realize that the regularity of the life, its system, its evident adaptation of means to ends, constitutes such a large factor in bringing about this result. And the same principle can be applied on shore."

Diamond Cut Diamond.

Once upon a time there were in Paris two papers, the Razor and the Scorpion, which were always going for each other with great ferocity. Every week people bought the Razor to read how it cut at the Scorpion and the Scorpion to learn how it stung the Razor.

A certain philanthropist felt pained to see such violence, so he invited the two editors to dine in the hope that over good fare he could make peace between them. At the appointed time one lean, melancholy man presented himself and was ushered in. After an interval, as no other guest approached, the host demanded:

"May I ask, are you the editor of the Razor or Scorpion?"

"Both," said the sad eyed man.

I, Myself.

From this hour I decree that my being be freed from all restraint and limits.

I go where I will, my own absolute and complete master.

I breathe deeply in space. The east and the west are mine.

Mine all the north and south. I am greater and better than I thought myself.

I did not know that so much boundless goodness was in me.

Whoever disowns me causes me no annoyance.

Whoever recognizes me shall be blessed and will bless me.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address, Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—MR. E. R. McBRIDE, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—MRS. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee. All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste, A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

and professional men, there is no book which offers superior advantages in the solid value of its information, and the ease with which it is obtained.

One's admiration for Webster's International Dictionary increases daily as it comes to be better known. It never refuses the information sought and it never overwhelms one with a mass of misinformation illogically arranged.

The St. James Gazette of London, England, says: For the teacher, the pupil, the student and the litterateur, there is nothing better; it covers everything.

The New and Enlarged Edition recently issued has 25,000 new words, a revised Biographical Dictionary and a revised Gazetteer of the World, 2380 pages and 5000 illustrations. It has just received

THE GRAND PRIZE

(Highest Award) at the World's Fair, St. Louis.

Our name is on the copyright page of all authentic Webster's dictionaries.

FREE "A Test in Pronunciation," instructive and entertaining for the whole family. Also illustrated pamphlet.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., PUBLISHERS, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

The Chinese Language.

The Chinese language has no alphabet. Instead of being formed from an alphabet, its words are either symbols intended to represent images or are formed by a combination of lines or of two or more such symbols. The language is monosyllabic. Every word is a root, and every root is a word, and ancient tradition makes it out that the founder of the written language of China was one Tsang Ke, who lived some 3,000 years B. C. According to the account, Tsang Ke, while wandering one day in the fields, found a tortoise, and, observing its shell distinctly and beautifully marked, he took it home and thus formed the idea of representing the objects around him. Looking upward, he carefully observed the figures presented by the stars, after which he attentively considered the forms of birds, mountains, rivers, etc., and from them at length originated the written characters. At any rate, the Chinese language, as written, is simply a great mass of hieroglyphics.—New York American.

\$100.00 paid by Dr. Shoop for any recent case of Grippe or acute Cold that a 25 cent box of Preventives will not break. How is this for an offer? The doctor's supreme confidence in these little Candy Cold Tablets—Preventives—is certainly complete. It's a \$100 against 25 cents—pretty big odds. And Preventives, remember, contain no quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Pneumonia would never appear if early colds were already broken. Safe and sure for feverish children. 48 Preventives 55c. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

ALMOST GIVEN UP

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" SAVED HIS LIFE

Mr. Dingwall was Superintendent of St. Andrews Sunday School in Williams town for nine years and License Commissioner for Glengarry — and Tax Collector for Charlottetown — for fourteen years continuously. Read how strongly Mr. Dingwall comes out in favor of "Fruit-a-tives."



Williamstown, Ont., April 5th., 1907.

I have much pleasure in testifying to the almost marvellous benefit I have derived from taking "Fruit-a-tives." I was a life long sufferer from Chronic Constipation and the only medicine I ever secured to do me any real good was "Fruit-a-tives." This medicine cured me when everything else failed. Also, last spring, I had a severe attack of bladder trouble with kidney trouble, and "Fruit-a-tives" cured these complaints for me, when the physician attending me had practically given me up. I am now over eighty years of age and I can strongly recommend "Fruit-a-tives" for Chronic Constipation and bladder and kidney trouble. This medicine is mild like fruit, is easy to take, but most effective in action.

147
(Sgd) JAMES DINGWALL.
"Fruit-a-tives" — or "Fruit Liver Tablets" are sold by dealers at 50c a box — 6 for \$2.50 — or will be sent on receipt of price. Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Excusable.

Mrs. Suburbanite—John, that's twice you've come home and forgotten to bring the lard.

Mr. Suburbanite—It's so greasy it slipped my mind.—Judge.

A Slip.

"What shall I play?" asked the organist of an absentminded clergyman.
"What sort of a hand have you got?" was the unexpected reply.—London Telegraph.

'Tis not the many oaths that make the truth.—Shakespeare.

THE FIRST INDUSTRY.

Problems of the Farm Curiously Ignored by the Ancients.

Why agriculture, the first industry to be learned and so obviously the most fundamental, was the last to be developed is one of the most baffling mysteries of history. One marvels at it afresh as one stands before a certain glass case in the Egyptian quarter of the British museum, wherein is a little group of farm utensils—a fractured wooden plow, a rusted sickle, two sticks tied together with a leathern thong and several tassels that had hung on the horns of oxen. To be sure, these implements were used 3,000 years ago—they were found in the tomb of Seti I.—but one remembers that when Egypt was using these bread tools, no better than those of the barbarians about her, she had a most elaborate government, an army and navy and art and literature.

The records and relics of other nations down through history show the same strange incongruity. For thousands of years the wise men of the world absolutely ignored the problems of the farm. A farmer remained either a serf or a tenant. He was a stolid drudge—"brother to the ox." Even the masterful old pilgrim fathers had no plows at all—nothing but hoes and sharp sticks—for the first twelve years of their pioneering.

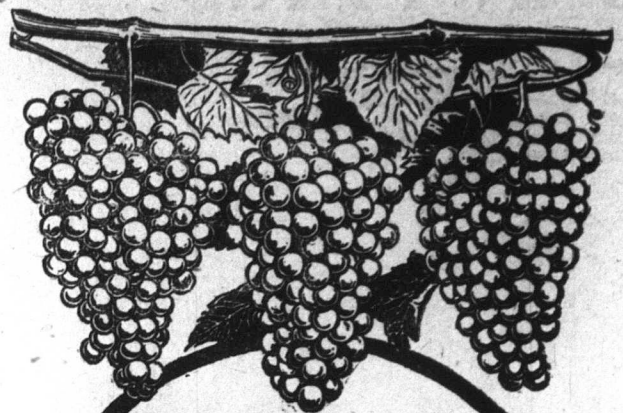
And therefore for thousands of years there was hunger.—*Macfarlane*

LORD KELVIN'S SUMS.

Slips of an Absentminded Dentist In Simple Arithmetic.

Great scientist though he was, the late Lord Kelvin sometimes failed to do simple addition or subtraction sums correctly. Once on a blackboard at Glasgow university he made two and two five and, hearing the delighted laughter of the class, hastily altered the five to a three. On another occasion he said, "Seven times nine, Mr. Macfarlane, are a hundred and what?" (Pause.) "But, no," continued the scientist, "seven times nine cannot be a hundred and anything, for the square of a hundred is ten."

How he nearly lost his life through his devotion to science was told by Lord Kelvin himself in the house of lords some years ago. He was engaged in testing certain chemical ingredients which could be safely mixed together in particular proportions, but which became a highly explosive mixture if the weight of one element was exceeded. His assistant in adjusting the difference between the decimal system and ordinary troy weight measured out a quantity which would have meant certain death to both and was just adding it to the mortar when Lord Kelvin noticed the mistake.



ROYAL Baking Powder

The only Baking Powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar —made from grapes—

Insures healthful and delicious food for every home—every day

Safeguards your food against alum and phosphate of lime



COURTESY IN THE ORIENT.

An Attempted Innovation That Did Not Meet With Favor.

It is not always wise to force upon a people new customs, even those of advanced principle, in the face of long established tradition. Lady Burton discovered this truth when she attempted to introduce European courtesy into the orient. She tells of her experience in "Inner Life of Syria." The incident occurred at one of her own receptions.

It is de rigueur every time coffee, tea or sherbet comes in for every fresh relay of visitors that I should take it with them and drink first. When I first arrived I used to get up as a matter of course, make the tea and coffee and carry it round. The dragomans would sit lazily and watch.

One day I asked them to get up and help me. They were pleased to do so and willingly handed the refreshments to any of the Europeans, man or woman, but not to their own ladies, who blushed, begged their pardon and were quite confused when I made it known this attention was for them as well as for others. The women looked appealingly at me and stood up, praying not to be served. One man who was really in love with his wife, a beautiful creature, gave her a teacup as if it were a good joke, with a little sneer. She bent, kissed his hand and begged his pardon.

I felt quite indignant with the men for so behaving to their wives, mothers and sisters, but one said to me:

"Pray, Mrs. Burton, do not teach our women things they do not know about and never saw."

After that I held my tongue, but I let him know that with Europeans it was the height of bad taste not to wait on any woman.

FREAKS OF CLOCKS.

Electric Storms May Stop Them and May Also Start Them.

"A watch may need cleaning when it is not dirty at all," said a watchmaker, quoted in the Washington Post. "This sometimes accounts for a great deal of misunderstanding between the owner of a new watch and the watchmaker to whom it is brought for examination. Furthermore, a watch which has never been worn may need cleaning."

A common reason is that oil in a watch may have dried up around the pivot and become sticky, thus causing a watch to go very slowly or stop entirely, in which case of course it needs not only cleaning, but the addition of fresh oil.

The oil which is considered best for watches is made from the porpoise or blackfish jawbone. These oils have a most disagreeable odor and have to be treated chemically before being used.

The skeleton of the fish, with only the head left on, is hung in the hot sun for several days and the oil allowed to ooze out slowly. All the volatile parts of the oil are naturally neutralized in this manner, and the oil collected is said to remain fluid and clear when it comes in contact with metal for as long as ten years.

Makers of chronometers are especially scrupulous in the preparation of oils, owing to the accuracy which is demanded of these delicate timepieces, and often prepare their own oil by mixing porpoise, sperm, olive and neatsfoot and a small quantity of mineral oil. When these oils are mixed, it is customary to keep them in an uncorked bottle exposed to the sun. This is done to allow all foreign and coloring substances to fall to the bottom, after which the oil is filtered

A

REMARKABLE INVENTION

FOR THE

CULTURE OF HAIR





CULTURE OF HAIR

THE EVANS VACUUM CAP is a practical invention constructed on scientific and hygienic principles by the simple means of which a free and normal circulation is restored throughout the scalp. The minute blood vessels are gently stimulated to activity, thus allowing the food supply which can only be derived from the blood, to be carried to the hair roots, the effects of which are quickly seen in a healthy, vigorous growth of hair. There is no rubbing, and as no drugs or chemicals of whatsoever kind are employed there is nothing to cause irritation. It is only necessary to wear the Cap three or four minutes daily.

60 DAYS' FREE TRIAL! The Company's Guarantee.

AN EVANS VACUUM CAP will be sent you for sixty days' free trial. I you do not see a gradual development of a new growth of hair, and are not convinced that the Cap will completely restore your hair, you are at liberty to return the Cap with no expense whatever to yourself. It is requested, as an evidence of good faith, that the price of the Cap be deposited with the Chancery Lane Safe Deposit Company of London, the largest financial and business institution of the kind in the world, who will issue a receipt guaranteeing that the money will be returned in full, on demand without questions or comment, at any time during the trial period.

The eminent Dr. I. N. LOVE, in his address to the Medical Board on the subject of Alopecia (loss of hair) stated that if a means could be devised to bring nutrition to the hair follicles (their roots), without restoring to any irritating process, the problem of hair growth would be solved. Later on, when the EVANS VACUUM CAP was submitted to him for inspection, he remarked that the Cap would fulfil and confirm in practice the observations he had previously made before the Medical Board.

Dr. W. MOORE, referring to the invention, says that the principle upon which the Evans Vacuum Cap is founded is absolutely correct and indisputable.

An illustrated and descriptive book of the Evans Vacuum Cap will be sent, post free, on application.

THE SECRETARY, EVANS VACUUM CAP CO., LIMITED.
Regent House, Regent Street, London, W.

women things they do not know about and never saw."

After that I held my tongue, but I let him know that with Europeans it was the height of bad taste not to wait on any woman.

Explosive Force of Water.

Water, looked upon as the tameest of liquids, is as great an explosive as dynamite under certain conditions. In one day water breaks up more earth and rock than all the gunpowder, gun cotton and dynamite in the world do in a year. These explosives can be controlled by human agency, but water does not hold itself accountable to man. It runs into the ground, freezes, expands and splits the soil into little pieces. Finding a crack in a huge rock, it repeats the same process, forcing it asunder. If frozen in the pores of a tree it often explodes with a report like a gunshot and the force of a dynamite bomb.—Popular Mechanics.

Funny Thing About Jersey.

The policeman who usually guards the Broadway and Dey street corner, but who is now off on sick leave as a result of trying to stop a runaway horse, was in a reminiscent mood.

"All sorts of people pass the corner," he said. "One day I missed a German porter who was in the habit of stopping to speak to me every day. A few days later he reappeared, and I asked him where he had been.

"Over in Jersey," he replied.
"What part of Jersey?" I asked.
"I don't know," replied the German. "Funny thing 'bout them towns over in Jersey. They all have different names."

Disqualified.

"I should like to be excused, your lordship," said a man who had been summoned on a jury.

"What for?"
"I owe a man £5, and I want to hunt him up and pay it."

"Do you mean to tell this court you would hunt up a man to pay a bill instead of waiting for him to hunt you up?"

"Yes, your lordship."
"You are excused. I don't want any man on the jury who will lie like that."—London Chronicle.

Something the Same.

"Politics must be a very trying profession."

"I don't know," answered Senator Sorghum, "that it is so different in politics from what it is in private life. Your friends all speak well of you and your enemies knock."

Her Portrait.

Miss Elderly—I painted this portrait of myself some weeks ago and—Cadlings (looking at the picture of a young girl)—What a good memory you have!

HERE'S A HEART POINTER.

No beating about the bush for Aaron Nichols—he believes Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart cured his wife, and he says so straight.

"This is to certify that I bought two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart for my wife who has been for twenty years a great sufferer from Heart Disease. She had more benefit from it than from all the doctors that have attended her, and I am pleased to give this certificate of its wonderful curative powers."

Aaron Nichols, Peterboro P.O., Ont.
He believes in thirty minutes. (26)

Sold by T. B. Wallace

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light 21-t-f

ringing porpoise, sperm, whale, walrus, and a small quantity of mineral oil. When these oils are mixed, it is customary to keep them in an uncorked bottle exposed to the sun. This is done to allow all foreign and coloring substances to fall to the bottom, after which the oil is filtered through a mixture of charcoal dust and animal charcoal.

"Clocks sometimes stop running for no apparent reason. During an electric storm it is not uncommon for them to stop abruptly, only to resume their regular functions with as much accuracy as ever after a certain interval of time. This interval may be only for a few moments or it may be for years.

"On the other hand, electric storms have been known to be responsible for the starting of old clocks which have remained mute and inactive for years. Imagine the utter amazement of the members of the household upon suddenly hearing the solemn tick-tack of a stately old hall clock which from all appearance had long ago retired from active service."

The Serious Breton.

The Breton is stalwart in stature and stern and serious in disposition. He has hewed his life out amid the serious things and along the rocky roads. His bronzed face looks austere, but beneath his blue blouse beats a heart warm and true. The primitive simplicity of his life and the intenseness of his religion give the Breton short view of the frivolities of existence. He carries his religion into his daily life and work, and along all the roads are gaudy crucifixes, which the peasants never pass without kneeling and crossing themselves. It is characteristic of all these Brittany folk that they mind their own business. I don't know what the result would be if you were to try a joke on them. I should be afraid to undertake it. Life is a serious problem to the Breton. It is homespun for him even though the rest of France may be arrayed in silks. He has worked out an existence against great odds, and it has given him a character and physique which make him notable among his fellow countrymen.—Frank Presbrey in *Outing Magazine*.

No Flattery Necessary.

"You needn't begin jollying me," said the gruff man to the man who had land to sell. "I'm not a man that can be affected by flattery. When I"—

"That's just what I said to my boss," interrupted the agent. "I told him when he suggested your name to me that it was a relief to call on a man who did not expect to be praised and flattered to his face all the time. I tell you, Mr. Grump, this city has mighty few men such as you. Nine men out of ten are simply dying to have some one tell them how great they are, but you are above such weakness. Any one can see that at a glance. I'm glad of it. It's helpful to me to meet a man who rises superior to the petty tactics of the average solicitor. It's a real and lasting benefit and an instructive experience."

Ten minutes later, after a few more such comments on the part of the agent, the man who could not be flattered into signing the contract was asking which line his name should be written upon.

Society.

"Van Arthur is reducing expenses, isn't he?"

"Quite materially. I heard him say he was looking about for a cheaper wife."

Behind the Bars.

He once was making money. Much more than he could use. Detectives caught him at it. And now he's making shoes. —Buffalo News.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 12	No. 14	No. 16	No. 18
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
yo Bannockburn	0	5:00	1:40		
Allans	5	5:15	1:50		
Queensboro	8	5:25	2:05		
Bridgewater	14	5:40	2:20		
Ar Lve Tweed	20	5:55	2:45		
Tweed	7:00	7:20	2:55		
Stoco	21	7:40	3:05		
Larkins	27	7:55	3:20		
Marlbauk	33	8:10	3:30		
Erinsville	37	8:25	3:55		
Tennsworth	40	8:40	3:30	4:15	
Wilson	44				
Enterprise	46	8:55	3:50	4:35	
Mudlake Bridge	48				
Mooscow	51	9:07	4:02	4:47	
Galbraith	53				
Ar Lve Yarker	55	9:15	4:10	4:55	
Yarker	55	10:10	5:17	5:25	
Camden East	59	10:20	5:38		
Thomson's Mills	61				
Newburgh	61	10:35	5:40	5:45	
Strathcona	62	10:45	5:50	5:58	
Napanee	69	11:00	6:05	6:15	
Ar Lve Napanee	69				
Ar Deseronto	78	11:25	6:35		

Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.

Stations	Miles	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	No. 8
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Kingston	0		3:25		
G. T. R. Junction	8		3:35		
Glenvale	10		3:54		
Murvale	14		4:04		
Ar Lve Harrowsmith	19	8:00			
Harrowsmith	23	8:10			
Frontenac	26				
Yarker	28	8:35		4:50	
Ar Lve Yarker	28	9:05	3:05	5:25	
Camden East	32	9:15	3:15	5:35	
Thomson's Mills	31				
Newburgh	33	9:25	3:25	5:48	
Strathcona	34	9:35	3:35	5:58	
Napanee	40	10:00	3:50	6:15	
Ar Lve Napanee	40				
Ar Deseronto	48				

Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston.

Stations	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	No. 7
		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Lve Deseronto	0	7:00			
Ar Napanee	7	7:20			
Lve Napanee	7	7:50	12:45	4:55	
Strathcona	15	8:05	12:55	5:10	
Newburgh	17	8:15	12:50	5:20	
Thomson's Mills	18				
Camden East	19	8:30	12:50	5:30	
Ar Lve Yarker	23	8:45	1:05	5:45	
Yarker	23	8:55		5:55	
Frontenac	26				
Ar Lve Harrowsmith	32	9:10		6:10	
Harrowsmith	34				
Sydenham	34				
Lve Harrowsmith	35	9:10			
Murvale	39	9:22			
Glenvale	39	9:32			
G. T. R. Junction	47	9:50			
Ar Kingston	52	10:00			

LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.

NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON.

TRAINS	STEAMERS
Leave Napanee	Leave Deseronto
2:20 a.m.	2:40 a.m.
3:30 " 3:50 "	
6:30 " 6:50 "	7:00 a.m.
8:15 " 8:35 "	
10:30 " 10:50 "	
11:00 " 11:25 "	1:40 p.m.
12:05 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
1:40 " 1:50 "	
1:25 " 1:40 "	5:30 p.m.
4:30 " 4:50 "	7:00 p.m.
6:35 " 6:55 "	
6:50 " 7:10 "	7:00 a.m.
8:15 " 8:35 "	8:30 a.m.

PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE.

STEAMERS	TRAINS.
Leave Picton	Leave Deseronto
6:00 a.m.	9:50 a.m.
7:25 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
9:50 a.m.	12:40 p.m.
	12:55 p.m.
	3:45 p.m.
	6:10 "
	7:40 "
	11:30 a.m.
4 p.m.	1:00 "
5:30 p.m.	5:55 "
	7:00 "
	7:20 "

Daily. All other rains run daily (Sundays excepted).

WALTER RATHBUN
President.

H. B. SHERWOOD
Superintendent.

D. A. VALLEAU
Asst. Superintendent.

LIFE SPONTANEOUS.

It is the inevitable Outcome of the Cooling of a Globe.

So far as we have evidence, life is an inevitable outcome of the cooling of a globe, provided that globe is sufficiently large, for life did not reach this earth from without. No fanciful meteorite bore it the seeds which have since sprouted and overrun its surface. Meteorites gave it life, indeed, but in the more fundamental way in which all nature's processes are done, by supplying it with matter only from which by evolution life arose. Of this we are absolutely certain from the fact that while meteors were falling upon it in any numbers they were forming its mass, the full heat of which had not yet been evolved by their impact and subsequent condensation. The heat that thence ensued was excessive, many fold greater than sufficed to kill any germs that might have come to it housed in the meteorites themselves. Thus the action due the meteorites after they came must have annihilated any organic possibilities they may have brought with them. Those arriving after the heat had waned enough to make survival possible found life already started, since protoplasm formed the moment cooling permitted of it.

The proof that life was here spontaneously evolved appears at every stage in its history not only in its origin, but at every step of its progress upward where a marked departure occurs from its previous course. It and the environment are observed to have changed together. Two short parallel columns, the one showing the changes that have occurred in the habitat, the other those supervening in the inhabitant, will make this not simply clear, but striking. As effective as the well known deadly parallel of oratorical utterances, this life giving one reaches the same certainty through the probabilities disclosed.

Occasion of this vital parallelism occurs at the very start. Indeed, we may go back of this and note agreement before the start, for until the conditions were such as could support life no life appeared. This is the first coincidence. Another follows on its heels with the dawn both of conditions fit for some existence and of that existence itself. The waters were its birthplace. No other portion of the surface could then have offered it a home, and nowhere except in the sea is it then found.

The simultaneity of each new birth and each new cradle crops up again when a new field arose by the making of the land. As soon as this was suitable plants appeared to take possession of it and from that time on neglected more and more the sea.

The fourth parallel is found in the significant fact that the edible plants and the plant eaters made their debut on the scene together in miocene times, the world having got along without both before that epoch. This entry hand in hand, so to speak, De Laparent, the great French geologist, does not hesitate to link logically and to regard the one as the necessary complement of the other. If this were not the case, there is certainly no reason why they should appear at the same instant of time. Food evokes its eater in fact as definitely as in phraseology.

The last of this procession of coincidences, man, came on the globe at the time when the cooling of the globe rendered his own extension possible at the least expense to himself. His brain allowed him to take advantage of conditions less intrinsically favorable than other animals could endure. His mind clothed his body and gave him fire, and with these two products he sallied forth to meet the world.



This woman says Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured her. Read her letter.

Mrs. J. A. Laliberte, of 34 Artillerie St., Quebec, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"For six years I have been doctoring for female weakness, heart and nerves, liver and kidney trouble, but in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I can safely say I have found a cure.

"I was continually bothered with the most distressing backaches, headaches, and bearing-down pains, and I kept growing more and more nervous.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound relieved me of all these distressing symptoms and made me a well woman. I would advise all suffering women, young or old, to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

MARLBANK.

Carman Young and George Pringle attended Roblin church last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Woodhouse, spent a few days with friends at Tweed last week.

Henry Calver, gardener for the cement company, visited his home at Bath, last Sunday.

Miss Grace Pringle spent a few days with friends at Roblin, last week.

James Marlin and daughter, visited Mr. and Mrs. Albert Youngs, here last week.

Frank Hughes left here for Arden, where his father is keeping store.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fitzgerald, Belleville, visited friends here this week.

ENGLISH SPAIN LINIMENT removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, swellings, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by—T. B. Wallace.

DENBIGH

A rather sad and not very frequent occurrence took place here on the 5th inst., when the remains of two of our oldest and most respected neighbors were bedded for their last sleep in one grave. Mr. John Dool, who as already reported, died on the 2nd inst., at the age of 94 years, was followed in the morning of the 4th by his faithful wife Sarah, who had been ailing for a couple of weeks, and whose illness was

NAPANEE MODEL SCHOOL.

Honor Roll, February.

Entrance—E. Smith, G. Dickenson, F. Brown, E. Newport, P. Giroux, A. Bellhouse, E. Johnson, C. Cowan, P. Vrooman, M. McMillan, M. Rankin, J. Schy, H. Monck, W. Card, C. Clark.

Intermediate IV—N. Root, L. Wilson, N. VanDusen, K. Ham, F. Leonard, G. Battle, M. Edwards, G. Campbell, G. Wilson, Myrtle Edwards, G. Metzler, M. Smith, H. Taylor, L. Clancy, C. Perry, L. Meng, L. Vine.

JR. IV—W. Clancy, K. Kimmerly, C. Mills, W. Denison, R. Minchinton, S. Herrington, L. Zollner, G. Bartlett, I. Wasar, H. Daly, K. Greene.

SR. III—R. Gordon, M. McNeill, E. Fraick, H. Parks, A. Fitzpatrick, G. Eskins, L. VanAlstyne, E. Norris, D. Smith, D. VanAlstyne, C. Mills, H. B. uton, G. Zollner, M. Gleason, R. Friskin, P. Pendell, B. Wilson, N. Giroux, H. Herrington, E. McMillan, R. Longeks, G. Rodgers, E. King, G. Miller, C. Harshaw.

JR. III A.—L. Solmes, D. Paul, J. Daly, T. Donohue, J. Vrooman, L. Harshaw, I. Evans, K. Daly, H. VanAlstyne, B. Bruton, B. Peterson, E. Webdale, L. Scott, C. Paul, F. Walker, G. Wilson, R. Jones, L. Marchaisello, M. Mills, H. Loucks.

JR. III B.—Gertie Warner, A. Mand, M. Laird, S. Wheeler, L. Trumper, F. Graham, N. Root, C. Clarke.

SR. II—F. Davern, V. Conway, B. Belcher, H. Markle, A. Spinks, W. Roy, D. Robinson, K. Hull, R. Graham, C. Zollner, R. Bartlett, H. Lloyd, H. Baker, G. Frizell, H. Parks, H. Walker, V. Hall.

JR. II A.—M. Spinks, F. King, M. Markle, H. Booth, J. Vanstetene, B. Babcock, H. McGuire, C. Rodgers, R. Sine, F. Carter.

JR. II B.—C. Scott, G. Weese, F. Johnston, A. Herrington, M. Madole, A. Fralick, G. Greer.

SR. PT. II—M. Shannon, G. Wilson, K. Daly, M. Shannon, J. Foster, L. Vauvolkenburg, F. VanDusen, J. Woodcock, M. Hawley.

JR. PT. II—M. Root, E. Tompkins, H. Douglas, W. Fralick, M. Wolfe, M. Stevens. PT. I Class D.—Neva Sine, Harold Miller, Ethel Carter, Morris Daly, Ruby Leonard, George Carter, Celina Tompkins, Ruby Babcock.

Class C.—Leonard Markle, Ernest Vanastine, Jusinta Thompson, Ruby Pybus, Naomi Webdale, Fred Huffman, Donald Anderson, Joseph Pizzariello, Helen Ferguson, Wallace Mitchell, Fred Peterson, Albert Storrings.

Class B.—Stanley Loucks, George Foster, Hugo Gleason, Guy Frazer, Myrtle Miller, Donald Friskin, Mildred Robin, Edith Metcalfe, Ray Kelly, Harold Harshaw, Reginald Plumley, Dorland Webdale.

Class A.—James Frazer, Harold Collier, Herbert Spinks, Ethel Bird, Arthur Hicks, Hazel Robin, Lester Sayer, Florence Powell, Bruce Davis, Frankie O'Neill, Earl Rodgers, Cassie Babcock, Felicia Huffman, Fred Tomlinson, Mabel Hart, Jean Harshaw, Ethel Tomlinson, Mary Baker.

EAST WARD.

SR. II—G. Nerrie, A. Wagar, L. Richards, R. Hetherington, D. Smith, W. Dibb, G. Paul, C. Davy, G. Davy, A. Vance, E. Kelly, J. Macdon, H. Duncan, A. Kelly.

JR. II—G. Emery, C. Peacock, J. Dibb, S. Metzler, H. Hawley, E. DeGroff, L. Denison, B. Smith.

PT. II—H. Cowan, R. Paul, A. Hetherington, W. Perry, M. Miles, H. Ward, E. Knowlton, L. Lafave, W. Cronin.

SR. PT. I—A. Knowlton, G. Wagar, V. Jones, F. Wagar, A. Pendall, R. Woodhams, J. Hawley, G. Mastin, I. Wagar, H. Perry.

JR. PT. I—M. Kelly, A. Knowlton.

HAD HIS REVENGE.

But the Heartless Hotel Man Got In the Last Laugh.

A hotel proprietor in Kansas City once told of an amusing incident connected with the stay at his house of a rural politician.

The politician had come to the hotel for but one day, and he had taken his dinner elsewhere with a friend. When on coming to pay his bill he found himself charged with a day's board, dinner and all, he protested vigorously. It was explained to him that the

THE BARBER'S UNION

Of Montreal, Canada.



MR. EDWARD BOUSQUET.

PE-RU-NA SCORES

Another Triumph In Canada.

President Edward Bousquet-Lauds In Glowing Words.

Mr. Edward Bousquet, 248 A Panet street, Montreal, Can., president of Barber's International Union, Local 455, writes:

"For several years I have suffered from catarrh. I tried many remedies with little or no results.

"I was advised by a friend to try Peruna, and after using a few bottles, I am much relieved.

"I believe Peruna to be the greatest known catarrh remedy of the age. I cheerfully recommend Peruna for catarrh."

The truthfulness of Mr. Bousquet's statements cannot be questioned. He has given a clear and frank recital of his experience with chronic catarrh, and how Peruna helped him when all other remedies failed.

Origin of "Robin Adair."

Those who have a leaning to the sentimental side of history will accept the version that the hero of the ballad was a young and handsome Irish surgeon, who, finding his way into London society about the middle of the eighteenth century, was fortunate enough to secure the affections of Lady Caroline Keppel, daughter of William, second earl of Albemarle, and his wife, Lady Anne Lennox, daughter of Charles, first duke of Richmond. The match was naturally looked on with disfavor by the family of the young lady, and it was during a period of temporary separation that Lady Caroline is said to have written the words of "Robin Adair" and set them to the old Irish tune of "Eileen Aroon," which she had learned from her lover. At length, however, love triumphed, and the pair were united on Feb. 22, 1758. Within a few days Adair was appointed inspector general of the military hospitals and, subsequently becoming a favorite of the king, was made surgeon general, king's sergeant surgeon and surgeon of Chelsea hospital. He died in 1790, leaving an only son, who entered the diplomatic service and became the Right Hon. Sir Robert Adair,

dered his own extension possible at the least expense to himself. His brain allowed him to take advantage of conditions less intrinsically favorable than other animals could endure. His mind clothed his body and gave him fire, and with these two products he sallied forth into a world where antagonists were chiefly climatic, with which he was fitted to cope.

Thus all along the line we perceive that life and its domicile arose together. The second is necessary to the first, and the first is always sufficient to the occasion. The coincidence of the possibility and its seizure, of the posse and the esse, seems to be a general principle of evolution. Endless variation is constantly in progress, and this variation takes advantage of any opportunity so soon as it occurs. Life but waits in the wings of existence for its cue to enter the scene the moment the stage is set.—Professor Lowell in Century Magazine.

"If the Eye Is Maimed"—

Necessity gives to the eye a precious power of seeing, and in the same way it gives a precious power of feeling to the whole body. Sometimes it seems as if the very substance of my flesh were so many eyes looking out at will upon a world new created every day. The silence and darkness which are said to shut me in open my door most hospitably to countless sensations that distract, inform, admonish and amuse. With my three trusty guides—touch, smell and taste—I make many excursions into the borderland of experience which is in sight of the city of light. Nature accommodates itself to every man's necessity. If the eye is maimed so that it does not see the beautiful face of day, the touch becomes more poignant and discriminating. Nature proceeds through practice to strengthen and augment the remaining senses. For this reason the blind often hear with greater ease and distinctness than other people. The sense of smell becomes almost a new faculty to penetrate the tangle and vagueness of things. Thus, according to an immutable law, the senses assist and reinforce one another.—Helen Keller's "Sense and Sensibility" in Century Magazine.

Knew the Animal.

Bacon—Were you ever in a runaway accident?
Egbert—Well, my horse ran away with me once, but I think it was more by design than accident on the part of that horse.—Yonkers Statesman.



BEFORE AND AFTER TREATMENT.

Canadian Tetterine
is an absolute, certain cure for Eczema, Acne Rosacea, Tetter, Pimples, Blackheads, Ringworm, Barbers' Itch, Scald Head, Itching Piles, Ulcers, Sores, and all cutaneous and facial blemishes. Has been thoroughly and successfully tested in hundreds of so called incurable cases. It is entirely unlike any other preparation, mixture or ointment that has been sold or prescribed. A few applications will convince that it has wonderful medical virtue and intrinsic merit. It is made in Canada. A good honest Canadian preparation. Price one box Fifty Cents, or five boxes Two Dollars. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. Sold and recommended by all leading Drug-gists in Canada. Pamphlet free to any address. Manufactured and sold by the sole proprietors.

The Tetterine Chemical Co.
Windsor, Ontario.

Sold in Nananee by F. L. Hooper, T. B. Wallace, T. A. Huffman and J. P. Lawra son, Druggists.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

stood and most respected neighbors were bedded for their last sleep in one grave. Mr. John Dool, who as already reported, died on the 2nd inst., at the age of 94 years, was followed in the morning of the 4th by his faithful wife Sarah, who had been ailing for a couple of weeks, and whose illness was aggravated by a severe attack of acute Bronchitis. She had shared her life's arduous joys and sorrows for nearly 64 years and reached the age of 86 years. The double funeral took place on the 5th inst. at the Methodist Church and Cemetery and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Huyck, and was attended by a very large number of sympathizing friends. The departure of the aged couple is mourned by three sons, three daughters, and a large number of grand children and great grand children.

Dr. Tennant has been kept very busy of late as quite a number in this vicinity as well as more distant patients are suffering from a very violent attack of La grippe.

THE TREE FROG.

Its Power of Changing Color For Self Protection.

The tree frog is found throughout the eastern United States, ranging west to Kansas and Texas and north into Canada. It inhabits woods and orchards and is found on trees, stone walls, fences and houses. The eggs, which are deposited early in May, are attached singly or in small groups to grass or dead stems at the surface of the water. Early in July the young have passed through the tadpole stage and leave the water. They are green at first, but soon turn to gray or gray and green. The tree frog is largely nocturnal in habits and feeds on insects. It is notable for its many color changes and varies from almost white to green or dark brown or various combinations of green and gray.

While the tree frog is common throughout the eastern United States, its purring trill is far more familiar than the frog itself, owing to its retiring habits and powers of resembling in color the object on which it rests. The tree frog is thus one of the best as well as one of the most familiar examples of what is called protective coloration, a resemblance in color between any animal and its surroundings that renders it inconspicuous and enables it to elude the eyes of animals.

Miss Mary Dickerson in "The Frog Book" says: "The color varies greatly at different times and in different conditions. In bright light and high temperature it may be yellowish white with no markings. In a dark, moist or cool place it may be deep stone gray or brown. When the background of color is green his characteristic markings may or may not appear. The changes of color are not rapid, an hour at least seeming necessary to create any radical difference. But it is usually true that the given dress harmonizes so perfectly with the surroundings that the tree frog is as invisible as though he were Perseus in his charmed helmet."

Cure for Weak Lungs

"I have used your Psychine for about six months, and have found it an excellent remedy for pneumonia and weak lungs." Ronald, Johnson, Farewell, Ont., April 15, 1907.

"Psychine is one of the best medicines on the market, and for all throat and lung troubles is unexcelled."—A word from a man who has tested it.

Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and all throat, lung and stomach troubles yield to Psychine. At all druggists, 50c. and \$1.00, or Dr. T. A. Sloeum, Limited, Toronto.

ural politician.

The politician had come to the hotel for but one day, and he had taken his dinner elsewhere with a friend. When on coming to pay his bill he found himself charged with a day's board, dinner and all, he protested vigorously. It was explained to him that the American plan was based strictly on time and that if he chose to eat elsewhere it was his own lookout. The man, however, refused to be pacified and paid the bill under protest. Then, to every one's surprise, he asked if dinner were "still on." Upon being informed that it lasted until 9 in the evening he exclaimed:

"I've eaten one dinner, but I'm going to get my money's worth out of this house if I suffer all the torments of dyspepsia."

He then rushed into one of the dining rooms, seized a bill of fare and ordered everything he could think of. When he finally reached his limit, the waiter handed him a check for \$8.35.

"What's that for?" he demanded.

"Your dinner, sir."

"But I have already paid for my dinner in my bill," protested the unfortunate man. "I am staying here on the American plan."

"Then you should have gone into the other dining room," said the writer. "This is the European plan cafe."

His Lecture on Job.

"I dunno what dey call Job a patient man for," said Brother Diekey. "kaze of all de growlers I ever hearn tell on he sho' wuz de growliest! But he sho' did have enough ter make him growl—dat he did! De devil say, 'Looky yer, Job, you in my power now, an' I gwine ter 'diet you wid a few biles.' 'An' Job say, 'All right; I kin stan' it ef you kin.' But de biles commence ter break out so thick an' fast dat Job say, 'Looky yer, man, dese ain't no biles—dis de smallpox, sho' ez you bo'n! An' he eetch so dat he had ter scratch hissef wid a goat's head. Den de devil git in a high win' an' blow down Job's hosse, an' dat wuz too much! So of Job lif' up his voice, an' he say: 'Looky yer. I bargain fer biles, but I didn't want no hurricane th'owed in fer good measure!'"—Frank Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

His Place at the Broom.

The famous coup d'etat by which Napoleon III. gained control of France is vividly described in the "Memoirs of Monsieur Claude." Among the many anecdotes of the eventful evening of Dec. 1, 1851, M. Claude gives the following: "Comte de Morny, the chief spirit of the nocturnal drama about to be performed, was at the Opera Comique in order to allay suspicion. A lady said to him, 'M. de Morny, is it true that they are going to sweep out the chamber?' 'Madame, I don't know anything about it,' he replied, 'but if there is any sweeping to be done I shall try to be on the side of the broom handle.'"

An Exception.

"My faith in newspapers has received a sad shock," said the burglar just captured in the act.

"How so?" asked the policeman adjusting the cuffs.

"I had read so often that a copper was never around when needed," rejoined the prisoner, lapsing into sullen silence.

After the Quarrel.

Kind Old Gentleman—Why have you had trouble with this poor little boy? Johnny Eastside (haughtily)—No trouble at all, mister. I done him up with one hand.

You know most people either too well or not well enough to trust them.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

hospitals and, subsequently becoming a favorite of the king, was made surgeon general, king's sergeant surgeon and surgeon of Chelsea hospital. He died in 1790, leaving an only son, who entered the diplomatic service and became the Right Hon. Sir Robert Adair, G. C. B.—London Notes and Queries.

Order of the Golden Horseshoe.

How many persons have ever heard of the Order of the Golden Horseshoe, the first order founded in America?

In 1724, when Virginia extended from the Atlantic into the unknown west, few of her colonists had crossed the Blue Ridge or the Alleghenies. So full of dangers from savages and wild beasts and so full of natural difficulties was the passage of these terrible heights that Governor Spotswood, setting out to discover a pass, looked on the expedition as so hazardous that he took with him a guard of "soldiers, gentlemen and pioneers," armed and carrying provisions. These scaled the pass with great hardships and perils and returned after the governor had cut the name of King George in the rocks on the highest peak.

He then constituted the society, or order, of the Golden Horseshoe. Each man who had scaled this high pass was made a member of it, and to each one he presented a golden horseshoe. On the side was inscribed in Latin, "So It Pleases Him to Cross Mountains."

Any man thereafter who could prove that he had read with his own eyes the name of the king on the height was entitled to become a member of this order.

Pain can be quickly stopped. A 25 cent box of Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets will kill any pain, everywhere, in 20 minutes! Besides they are thoroughly safe. Painful periods with woman, neuralgia, etc., quickly cease after one tablet. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

Ladies cycle hockey skate—neatest lightest and strongest skate manufactured.

M. S. MADOLE,

The rich mellowness of the best Mocha perfectly blended with the full flavored Java gives to

GREIG'S WHITE SWAN COFFEE

every quality that delights and satisfies. Our method of roasting develops and preserves all this rich flavor. We put it up in sealed parchment containers hot from the roasters and again seal it in tins so none of its delightful aroma is lost.

Ask your grocer for White Swan Coffee.

The Robert Greig Co., Limited, Toronto



LOCAL SALESMAN WANTED

FOR NANANEE AND ADJOINING COUNTRY

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CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES

A permanent situation for the right man, for whom the territory will be reserved. Pay weekly. Free equipment. Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,

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(over 800 Acres)

Ontario, Ontario.

THE NEWEST SPRING HAT



THE hats shown for this spring all have totally different characteristics from those of last year. This is only natural, of course, but we were not prepared for the violent and radical changes.

Last summer hats were all on the most decided mushroom shape; some were turned decidedly up in the middle of the front, but all crowns were low. Now crowns are four inches or more in height, hats turn up perpendicularly on the side and the trimming is mostly composed of straw, although flowers, feathers, autumn leaves and aigrettes of all sorts will be used on dressy hats.

A new feature of the spring hats is the ruffle of lace, which is fastened under the crown and hangs over the hair. As to size, there seems to be no change.

Ruby and geranium red, strange to say, are both seen on spring millinery, while peacock blue, combined with black, is also employed by the smartest "confectioners." It seems hardly likely that such warm colors as these can hold their popularity, for they are both suitable only for cool weather.

A large picture hat of black chip is trimmed with a large jet buckle, holding in place two long black plumes. The hat is something on the mushroom shape, but it also has a few Gainsborough lines, while the lace ruffle on the hair makes it most becoming.

A walking-hat in green straw is bound in black satin and trimmed with green straw pompons. It is very odd in shape and shows the gradual stages by which the milliners lead their patrons from the mushroom.

The picture hat at the corner of the page is done in shades of ruby red, but it has no special feature except the very high crown, while the little mushroom hat next is intended to wear with a pongee suit, and is of golden brown chip, trimmed with odd golden flowers. It is small, this "tailored" hat, and has every line that is usually becoming to the average person.

necessary art with which the Parisian must choose color. The roses are deep pink, while the draped veil is red—a most dreadful combination it sounds, too. Yet if the roses are geranium pink—that brownish pink with no hint of rose—and if the hat is of geranium red, which is almost a brick red, the combined shades are good, very good, but it takes an artist to know exactly which shades are just right. The slightest variation, a faint tone off, and the hat is ruined. Altogether, it is perhaps safer not to wander from the old way, for the hat would be charming if the roses were rose pink and the lace of white.

Hats draped with lace are most attractive if worn at the right time in the right place; but it is perfectly obvious that they are entirely unsuitable to the chic tailormade girl. They belong, rather, to the Fluffy Ruffles, the girl in a light dress and Dutch neck.

Our Letter

THE hat shops of Paris are beginning to bloom like some beautiful garden in the tropics. Somber grays and quiet browns have no place among the glaring colors of the season, of which the most popular are cerise and ruby red. There are cerise milan straws on the derby shape and trimmed with huge roses. There are big hats with a sugar-loaf crown piled high with American Beauties, and there are huge flat sailors in cerise chip, with large crowns encircled by tiny wings. Other "chapeaux" in ruby red are adorned with long, pointed tail feathers of some exotic bird, always placed in the front of the hat.

Then there are aigrettes—not those feathery affairs, but home-made decorations formed by long loops of ribbon standing up straight; there are aigrettes of roses arranged one above the other, and there are aigrettes of lace or little flowers.

The "haute noblesse" are now appearing daily in daring hats of straw, and, although small toques have been heralded and are frequently seen, these women who prefer large hats are wearing them of a more gigantic size than ever.



THE WILL AND THE WAY

All Enter the Kingdom of Love Who Set Their Faces Steadily Toward It.

"Whosoever will let him take of the water of life freely," Rev. xxii. 17.

The most important conviction that can come to any man is this, that it is entirely in his own power to determine his destiny. The freedom of the will is more than an abstraction of philosophy; it is a working fact that has, by its realization, brought man to self-realization, to freedom and salvation.

The coward and the weakling may seek refuge in timidity and in environment, but none will escape responsibility for his own life by blaming his grandfather or his neighbor. If circumstances melt you it is because you are pliable; you are the willing clay where you stand to be sculptured.

No man who wanders for weeks of aimlessness ever found himself walled to the shore. Character never is a windfall. Plans and opportunities offer themselves from without, and we must up and possess them for ourselves. We never shall enter the desirable land of which we would be so sure, other way if a difficulty setting out for it.

If a man is going through all their days, finding, waiting for some favor to be sent from heaven, and to swell the bill and carry them to any desirable haven. They would be good if they could be led without the investment of energy; they would be willing to be walled in and made to run in the right way if some one else.

WORLD TO THE WINDING.

Supposing address could be conferred from us, how much good would it do us? Nothing becomes the possession of character except as a result of determination and endeavor on the part of the individual. Beauty of life never is the product of passivity. Character amounts to no external compulsions.

No power, if heaven or earth can force us to be good, either against or even without our wills. The only good we have is that we will to have and to be. There is no power that wills our inner man, outside ourselves, that can take from us the power to choose and to achieve the highest. Any other view of the mind's resources either in superstition or in stillness.

The creature of circumstances is not a failure of fate, but a failure of effort, where a strong swimmer ought to be.

a craven crying for mercy where the courageous refusing to find strength and the prize through struggle should be. We ought to make this world so that the weak can develop their wills and find their salvation; but we never can wisely make it so that the deliberate devil's all can find fair havens.

Life with all it brings of joy and care, of weal and woe, is just the call of eternity to man, crying out to the soul to set itself free, to gain the high prize, to will to do and be, and overcome. Every young is decided by how you face your life, whether with complainings and fear or with rejoicing and resolution in its struggle.

In a world where character is developed by freedom of choice and by exercise of will.

THE GREATEST CURSE

That could come would be to have no level, no trial, no sorrow, no difficulties, no disappointments, to be free from the strenuous choices. These are the challenges of fate, the ways to power, the paths to salvation.

What, then, has religion to do with realizing the full life? Does it not offer divine aid which, regardless of our wills, can carry us on to perfection? If it does, it offers that which is valuable because conferred and therefore only external, a robe of righteousness where we need the righteous life within.

This is what religion offers: ideals, opportunities, sympathies, inspiration, environment, and nurture for the realization of the best life. Yet all these wait for our wills. The kingdom of love and peace is thrust on no one.

Yes, says one, that may be good gospel for the strong; but my will is weak; that is the way of the mighty; I cannot walk in it. If your will is weak it is because it is unused. Your will is as strong as you. Believe it to be. With what strength you have seek the best, and over to breathe the air of heaven; every high thought will be a tonic; in all things will to do the best; your will will respond to the exercise, will find harmony with higher will and you will find the way of strength.

HENRY F. COPE.

but it has no special feature except the very high crown, while the little mushroom hat next is intended to wear with a pongee suit, and is of golden brown chip, trimmed with odd golden flowers. It is small, this "tailored" hat, and has every line that is usually becoming to the average person.

The panama trimmed with long quills is most attractive and would be suitable worn with linen and flannel suits. The panama is the most beautiful straw we have, not excepting neapolitan, which, by the way, seems out of favor this year, although the French will never ignore it entirely.

A smart and piquant hat is that of black straw. Its crown is surrounded by a fancy band of the palest apple green, while the military looking plume is of the same shade. It is certainly most attractive and suits well a certain type of girl.

The large hat of leghorn shows the

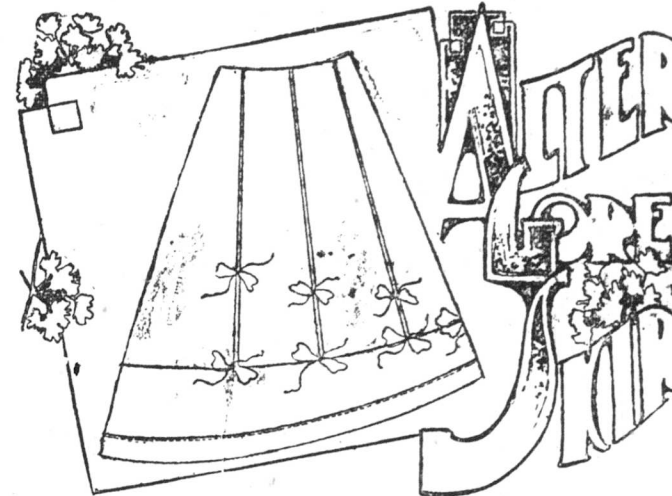
raisons formed by long loops of ribbon standing up straight; there are aigrettes of roses arranged one above the other, and there are aigrettes of lace or little flowers.

The "haute noblesse" are now appearing daily in daring hats of straw, and, although small toques have been heralded and are frequently seen, these women who prefer large hats are wearing them of a more gigantic size than ever.

The "mondaines" who are not yet ready to wear summer straws have donned hats and toques of pleated mousseline de soie, finished at the left side with a huge bunch of gourah, paradise, or an aigrette of either the hussar or Magyar variety.

The Parisienne's fancy for large hat-plumes grows apace, and the latest is the "dollar" size—huge, unwieldy affairs of blood tortoise shell or amber inset with gold.

That other accessory of a perfect costume, the waistcoat, pursues its triumphant course, and for early spring it is being made of old-time chinch, framed in rather broadly stitched bands of taf-



RESOURCEFULNESS is only a question of habit, an attitude of mind when necessity says this thing must be done and mind answers it shall. There is nothing in the way of an old-fashioned dress that cannot be altered to suit the style at the present moment. All that is needful is to have a little knowledge of cut and material, what is permissible and what is not.

A gored skirt may be changed to one giving the effect of the circular, but how? Why should a handsome

dress be discarded because it is cut in nine pieces instead of two? If that can be done, why cannot the circular ruff be hidden?

The easiest way to hide seams is by the application of false tucks, and when these are put in correctly they do much to make the dress becoming. For a cheviot or other cloth dress graduated tucks are fastened on each side of the seam and curved on the hem of the ruff at the bottom. Sometimes braided designs of soutache hold the tucks together and in place.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MARCH

22.

Lesson XII. First Quarterly Review. Golden Text, John 1. 4.

Jesus the Centre. It is by no means difficult to determine the centre of the unity of this quarter's lessons. Every one distinctly and pointedly sets forth Jesus Christ. There is no better review scheme than one that places his name in the centre of a circle, with rays leading to the eleven names which constitute the various revelations that these lessons make of the incarnate Son of God.

Lesson I. shows us Jesus as the Word, that is, the Revealer of God by his truth. The contact between heaven and earth was accompanied by love, and the point of contact was the intelligence of the living soul that God had made. The divine address was made in this soul by the truth, and the Messenger was "The Word," the key-text of this lesson is verse 14 (of chapter one): "And the Word became flesh, and dwelt among us (and we beheld his glory, glory as of the only begotten from the Father), full of grace and truth."

Lesson II. makes Jesus prominent as the Lamb of God, which suggests the doctrine of the atonement. John the Baptist had been preaching much of

sin, and warning his hearers, without respect of dignities, to flee from the wrath to come. His best doctrine, however, was "Repent." He had no message of salvation except as he should prepare the way for the Herald of the new kingdom. This he did faithfully, humbly, earnestly; and as soon as he saw the divine Preacher of the new gospel coming toward him he cried out (verse 20): "Behold the Lamb of God, that taketh away the sin of the world!"

Lesson III. introduces the Evangelist of the kingdom, and shows us how he begins his work by bringing the grace of God down to the level of men, and illustrating it in the sweetest of personal intercourse. Jesus appears here as the model Soul-Winner, gracious, hospitable, versatile, and tactful. The key-verse of the lesson is verse 39: "Come, and ye shall see."

Lesson IV. shows Jesus in the striking role of a Priest. The temple, which he calls his Father's house, is dishonored, and with blazing zeal for its restoration to the condition of holiness and sanctity that belonged to it he fell upon the defecators with a scourge and drove them away, saying: "Take these things hence; make not my Father's house a house of merchandise" (2. 16).

Lesson V. teaches us that the Word is the Son of God, and that he came into the world by his Father's behest, not to judge the world, but to save it. God's loving purpose for his creatures is eternal life. He would spare his only Son that the world might not be ruined. If any soul should be ruined, it would be because it does not accept the salvation offered by God through the Son.

S IN PARIS



From Paris

feta or satin; while others are made of fine cloth with pockets.

The "vraie Parisienne" is mourning her fluff petticoat, that was so recently dear to her heart; but, of course, where sheath skirts are the "dernier cri," such frothy daintinesses must be sacrificed on the altar of "la ligne!"

Returning from the daily drive in the Bois de Boulogne was a charming figure seated in one of those splendid limousine motors that are such favorites with "les grandes dames."

She was dressed in a voile striped in shades of palest heliotrope, the coat quite long and cut away on a vest of platinum gray heavily embroidered in heliotrope and silver, while her hat was of platinum gray straw slightly raised on the left side, a la Rembrandt, the crown nearly covered with heavy-headed mauve and heliotrope carnations, their sparse foliage and a cloud of light gray tulle. She made a charming picture against the background made by the beautiful Place de la Concorde.

ELOISE.

In the latest fashions from the city where style is born there are no remarkable features, and there is nothing that cannot be readily carried out by

New Corsets for "Sheath Dresses"

EACH article of woman's apparel can only be used one at a time, but if one were to compute the wearers by the number shown it would seem the feminine consumer were at least three or four of that object of torture, the corset, concealed about her person at all hours of the day. The variation is infinite, but the new styles seem to follow closely one unvarying rule. That rule is to fit the figures with as long and as high an armor plate as possible. Even for evening wear they come up well under the arm, while the front curves in at the bust, giving a rounded, unbroken outline so necessary when worn with the sheath gown or modified empire now in vogue.

For low evening gowns this extra height can be turned down upon the corset without hurting the fit of the garment, so perfectly is it made.

The hips are so long that the long back and extended hip line of last year seem short by comparison, and it is only by the aid of three sets of garters that they can be kept in place.

In material, coutil is, as ever, the favorite, although some lighter weight ones are made of broche, a raised embroidered material, while the dainty trimming that finishes the top is sometimes of diet put on in a wide band edged with a tiny ruching of white satin ribbon.

Color is rarely used nowadays, although an exception was a very pretty medallion trimming, each circle of lace covering a small oval of flowered silk.

Embroidered Jumper and Belt

A VERY becoming belt shown on some of the spring dresses is somewhat on the principle of the old-fashioned jumper or suspender waist. It is usually made of some contrasting material. For instance, if the dress is silk the belt and suspenders



The Empire Hat

FASHION has for some time taken

use of braided broadcloth, but if the dress is of broadcloth they are of embroidered silk or velvet. The jumper is made in the form of two bands which

YES. THOSE RATS MUST GO

DECIDED THAT LONDON SHALL BE FREED FROM THEM.

At Least One Authority Declares That the Great City Contains 5,000,000 of Them.

Science has pronounced sentence of death against rats. They have been declared a menace to mankind so formidable that nothing short of their complete extermination can satisfy the requirements of human progress. Their creation, it seems, was a mistake. Their continued survival has only multiplied the proof of their unfitness for existence in the modern world. They have got to go—every last one of them. And the Society for the Extermination of Vermin has been duly formed, organized, constituted, and all the rest of it, to rid these islands of them, writes a London correspondent.

It was at the Hotel Metropole, the other night, while pleasure-loving Londoners, unwitting of the dire diseases that threatened them from the myriads of rats in the sewers beneath their feet, were flocking to the theatres and music halls, that the decree of extermination against rats was pronounced. Sir James Crichton Browne, an eminent physician who has little faith in the efficacy of drugs, but great faith in the value of preventive measures, presided. Enthusiastic anti-ratters cheered his periods as he indicted the rat at the bar of civilization. He described the familiar rodent as

AN AWFUL THING,

willier and more poisonous than the serpent—the disseminator of plagues and all their unholy terrors—"a ghoulis garbager whose fecundity was something terrible to contemplate. One pair of rats, he said, under favorable conditions would produce 800, each one of which might become a vehicle of the most awful scourge that could afflict humanity.

The rat, he told his audience, had been proven to be mainly responsible for the propagation of the plague in India and had there caused the death of 5,250,000 people since 1896. The rat was the great reservoir of diseases, and the flea was the channel for its carriage, and if plague was to be got rid of they must fill up the reservoir—stamp out the rat.

Sir James called upon the assemblage to adopt the role of the modern Pied Piper. He advised all earnest rat-exterminators to avail themselves of the discovery of Drs. Dansvz. This distinguished Frenchman had evolved a deadly virus, harmless to other animals, which when spread on bread and butter or toasted cheese, forms a dainty dish for the rascallion rodent. But after he had partaken of it, it made him ill—very ill indeed. And after a certain time it afflicted him with a feverish desire for fresh air and open spaces. Then the poor rat crawled forth from his hole to die with his tail in knots and his little pink eyes

ABULGE WITH AGONY.

Meanwhile he had spread the disease (rodentiosis) to all the neighboring families; and presently they became obsessed with the craving for fresh air; and out they came gasping—to die the dreadful death. It was war—war without mercy and no quarter—[ha] Sir James wanted waged against the rat. Therefore he would not depend on the deadly virus alone. Cats, terriers, ferrets, traps—anything and everything that would reduce their numbers—should be ruthlessly employed against them. As a motto for the society he suggested this quotation from Hamlet: "How now! A rat? Dead, for a ducent!"

One enthusiastic anti-ratter declared that London was the greatest rat-center in the world. He said there were

crowns nearly covered with heavy-headed mauve and heliotrope earriations, their sparse foliage and a cloud of light gray tulle. She made a charming picture against the background made by the beautiful Place de la Concord.

ELOISE.

In the latest fashions from the city where style is born there are no remarkable features, and there is nothing that cannot be readily carried out by the women of this country.

Spring hats are always a source of interest, and the ideas suggested today are good. Certain is becoming to the average person, provided she has not auburn hair, and every one will be glad to hear that the enormously expensive fancy feathers and plumes have been superseded by ornaments of straw.

The idea of making aigrettes of flowers like forget-me-nots and rosebuds is quite new, and, when wound in and out with tulle, they should be most attractive.

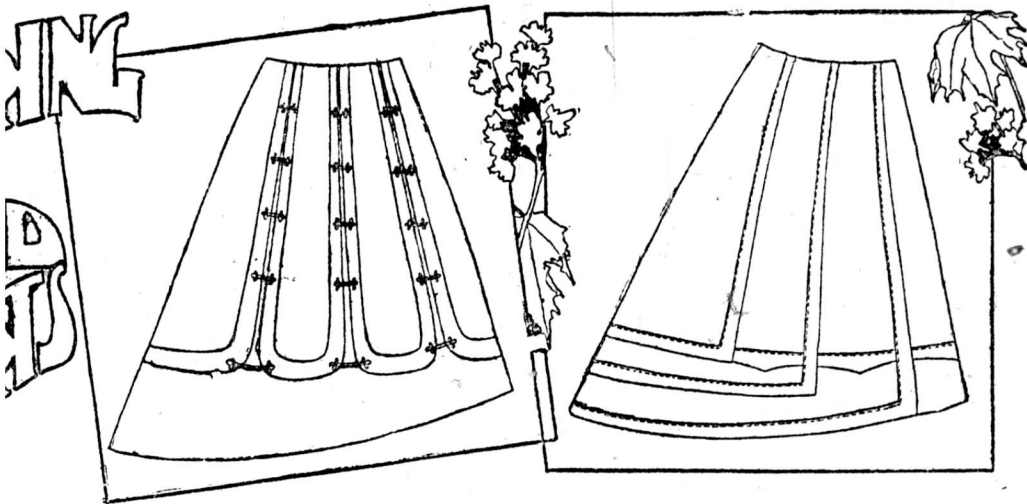
Waistcoats of chintz or cretonne are within the reach of all, and they might readily be bound with black ribbon or the left-over pieces from the dress.

The Empire Hat

FASHION has for some time taken to its bosom empire designs for both costumes and jewelry and they have been also admitted to the sacred precincts of millinery, for the empire crown is the latest, and in a model made of tulle it was most effective.

The rim was rather wide, slightly turned up in front, the color modere, the new brown, and the tall, round empire crown was simply draped with folds of the tulle, while from the left side three plumes of the same shade formed the only trimming.

... of braided broadcloth, but if the dress is of broadcloth they are of embroidered silk or velvet. The jumper is made in the form of two bands which extend from the waist line over each shoulder, while a piece across the front over the bust holds them in place. A belt around the waist fastens on the left side, with a single end, which hangs almost to the hem of the dress, where it finishes in a tassel. When these are made of broadcloth they are quite remarkable in their effect on the figure, at the same time they are a vast improvement over the peculiar contraptions worn a year ago, which so closely resembled suspenders that almost every woman was regarded as being guilty of petty larceny.



but they may be used or not, as preferred. For this it is necessary to buy material to match the skirt or some that tones in with the color scheme. A contrasting material or braid would not be very good.

On the next skirt, however, if material is not procurable the false tucks might well be of wide soutache. This skirt is built something on the order of an overskirt or a triple overskirt, and it is therefore at the top of the present fashion. The false tucks of this model may be used if the skirt

is with or without a circular ruffle, but great care must be taken to see that the lines are parallel and arranged at a becoming distance apart.

In the next model, intended for a dress of lighter material—silk crepe or some sheer muslin—the decorations to hide the seams are made of soutache braid, ribbon or flossing. The latter is especially good if slightly shirred on each side, or ribbon No. 1½ may be used in the same way. The bowknots are made of the shirred material and the lower and upper lines of knots must

be divergent toward the back. In a light dress the footing would look charming if it were dyed to match the material, for then it would tone in with the whole and not call attention to the alteration.

The three models given today are all of them suitable for summer costumes—linen, cheviot, messaline. Indeed, the long, unbroken lines are most becoming to the average woman, so if she uses these new models for alteration she will have no pang of regret that last year's suit was not made this year.

To commit one's soul to the saving Son is to escape the judgment. "For God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth on him should not perish, but have eternal life" (3. 16).

Lesson VI. Here we have the wonderful interview of Jesus with the woman of Samaria, in which he opens for her dark mind the spacious truths of God as a universal Father, and the world-wide privilege of worship. He announces himself to her as the Messiah in plain terms, and allows her, and all the Samaritans, and everybody else, to worship the Father wherever they may be, if they worship him aright. "God is a Spirit; and they that worship him must worship in spirit and truth" (4. 24).

Lesson VII. is the first of the three that give us Jesus as a Healer of the ill of men's bodies. His power is made prominent in the healing of the nobleman's boy who lay at the point of death, beyond human aid. And the power was exerted at a distance from the sick room. "Jesus saith unto him, Go thy way; thy son liveth" (4. 50).

Lesson VIII. gives us the healing of the impotent man at Bethesda, in which the compassion of the Christ is a striking feature. It does not appear that the poor man asked the Saviour for any help. But when Jesus saw him lying there in his misery he opened the interview himself, and revealed his tender pity for him, and healed him perfectly. Key-verse: "Arise, take up thy bed, and walk" (5. 8).

Lesson IX. presents another view of the great Revealer. He is now on the east side of the Sea of Galilee, follow-

ed heedlessly by a great multitude of men, women and children. They are far from home and have nothing to eat. He takes the initiative, recognizes the suffering of the people, and becomes a revelation of God the Provider to them. He is now ministering to health rather than to disease, and he teaches the lesson of the goodness of God in providing for our daily needs: "Jesus therefore took the loaves; and having given thanks, he distributed to them that was set down; likewise also of the fishes as much as they would" (6. 11).

Lesson X. follows this with the spiritual interpretation of the miracle. Our daily bread is the token of Jesus, who is the bread of life, bestowed by the same Father, who made us and provides for us. We receive him by faith, which apprehends the unseen. The bread that perishes is visible; not so "the food which abideth unto eternal life." But this latter is the true object of our highest and hardest labor. All who would do the work of God must accept this bread of heaven. "This is the work of God, that ye believe on him whom he hath sent" (6. 29).

Lesson XI. furnishes us with a striking proof of the divinity of the great Healer. No human power could open the eyes of the man born blind. Jesus tells us that the work that is made manifest in him is the work of God. It was so taken by the man and by the Pharisees. There was no other explanation of it possible. There can be no clearer test of divinity than that one should hold in his hand the power of God, and use it upon occasion. "Jesus answered. Neither did this man sin, nor his parents; but that the works

of God should be made manifest in him" (9. 3).

All in One. The Quarter's lessons may be summed up in this: "Jesus Christ, the life and the light of men." The Golden Text teaches us this: "In him was life; and the life was the light of men" (1. 4). The same summation appears in a text near the end of the Quarter: "I am the light of the world; he that followeth me shall not walk in darkness, but shall have the light of life" (8. 12).

As the sun in the sky brings light to the earth, and its light gives life, so Jesus Christ brings light and life to the moral world.

DEFINITIONS BY SMALL WILLIAM.

Dust—Mud with the juice squeezed out.
Ice—Water that stayed out too late and went to sleep.

Fan—A thing to brush warmth off with.

Stomach—The home of the swallow.
Salt—That what makes your potatoes taste bad if you don't put some in.

Junction—A place where two railroad tracks separate.

Wakefulness—When your eyes are all the time coming unbuttoned.

Responsibility—What would be on one button if the other one should come off my trousers.

Admittance—Price 25 cents; children under twelve, fifteen cents.

It isn't necessary to mention your lawyer in your will, he's sure to get his share.

rets, traps—anything and everything that would reduce their numbers—should be ruthlessly employed against them. As a motto for the society he suggested this quotation from Hamlet: "How now! A rat? Dead, for a ducat!"

One enthusiastic anti-ratler declared that London was the greatest rat-centre in the world. He said there were 6,000,000 of them in the city. Just how he had managed to take a census of them he did not explain, but nobody ventured to dispute his figures, nor his assertion that the existence of such a vast army of rats constituted a disgrace to the metropolis of the world which should bring the blush of shame to every public-spirited citizen who lived in it. But nobody blushed.

Commissioner Nicoll of the Salvation Army put in a good word for the cat. The army, he said, had started two cat farms in India and were breeding cats as rapidly as possible—recruited by such specimens of stray pussies as they could import from England. Given time and chance he thought the Salvation Army cats, by killing off the rats, would accomplish a great deal in combating

THE PLAGUE IN INDIA.

"Breeding cats to get rid of rats is just time and money wasted," sniffed a sceptic. "I reckon we've got 200,000 or 300,000 cats in London and we've just been told we have 6,000,000 rats here, too. If that don't prove you can't fight rats with cats I don't know anything about logic. Cats ain't going to do any better in India than they do in London. I'm for giving 'em the French poison and I don't care how much it hurts 'em."

Sir Lauder Brunton, another learned physician whose specialty is the digestive organs, formally moved the resolution by which the National Society for the Extirpation of Vermin was ushered into existence. It was carried with only one dissentient vote. That came from a woman in red—red hat, red cloak and red cheeks—and the courage of her convictions. She mounted the platform and made a little speech. She protested against the fiendish cruelty involved in the killing of rats by the Donsyz virus. She didn't pretend to know much about science, but she would back the Creator against all the learned scientists present. The Creator never made a mistake and when He created rats He had created them

FOR SOME WISE PURPOSE.

What it was the scientist's might find out to their cost, if ever they succeeded in killing off all the rats. Besides, she urged, according to the scientists themselves, the rats were not responsible for the spread of the plague. It was the fleas, and it was wrong to visit the sins of the fleas upon the rats. Science should devise some means of killing the fleas without killing the rats.

One movement always begets another and in due time, no doubt, there will be formed a Rat Protection Association. Meanwhile, the Rat Exterminating League holds the field with Sir Lauder Brunton as president and Lord Avebury, better known as Sir John Lubbock, the judge, philosopher and friend of the ant, as treasurer. When enough money has been raised to make a fair start operations will be begun on a large scale in London. But the extermination of the rat is a pretty large order.

LEARNED AT THE OLD SWIMMING HOLE.

Two children stood in their kitchen watching a pot of chicken soup warming on the stove, when suddenly it began to bubble.

"Freddie," inquired the little girl, "what makes it bubble up?"
"There's a chicken in there," explained the little boy, "and it's tryin' to talk under water!"

FOR OTHER'S SAKE.

Father—Why don't you study to be promoted?

Johnny—I don't want to stir up class enmity

HONEY AND ITS USES

HONEY is one of the earliest sweets of which we have any knowledge. In Bible records honey is frequently referred to, not only as an article of food, but as a synonym for sweetness. Samson and the honeycomb, the honey put among the provisions bestowed by Joseph upon Benjamin, and included among other gifts sent as friendly offerings on sundry occasions; the locusts and wild honey of John the Baptist—these and other references to honey are familiar to all Scripture students. For some unexplained reason, honey was, in certain circumstances, supposed to confer wisdom upon the one who ate it. "Butter and honey shall he eat that he may know to refuse the evil and to choose the good," said Isaiah; and there is the story told of Jonathan eating the forbidden honeycomb, and thereby having his eyes enlightened. Leaving sacred history, we recall that the honey of Hymettus has been famous ever since the days when Greece was a power, and there are mentions of honey in many classical writings.

It seems a little odd that honey is not more of an article of diet in this country—not because of indorsement of it in sacred and profane writings, but because in other countries it is held in high esteem as a food. The traveler in Switzerland would feel that his breakfast was at fault if there were not a dish of clear, strained honey provided for him. The dwellers in the Black Forest and in other parts of Germany make honey an important part of their regular dietary, and other European nations hold honey in good repute.

WHAT IT IS COMPOSED OF

In the United States I do not think it generally has a good reputation. I have found a prevailing impression that it is not digestible. "Be careful how you eat honey," I have been warned by those who seemed to understand their subject. Yet an excellent authority on matters relating to dietetics speaks of honey as "a wholesome food, and fattening when eaten with bread." He also supplies a definition of the sweet under consideration.

"Honey is a form of sugar prepared from the nectar of various flowering plants, gathered by bees, and stored by them in cells. It is really a vegetable product, although manufactured by an insect. In addition to sugar, it holds several other ingredients, principally wax, gum, pigment and odorous materials. The sugar exists in two forms—crystallizable and non-crystallizable. The former is somewhat similar to glucose." Then follows an analysis, from which we learn that honey contains more than 78 per cent. of fruit sugar and over 16 per cent. of water, as well as a negligible quantity of other ingredients.

Nothing in this sounds especially threatening to the digestion, and yet

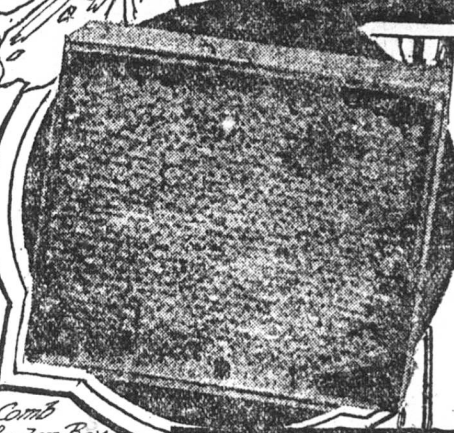
it disagrees with them at all, it is likely to be in a very unpleasant fashion. There can be no doubt that honey in the comb is more of a tax to the stomach than the strained honey. Even if the cells are those made by the bees themselves, instead of the artificial combs of paraffine now manufactured as a labor-saving means for the insects, it stands to reason that the wax cannot be easily assimilated. Let me counsel those who have suffered from eating honey in the comb to make a cautious trial of the strained honey before condemning the sweet entirely as an article of diet.

There is no question as to the value of honey in treatment of colds of the throat or chest. Its presence is taken for granted in many of the preparations manufactured for use in coughs and

Making Honey Cookies



Honey-Comb and Wooden Box



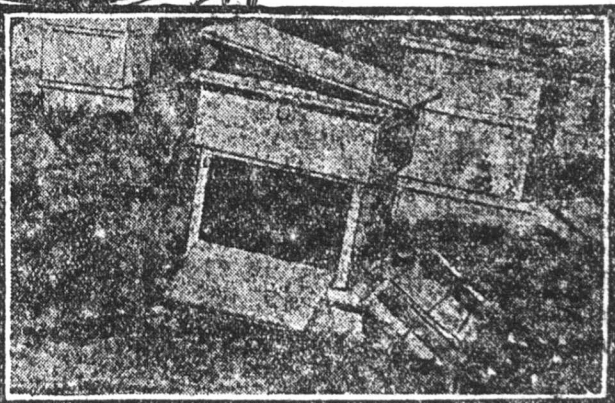
Filling Honey Drops

mother who wishes to prepare a remedy of this sort of which she can be sure, and who objects to uncovenanted drugs in her cough syrups, may beat up a little honey and cream together, as it is needed, and give it to her invalid by the teaspoonful to check cough or irritation.

Honey bears its part in various articles of food as well as in the pharmacy of the household, and it will be worth while for the woman who seeks a change in cookery to try some of the dishes in which honey is an ingredient. I append recipes for a few of them:

Honey Cakes.

Sift two cups of flour and stir into them a cupful of sour cream, two tablespoon-



Beehives of the Present Day.

The former is somewhat similar to glucose." Then follows an analysis, from which we learn that honey contains more than 78 per cent. of fruit sugar and over 16 per cent. of water, as well as a negligible quantity of other ingredients.

Nothing in this sounds especially threatening to the digestion, and yet the fact remains that honey disagrees with some persons seriously, and when

have suffered from eating honey in the comb to make a cautious trial of the strained honey before condemning the sweet entirely as an article of diet.

There is no question as to the value of honey in treatment of colds of the throat or chest. Its presence is taken for granted in many of the preparations manufactured for use in coughs and colds, and it is most soothing to the irritated throat membrane. The house-



Beehives of the Present Day.

THE HOUSEMOTHERS' EXCHANGE

THE housewife who spilled ink upon the carpet of a fastidious "in-law" may remove it without injury to the texture.

Get 10 cents' worth of citric acid, dissolve it in warm water and apply to the ink spots with a sponge or cloth (and lots of elbow-grease). Lastly, rinse with warm water, into which has been stirred a little household ammonia. Rub it as dry as you can with several clean cloths.

I had a similar experience three years ago. I discovered dried ink in the green border of my new library rug. The citric acid removed it so thoroughly that I could not tell just where the spot had been. I have never used it to take ink spots from books, but I am told by those who have, that it may be thus used. It does not injure printers' ink into the composition of which iron does not enter.

In return for the foregoing, will you give me a recipe for clippings, please?

You have earned your recipe, and we are still deep in your debt. To extract ink from a colored fabric without injuring the ground color is a problem few have learned.

Cinnamon Buns.

Set aside for these a cupful of dough after it had had the second rising on baking day. Cream a half cupful of butter with the like quantity of sugar, stir in a well-beaten egg, and work these into the dough. Add a half teaspoonful of cinnamon, a teaspoonful (scant) of soda dissolved in hot water and a half cupful of cleaned currants dredged with flour.

Knead diligently for five minutes, make out into buns, and let them rise for half an hour, or until they have doubled the original bulk, before baking. Cover for the first half hour they spend in the oven, then brown.

Wants Books for Boys

I am the mother of four little boys. The eldest is 10 and the youngest is 3. I have to work hard all the time finishing cents, and the children have nothing to read. They love story-books, and I cannot afford to buy them. Neither have they any playthings. If some boy has old playthings he doesn't care for any more, I should be very thankful if he would send them to the youngest boy. When the rest go to school he is very homesick, as I am at my own. I could not afford to pay high express charges.

In part payment for putting this into the Exchange will you accept a good recipe for sauer kraut?

Boil the sauer kraut tender a pint of it. Drain and put back over the fire. Fry an

onion in lard when you have sliced it, grate two raw potatoes of medium size. Put the grated potatoes into the sauer kraut. Boil ten minutes. Add the fried onion. Cook for a minute, and it is ready for eating.

I know this is very little for what I ask, but poor people have not much to give away.

We keep no balance sheet for our members. It is enough to know that an opportunity to do good and to communicate is laid to our hand, and we are the obliged party in the transaction.

I submit the case without further summing up. I hold the mother's address.

Cement for Glass

I clip from your column a request for a cement for glass for an aquarium.

The formula for aquarium cement recommended by the United States Fish Commission is as follows:

"Stir together by weight eight parts of pulverized putty (dry whitening), one part red lead and one part litharge. Mix, as it is needed for use, with pure linseed oil to the consistency of putty. Allow it to dry a week before using."

Another waterproof cement is made by dry-mixing ten parts, each, of fine, dry, white sand, plaster of paris and litharge, with one part powdered resin. Work, as it is required, into a stiff paste with linseed oil. The oil must be free from any adulteration with fish oil. It is sometimes necessary to boil pure raw linseed oil for a few minutes to expel the water.

I hope the two correspondents who have asked for aquarium cement will see and keep these formulas. Both are excellent.

For Frost Sufferers

Will you let me tell the members of the Exchange of something that must interest many now that winter has brought to us a plentiful crop of frost-bitten ears and chilblained feet?

I was a grievous sufferer from chilblains for years. For eleven years past I have not been troubled by them. And this is what cured me.

I was advised by a friend to pour kerosene oil in a saucer, bring out a rag in it and with this wipe the affected parts several times each day. If I awoke in the night, I was able to do the same thing.

He warned me not to saturate the cloth and lay it upon the chilblains, as it might cause a blister. I was to wipe the feet with the dampened cloth and let them dry of themselves. If I recoiled a night, the chilblains were cured in a week's time. I trust this simple remedy may relieve other sufferers as it relieved me.

You have conferred a favor upon more persons than you can imagine would be concerned in the matter you discuss. "The cry of the children" and the groans of their seniors under the anguish of frost bites are abroad in the land to an unusual extent this winter. Heavy snows, that tempted ill-shod youngsters to the coasting grounds, and unexpected storms of snow and sleet which found men and women away from home without galoshes, have wrought their evil work in hundreds of homes. The remedy you propose is simple, cheap and within the reach of all.

Wants Recipe for Goulash

I have watched the exchange from week to week in the hope that somebody would send in a recipe for Hungarian goulash. Will you try to get it for me? What are the proper meats to be used in it?

I have a restaurant in which are served 10-cent meals. I have been making the goulash of beef. My patrons insist that it should be made of other meat. As some of them are constantly praising a rival restaurant, where the cook is famous for her goulash, you can readily see that mine is not an idle request. It means my bread and butter!

Any recipe for other cheap dishes—for example, cooking liver in any other way than by frying—would be gratefully appreciated.

While Hungarian goulash is usually made of beef, I see no reason why veal should not be substituted. Will correspondents, who can enlighten us on this head, let us hear from them, and supply our querist with the coveted cheap (and good) recipes?

Liver En Casserole.

Put a lamb's liver (sliced) into deep water to draw out the blood. Meanwhile fry fat

salt pork until it begins to crisp. Strain off the fat, set the pork aside and fry a sliced onion in the same fat. Next, lay the liver—carefully wiped dry—in the pan and cook fast for five minutes turning once that both sides may be seared. Now lay liver, pork and onion in a bakeshish that has a close top. Have ready about a dozen potato balls, cut with a gouge, which have been par-boiled. Lay them about the liver, sprinkle with parsley, pepper and a few drops of lemon juice. Put in enough warm stock to fill the dish half way up to the top; at on the cover and bake for a full hour, without opening it. It is savory, and "goes" much further than fried liver.

Wants Dye for Horsehair Braid

Do you know of any way to dye horsehair braid? I have a white hat of that braid which, although in good condition, has become very grimy with use. I should

Novel Dishes for A

WHAT mistress of a house or cozy apartment does not delight in having three congenial women friends in for an "all-day" affair? Be the amusement cards or intimate talk over the fancy work, the hostess wishes to enjoy every minute of her guests' stay and can well wish to plan her simple luncheon menu with that end in view. Little recipes that can be prepared beforehand are, therefore, of value to her, and the salad course offers many opportunities for display of housewifely skill. One easy and simple salad is made by cutting into squares a small cake of Neufchatel cheese. These are laid in cups of crisp lettuce leaves and about a teaspoonful of chopped English walnuts placed on each. If desired this can be further garnished with halved walnuts and seeded Malaga grapes. Just before serving mayonnaise dressing is added.

Delicious sandwiches can also be made with soft cream cheese by mixing with a small quantity of olive oil and stirring into the paste. This done, add

MOUNTED POLICE REPORT

COMMISSIONER PERRY REVIEWS WORK OF THE PAST YEAR.

The Men Patrol a Vast Territory in a Spirit Indifferent to Difficulties and Hardships.

The report of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police for the year ending October 31st last contains a most interesting account of the arduous work done by the 600 men of the force scattered throughout the Canadian west from the international boundary to the Arctic Ocean. "Whether in taking relief to isolated settlers in the bitter cold and over the deep snow of the open plains, says Commissioner Perry, "carrying mail to distant Hudson's Bay posts, to the Arctic seas or to detachments interned in northern British Columbia, our men do not fail us. They undertake the work with cheerfulness and carry it out in a spirit indifferent to difficulties and hardships."

STRENGTH OF THE FORCE.

The Commissioner points out that the force now at his disposal, totalling 329 and allotted to twelve divisional posts and 154 detachments, is not nearly sufficient to meet the demands of the western country, now populated by upwards of 600,000 inhabitants. Applications have come in from all parts of

the new Provinces for police protection, and these he has been unable to meet. "In the Northwest Territories," he says, "the strength of the force is not sufficient. Posts are required at different points on Mackenzie River. In the Kootenai district inhuman practice among the Indians have come to light, and in the interests of humanity more police posts ought to be established. In Ungava the same practices are said to take place. There are no police stationed in that district at present, but some men should be sent there." There is a marked increase, according to Col. Perry's report, in the number of cases of crime reported. Last year there were 5,685 convictions, as compared with 4,256 for eleven months of the preceding year. There were eleven charges of murder and six of attempted murder.

ASSISTANCE FOR SETTLERS.

Speaking of the patrol of police last winter sent under instructions from the Interior Department to carry assistance to any settlers in need through the unusual severity of the winter, the Commissioner says: "Some of the settlers in the country west of Saskatoon and south of Battleford had pushed out 100 miles from the nearest railway station. Wood was very scarce, and in some cases settlers were obliged to travel sixty miles to obtain it. Some had only oxen, which were quite useless in deep snow, others had no sleighs. As an instance of the helpless condition of more than one, our patrols found a Scotch family which had gone in during November, having only a yoke of oxen and one cow. They travelled 100

miles on foot to their homestead. On their arrival there the cold weather overtook them. They were without a supply of fuel, fodder for their animals, and, in fact, were without any of the necessities of a winter climate. The police patrols have gone over the country recently, and I have reports that for this winter nearly all are fully prepared, and no anxiety need be felt for their safety."

CLIMATE NOT DANGEROUS.

"Many casualties occurred last winter, but not nearly as many as were reported. Story after story was published with great detail of tragedies which never happened. The police made a very full inquiry into all, and I was able to report that in every case the casualties resulted from a want of knowledge of the climate, from drunkenness or other preventable causes. To show that the climate is not dangerous to those who know how to care for themselves the record of this force is sufficient. Our men were travelling last winter from the boundary to the Arctic and from Hudson's Bay to Alaska in all sorts of weather, and medical returns for the year show only three frostbites." The total number of casualties to the force during the year was forty. Twenty-six of these occurred during the work on the Peace River-Yukon trail, and were inevitable on that service owing to the difficulties of the country, the hard work and the poor food.

Once in a great while you meet a man who thinks original thoughts.

GERMANY'S AERIAL FLEET

WILL SHORTLY HAVE FIVE IMPROVED MILITARY AIRSHIPS.

Count Zeppelin Believes Large Bodies of Troops Can be Safely Carried Through the Air.

The German Emperor and his military advisers have resolved to lay the foundations of a German aerial fleet during the present year.

Within a few months the German Government will possess five airships which will be available for use in military operations, and whose value in this respect is rated highly by those who are competent to judge.

Count Zeppelin, the inventor of one of the best types of German airships, firmly believes that the development of aerial navigation will enable large bodies of troops to be conveyed rapidly and safely through the air.

German military experts and other German aeronauts may be somewhat sceptical on this point, but they are none the less convinced that airships, even in their present form, will be able to render many valuable services.

IN CASE OF WAR.

The military authorities are also taking measures to protect themselves from the airships of other countries. The



Stirring the Honey Through a Wire Strainer

fuls of strained honey and an equal quantity of granulated sugar, a quarter teaspoonful of powdered cinnamon and a half teaspoonful of ground ginger. Beat all together thoroughly and at the last add an even teaspoonful of soda dissolved in a couple of tablespoonfuls of boiling water. Beat hard again and pour the batter into small pans, very well greased. If you prefer, you may bake it all in one good-sized pan. The small cakes will require about twenty minutes' baking. This cake is especially good eaten hot.

Honey Gingerbread.

Beat two tablespoonfuls of strained honey into half a cupful of butter, first warming the butter slightly. Whip the two to a cream and then beat in a teaspoonful of cinnamon and a tablespoonful each of powdered sugar and of ground ginger. Have ready four eggs, whipped light, the yolks and whites separately, and add these alternately to the other ingredients. Last of all beat in three cupfuls of flour sifted with a heaping teaspoonful of baking powder. Give a final vigorous beating of about one minute and turn into shallow baking tins or small muffin or patty pans. Bake, covered, for half an hour; uncover and brown. The oven should be steady and not too fierce in heat.

Honey Ginger Wafers.

Mix together a cupful of sugar and two cupfuls of flour and rub into them half a cupful of butter, and stir in a half tablespoonful of ground ginger. Add to this the juice of a lemon and half the grated peel and enough strained honey to make a batter. Grease a shallow tin very thoroughly and pour in the batter in a thin layer. Bake in a moderate oven, watching carefully to prevent burning. When done, cut the cake into strips three inches in width and while still warm roll around a greased stick about the size of your finger. Keep in a tin after they are cold, as they soften when exposed to the air. If too moist when you wish to use them, put them into the oven for a few minutes to become crisp.

English Honey Cakes.

Mix a quarter pound of sugar with a light two pounds of flour and a tablespoonful of ground ginger and work to a smooth dough, with a quarter pound of butter beaten to a cream, three-quarters of a pound of strained honey, half a nutmeg grated and a teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in a little boiling water. Roll out a quarter of an inch

Dutch Honey Cake.

From your breadbowl take a piece of your raised bread dough weighing about a pound and work into it a pound of strained honey, a quarter cupful of butter, a half teaspoon of cinnamon and a pinch each of ground cloves and nutmeg, the grated rind of a lemon, a quarter pound of citron and an ounce of candied ginger, both shredded; the yolks of four eggs, beaten, and the whites of two, whipped light; a half teaspoonful of soda dissolved in hot water and one cupful of flour. Make into a loaf and bake covered for three-quarters of an hour before uncovering and browning. In some respects this resembles the old-fashioned New England bread cake, although much more elaborate—and indigestible.

Honey and Nut Cordial.

Blanch and pound four ounces of bitter almonds and two ounces of sweet almonds and mix them with two pounds of granulated sugar. Boil a pint of milk, let it get cold and put with it the nuts and sugar, the juice and grated rind of three lemons, two large tablespoonfuls of strained honey and two quarts of good brandy. Let all stand together for ten days, shaking them up every day. At the end of the time strain the mixture through a fine cloth, bottle and seal. An excellent tonic cordial to be taken, a little at a time, for the exhaustion accompanying and following severe colds.

Marion Harlan

About Dying Clothes at Home

NOW that it is the accepted rule that the waist of a suit must match coat and skirt in color, if not in material, it is good to know that any old waist that is soiled, not worn, providing it is of net or lace, can be made to follow this last dictate of fashion.

Just dye it, put the whole "bunch" in a pot of prepared dye, blue or green, or red or black, as the case may be, and by carefully following the printed directions on the envelope containing the

The CHIMNEY SWEEP



"CHIMNEYS I'll clean! Chimneys I'll sweep!"

You hear shouted from sunrise till stars 'gin to peep;
London has smoke; London has fogs—

(If you doubt it, just look at the chimney sweep's "togs")—
All good chimneys this fog and smoke "mixture" despise,
And it seems much to trouble the youngster who cries:
"Your chimney, your chimney I'll sweep!"

"Chimneys I'll sweep! Chimneys I'll clean!"

Tells the tale of a life that is humble and mean;
Chimneys with soot, chimneys with grime—
Yet more black are the "sweeps" than the chimneys they climb;
But though hungry, though soiled, though unkempt he may be,
Rings the song of the "sweep" ever gaily and free:
"Your chimney, your chimney I'll clean!"

GRANDMA'S GOWN

NATURALLY, Mildred was greatly disappointed. But she really didn't see how she possibly could have done otherwise. You see, all the girls—Nina, Sarah, Alice and herself—had been invited to the party given by Rose Gordon. And as the Gordons lived five miles away, a rather long drive was necessary. It was indeed a shame that the buggy would hold only three of the girls. However, since one must be left, Mildred at once chose to be that one, for she knew how very badly Nina or Sarah or Alice would feel to be denied such a pleasure.

Yes, she did feel lonely when all had departed and she remained alone in the big house. She certainly must do something in order to try to "forget", so she climbed up the broad stairway, and then up two other flights of steps, until she reached the tiny attic, right under the gable of the roof. She always went there, you know, when she wished to forget her troubles.

There she was alone with her Secret. It was a delightful secret, too. Delving in the great "hair" trunk, she would bring forth the old garments of her grandmother. Then such fun she had donning this treasured finery and bowing to herself in the huge antique mirror whose frame was festooned with cobwebs!

Was that the doorbell ringing? Breathlessly she tiptoed to the bottom of the attic stairs. Yes, there was the sound again. Forgetting entirely her costume, she ran down to the door and flung it open.

It was a very nice-looking man who stood on the steps, but why did he stare at her so? Oh, now she remembered! Growing painfully red she half turned,



FLUNG THE DOOR OPEN

pocket he rapidly began to sketch, chatting briskly to her the while. He was an artist, he said, and had come merely to ask permission to sketch within the grounds.

"Charming! charming study!" he remarked when he had finished, and had carefully tucked the completed sketch away in his capacious pockets. Then he talked so nicely to Mildred that before she realized what she was doing he had learned all about her troubles.

And THEN what did the kind Artist do but take her on a good long

the oven for a few minutes to become crisp.

English Honey Cakes.

Mix a quarter pound of sugar with a light two pounds of flour and a tablespoonful of ground ginger and work to a smooth dough with a quarter pound of butter beaten to a cream, three-quarters of a pound of strained honey, half a nutmeg grated and a teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in a little boiling water. Roll out a quarter of an inch thick, cut into small cakes with a biscuit cutter and bake twenty-five minutes in a moderate oven.

DIYANCE

like to dye it black. Here is a recipe for chocolate icing without eggs:

One cup of granulated sugar, half a cup of water, a small piece of butter and chocolate to taste. Boil until it forms a soft ball when dropped into water. Beat hard and spread.

Here are two suggestions: Crackers, ground or rolled fine and kept in a covered jar, ready for use, save much time to the busy housewife.

A band about two inches wide, set in the back of a corset cover, will make it last twice as long for the wearer who has been in the habit of tearing it with pins. Make the band two inches long in the middle and slope to the usual width.

Your query as to dyes is passed on to those better versed than myself in coloring fabrics at home.

Let us hear from you again.

Afternoon Affairs

chopped stuffed olives. This filling can be made and put away, and at the last moment spread between thin slices of bread.

For afternoon teas or any occasion where between-meals refreshments are served, a novelty is made by mixing the cheese with ground walnuts, and, after rolling it into tiny balls, place between the two halves of a seeded date.

A New Salad

A NEW variation on the now familiar Waldorf salad has been invented, where the apple is peeled, cored and cut in cross slices. One slice is laid upon a few lettuce leaves on each plate, and over it is put a layer of bar-le-duc and cream cheese, which has been put through a potato masher, while around the whole is arranged a circle of mayonnaise dressing. A prettier dish can hardly be imagined, and, by the way, the cheese is never so good as it is when used in this way or beaten up with a little whipped cream.

At the Krupp works at Essen guns of a peculiar type are now being manufactured, for the purpose of disabling hostile air-ships manoeuvring at a great height.

It will be possible to fire these guns either vertically or at an extremely high elevation, and they will be loaded with projectiles of an equally peculiar type, designed to inflict the greatest possible damage on the balloon which supports the hull of the hostile airship. Some of the projectiles will have jagged chains attached to them, experiments having shown that the best results can thereby be obtained by firing at balloons.

The Germans possess two systems of wireless telegraphy, which are admirably suited for use on airships. The apparatus invented by the German engineer, Heinicke, is of comparatively minute size, both the transmitting and receiving apparatus being in the same small case, which weighs only forty pounds. The radius of communication is thirty miles.

ANOTHER PROCESS INVENTED

Herr Von Lepel has invented another process, and his apparatus is also small and of trifling weight. Moreover, it has a radius of communication of 100 miles, and it has even transmitted messages over a distance of nearly 150 miles.

The great firm of Siemens and Schuckert has established an airship department, and already it has more graders than it can fulfil. Two new companies are also being formed for the construction and equipment of air-

ships. Any old waist that is soiled, not worn, providing it is of net or lace, can be made to follow this last dictate of fashion.

Just dye it, put the whole "bunch" in a pot of prepared dye, blue or green, or red or black, as the case may be, and by carefully following the printed directions on the envelope containing the color powder you will have a result that will be surprisingly satisfactory. Of course, it is not wise to dye different materials at the same time, as the length of time required is different and sometimes a different treatment is necessary. So only lightweight materials should be selected for the first trial.

One of those dainty net blouses was dyed recently, and the medallions and insertion and edging of Valenciennes with which it was trimmed "took" beautifully, and the waist was ready for wear the afternoon of the same day it changed its color.

A Help in the Kitchen

A NEW utensil to make cooking easy is shown, of a peculiar shape, something like an apple corer, which it is, and fitted at the other end, not the corer end, with a horizontal blade like a knife. The round end cores apples, cuts vegetables into dice-like forms and takes the heart out of fruit, while the knife peels potatoes, makes Saratoga chips, cuts coldslaw and presumably chops meat. It is certainly a very wonderful discovery, and if it can do indefinitely all that it seems to do when it is shown, it can take the place of every utensil in the kitchen.

Towels for a Casual Guest

MOST attractive little towels are shown in the shops measuring only about twelve inches wide and sixteen inches long. They are very useful in the bath room for the use of guests and they are far less trouble to have washed than the larger and handsomer ones.

In using towels of this sort it is not necessary to have the coarse affairs commonly placed in club rooms, but these diminutive towels could be of damask, as the best of the larger variety, and when they are embroidered with the initials of the owner they are not only useful, but in the best of taste.

ships. There facts show that Germany is taking the lead in respect to airships, and it is well known that the Kaiser desires German predominance in the air to be as unquestionable as Great Britain's naval supremacy.

His Majesty reveals his keen interest in this subject in all manners of ways, and ambitious young German officers and engineers know that there is no surer road to distinction than to introduce some welcome improvement in aerial navigation.

THE PROBLEM OF SLEEP.

Mr. Grayboy Disturbed by the Variations in His Hours of Rest.

"In these later years," said Mr. Grayboy, "I have found that I required less sleep. When I was younger I used to sleep eight hours, and frequently when I was very tired I could use nine; but there came a time a few years ago when I discovered that seven hours sleep was ordinarily all that I required."

"Now, I mentioned this fact, casually, one day, to a friend of mine, and he said that this was one of the benefits that came to men as they increased in years; that requiring less sleep they had more time for labor and so could accomplish more, and that this was one reason why men of maturer years were counted as of greater value."

"A pleasant fancy, that, I thought. 'Another friend of mine said more plainly that my requiring less sleep was a sign of my advancing age; that

was that the golden age! Breathlessly she tiptoed to the bottom of the attic stairs. Yes, there was the sound again. Forgetting entirely her costume, she ran down to the door and flung it open.

It was a very nice-looking man who stood on the steps, but why did he stare at her so? Oh, now she remembered! Growing painfully red she half turned, as though to flee in her confusion.

"Won't you PLEASE stay just as you are?" eagerly begged the man. "I'd be ever so much obliged."

Taking a pad and pencil from his

within the grounds.

"Charming! charming study!" he remarked when he had finished, and had carefully tucked the completed sketch away in his capacious pockets. Then he talked so nicely to Mildred that before she realized what she was doing he had learned all about her troubles.

And THEN what did the kind Artist Man do but take her on a good, long automobile ride! You see, he had left the car right outside the gate. Enjoy herself? Why, she had one of the best times of her life. And you may be sure that she didn't regret in the least her absence from the party.

BALANCING TRICK

CAN you balance a plate on the point of a needle? Very likely you will think not; but you will be able to perform this trick—after you've learned the right way. There may be a number of wrong ways, but usually there's only one right way. So it is in this case.

Stick a needle through a stout cork, lengthwise, allowing the point to protrude a little above the top of the cork. That part of the needle which protrudes at the base of the cork cut off with a pair of sharp pincers, on a level with the cork. Insert the cork firmly in the neck of a good-sized bottle.

Split two other corks in half, along their length. Run a needle through each half cork, having it enter on the long, freshly made surface and almost at right angles to it. By this arrangement you can fasten the four half corks to the rim of a plate, making sure there is an equal distance of rim between each. Insert the prongs of a table fork in the bottom of each half cork.

You will now be able to balance your plate on the point of the needle, as a trial will prove to your satisfaction.



ADJUSTMENT OF APPARATUS

His First Thought.

The following question was put to Jimmy: "What were the thoughts that passed through Sir Isaac Newton's mind when the apple fell upon his head?"

Jimmy replied in this wise:

"Sir Isaac Newton 'imagined he was lucky it wasn't a brick that dropped."

A New Method.

"Well, this is funny!" exclaimed Tommy, when he saw his first trolley car: "I've seen wagons pulled by horses and I've seen 'em go by steam, but I never seen 'em run by a clothes prop before!"

Amusing Answers.

Teddy Jones may always be relied upon to give the most unexpected answers in school. The other day he defined a piece of blotting paper as "something you have to hunt all over the house for while the ink is getting dry." When asked to name the highest form of animal life, he responded: "Please, a giraffe is the highest form of animal life."

Is This Your Answer?

Teacher—Samuel, what is an excuse? Samuel—Something you can never think of when you want to.

very young people, young children, required a great deal of sleep; that as people grew older they required less, until in middle life they needed, say, eight hours of sleep; but that as men came to be past middle age they required less sleep, and my needing less simply showed that I was getting old.

"Not quite so pleasant that, but here is a new complication:

"I find within the last few months that I am again requiring more sleep. Whereas for some years seven hours I found sufficient I now sleep eight hours. And what does that mean? Does it mean that I have stopped growing old, that I am growing young again? or that I am advancing now to my second childhood?"

"H—m. This sleep business I guess I hadn't better dwell on too much."

ONE SEAM FOR FIFTEEN YEARS.

It has been said that the most monotonous form of labor is gumming labels. But there are many others which come very near it. In the boot and shoe trade, for instance, the work is divided among as many workers as possible. One will thus make a single cut in the leather, and another give one turn of the machine-handle. In some cases, a pair of shoes have passed through fifteen pairs of hands before reaching completion. As a natural result, there are workers who work after week go on performing the same work hundreds of times a day. Indeed, in one factory there is a woman who for fifteen years has sewn only one seam. Her machine works so rapidly that she

spends as much time inserting and withdrawing her work as in the actual sewing.

READ AT RANDOM.

Idleness is the key to beggary. The way not to understand women is to try to.

A lazy man is never too lazy to bother a busy one.

Whatever is in some people is bound to stay there.

There is no rest for the wicked—or for the gaspiter.

Father Time is very ungallant; he always tells on a woman.

They must hunger in frost who would not work in the heat.

The wolf may lose his teeth, but he does not lose his inclinations.

If you are in trouble, and don't know what to do about it, forget it.

It may happen that the more a man is worth the more worthless he is.

That which a child says outside the house he has learned within the house.

Nothing is more precious than time, and nothing is more freely wasted.

Many a scion of wealth who is good for a million is really good for nothing.

Working and idling are both habits, and it is difficult to break oneself of either.

THE TEST.

"What sort of a looking chap is Gussy?"

"Well, if you ever see two men in a corner, and one looks bored to death, the other one is Gussy."



OUR PRICES \$3 to \$5

Are the result of careful buying direct from the manufacturer. And buying in large quantities for cash, enables us to quote you lower Prices on better goods than you can get elsewhere.

AN INSTANCE—We are selling a Ladies' Genuine Dongola Kid Lace Boot with light or heavy sewed soles, Patent or Kid Tips \$1.50 that would cost you \$1.75 to \$2.00 anywhere, for.....

OUR METHOD

One Price to All.

Strictly Cash.

We allow Shoes on approbation where one pair is paid for. In case goods are not satisfactory money will be refunded.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

Largest Dealers in this section of Canada.

THE BEST FLOUR.

**DAFOE'S NONESUCH
DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT**

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCKWHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best **ANTHRACITE COAL**. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

Important Notice, Cambridge's Confectionery Store.

The place to buy a suitable Christmas Present for your friends.

Beautiful assortment of Fancy Boxes and Baskets of all designs filled with the best of Chocolates, Bon Bons, and when empty becoming useful for work baskets, etc. Come early and secure them. Satisfaction guaranteed, and all packages done up and mailed to parties directed, if so desired.

Lunches served at all hours

Oysters served in all styles.

Wedding Cakes made to order.

Cambridge's Bakery & Confectionery Store

Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

Caramel Cereal Coffee.

A mixture of Cereals so prepared as to constitute a wholesome substitute for Coffee.

Table Beverage which is free from deleterious properties and aids digestion. Large Package 10c.

FRANK H. PERRY.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street.
Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

Cross Cut Saws.

Ask about our Black Diamond X cut saw, each saw guaranteed.
M. S. MADOLE.

J. N. Osborne's

Barber Shop is on the north side of Dundas street near Steacy's. Call and see how well he can suit you.

Saved on Every Suit.

Is that worth your consideration? If it is come in and we will convince you that we do it, and benefit you to that extent.

A.E. Lazier.

**Old Reliable. New Proprietor
Fresh Goods.**

Full line of Choice Groceries.

Cream of West Flour, cheapest and best, highest test out of 15. All kinds of Feed.

Thanking past customers for trade I solicit a continuation of their patronage as well as that of all customers of my new stand and solicit the patronage of all who want good goods in above lines. Phone 51.

J. G. OLIVER,

Blewett's Old Stand, opposite Royal Hotel.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

**First-Class Workmen.
Lightest and Brightest Shop in Napanee.**

GIVE US A CALL.

**Patent Medicines
Cheaper at**

Wallace's Drug Store than any store in Napanee. See prices page 6 Beaver.

Wood Alcohol.

We will supply you with one pint and bottle for 15c. This is low price two bottles for 25c at

BOYLE & SON.

Evangelistic Meetings.

At the Gospel Hall, over J. J. Haines shoe house, Evangelist Joseph Pearson will D. V., speak on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Also each weeknight excepting Saturday, at 7.45 p.m. A hearty invitation is extended to all

The Tap to the Skies.

Those who went on this trip Tuesday evening in the Western Methodist Church, were well repaid for the time spent. The seating capacity of the church was taxed to its utmost, and Dr. Marsh who gave the lecture, held his audience for two and a half hours. This is the first lecture of the kind given in Napanee for some time, and the Epworth League who were responsible for getting here feel grateful for the interest shown.

Gentlemen Who are Bald.

Investigate and see for yourself the Art covering in Wigs and Toupees, Prof. Dorenwend Patent Toupees are now worn on over 90,000 heads by all classes in all stations of life. In this particular structure the ventilation is perfect; as light as a feather; is securely adjusted to the head; can be combed just as your own hair; they

Savory Roasters.

You will enjoy your good dinner better if you roast your turkey in one of Madole's Agate Savory Roasters.

M. S. MADOLE.

Fredericksburgh Grist Mill.

The undersigned wishes to notify the public that Fredericksburgh grist mill will be open for grinding every day until further notice. I will be pleased to meet the many customers of the mill, who have patronized it in the past. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WM. WOODBURY.

Books, Bibles &c.

On account of the bad state of the roads, Mr. Jas. Gordon the Colporteur, has not been able to get about on his usual trips through the country. For the present he will be found generally at Wallace's Drug Store, or at his home on West St near Presbyterian Church. Any orders sent in by mail, he will be pleased to attend to.

To-night.

The meeting of the Historical Society in the Library Building at 8 o'clock is open to all. Mr. C. C. James, of Toronto, will give an address on "The Making of the Province." Mr. James needs no introduction to the people of Napanee and it is hoped that a large audience will welcome him. Go and enjoy an evening of History and you will better understand the work which the Lennox and Addington Historical Society is trying to accomplish.

EXPERIMENTS WITH FARM CROPS.

The members of the Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union are pleased to state that for 1908 they are prepared to distribute into every Township of Ontario material for experiments with fodder crops, roots, grains, grasses, clovers and fertilizers. About 2,200 varieties of farm crops have been tested in the Experimental Department of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, for at least five years in succession. These consist of varieties from nearly all parts of the world, some of which have done exceedingly well in the carefully conducted experiments at the College and are now being distributed free of charge for co-operative experiments throughout Ontario. The following is the list of co-operative experiments in agriculture for 1908:

No	Experiments	Plots
1a	Three varieties for oats.....	3
2a	Three varieties of six-rowed barley 3	
2b	Two varieties of two rowed barley 2	
3	Two varieties of Hulless barley ..	2
4	Two varieties of spring wheat	2
5	Three varieties of buckwheat.....	3
6	Two varieties of field peas.....	2
7	Emmer and Spelt.....	2
8	Two varieties of Soy, Soja, or Japanese beans.....	2
9	Three varieties of husking corn....	3
10	Three varieties of Mangles.....	3
11	Two varieties of sugar beets for feeding purposes.....	2
12	Three varieties of Swedish Turnips 2	
13	Two varieties of fall turnips.....	2
14	Two varieties of carrots.....	2
15	Three varieties of fodder or silage corn.....	3
16	Three varieties of millet ..	2
17	Three varieties of Sorghum.....	3
18	Grass peas and two varieties of vetches.....	3
19	Rape, Kale and field cabbage.....	3
20	Three varieties of Clover.....	3
21	Sainfoin, Lucerne and Burnet ..	3
22	Four varieties of grasses.....	4
23	Three varieties of field beans.....	3
24	Three varieties of sweet corn.....	3
26	Fertilizers with Swedish turnips... 6	
27	Sowing mangles on the level, and in drills.....	2
28a	Two varieties of early potatoes....	2
28b	Two varieties of medium ripening 2	
28c	Two varieties of late potatoes.....	2
29	Three grain mixtures for grain productions.....	3
30	Three mixtures of grasses and clover, for hay.....	8

The size of each plot in each of the first twenty-seven experiments and in Nos. 29 and 30 is to be two rods long by one rod wide, and in No. 28, one rod square.

Each person in Ontario who wishes to join in the work may choose any ONE of the experiments for 1908, and apply for the same. The material will be furnished in the order in which the applications are received until the supply is exhausted. It

Lunches served at all hours
Oysters served in all styles.
Wedding Cakes made to order.

Cambridge's Bakery & Confectionery Store

Next A. E. Paul's, and The Robinson Company, Limited.

COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED PLYMOUTH COAL!

All sizes for prompt delivery.

We also carry in stock
Steam Coal,
Blacksmithing Coal
—and—
Blue Grass Cannel Coal
for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-tt

CHAS. STEVENS,

Ask about our Black Diamond X cut saw, each saw guaranteed.
M. S. MADOLE.

J. N. Osborne's

Barber Shop on the north side of Dundas street near Steacy's. Call and see how well he can suit you.

Tea at Chambers.

A Grand Tea will be served in the Methodist Church here, by the ladies of the congregation on Friday eve, March 20th, 1908, after which a first-class programme will be rendered by local and foreign talent, all for 25c. A good time is expected, everybody is going.

A special session of the County Council is called for Wednesday, April 1st.

Don't forget the Choir Concert at the Western Methodist Church, on Tuesday next, March 24th. An address will be given by the Rev. W. H. Emsley. Mr. M. S. Madole, chairman. Tickets (25c.) can be had from the members of the choir, and at Fisher's music store.

Wednesday afternoon of last week Mr. Stanley Norris, an employee of the Bell Telephone Co., was taken suddenly ill, and when a physician was consulted it was found he was suffering from a severe rupture of the intestines. Dr. Garrat, of Kingston, was summoned and performed an operation on Thursday, which was quite successful.

The infirmities of age were the cause of death, on Tuesday of last week, of Mrs. S. M. Loyst, for many years a resident of Tamworth, but who had been living with her daughter, Mrs. A. M. Carscallen, Deseronto, since last June. Mrs. Loyst, whose maiden name was Lydia Thompson, was a daughter of the late Christopher Thompson, of Tamworth, in his day, a leader in religious thought in that vicinity. Deceased is survived by her husband and her daughter, Mrs. Carscallen.

Croup positively checked in 20 minutes. Dr. Shoop's 20 minute Croup Remedy acts like Magic. No vomiting, nothing harsh. A simple, safe, pleasant dependable croup syrup, 50c. Sold by—ALL DEALERS

The lantern service and lecture, entitled "Paying the Fare," given in the Salvation Army barracks on Friday evening last by Capt. Harry Hurd, was attended by a goodly number of the citizens, and was greatly enjoyed by all. Capt. Hurd, who is a very pleasant fellow, is the possession of a good voice, and his very distinct pronunciation added greatly to the masterful manner in which he handled his subject. The lecture was illustrated by fifty different views, and showed how very easy it was for a young man who chooses the wrong path in life to fall from the height of affluence to the lowest degradation. The story is a true one taken from the congested parts of the city of London, and conveyed to the audience a very good idea of how the people of that great city eke out an existence. The lecture was interspersed with a number of appropriate songs.

Permanent Results

"I had been suffering for over two months with an obstinate cough, as had also my little girl. We tried several remedies common to any drug store without obtaining any apparent relief, in fact we were growing worse. I got a bottle of Coltsfoot Expectorant from my druggist and inside of two days the cough was stopped, and the results so permanent and rapid that we decided to keep it in our home continually."

ROBERT PALEN.

C. A. R. Station, Ottawa.

Coltsfoot Expectorant is recognized the world over as the best prescription ever used by the medical profession for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis and Tightness of the Chest. Children like it. To introduce it into every home we will send a free sample to every person sending their name and address to Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto. Sold by all up-to-date druggists at 25c.
Send for Free Sample To-day.

Investigate and see for yourself the Art covering in Wigs and Toupees, Prof. Dorenwend Patent Toupees are now worn on over 90,000 heads by all classes in all stations of life. In this particular structure the ventilation is perfect; as light as a feather; is securely adjusted to the head; can be combed just as your own hair; they make you look ten year younger, besides the protection you get from Catarrh, Colds, Neuralgia, etc. Call and see them at Hotel Paisley House March 27th.

Sold his yacht.

Mr. E. J. Roy has sold his new steam yacht to a party of Western gentlemen who will use her on the Rideau this summer. The purchasers carefully examined a number of yachts offered for sale, but found none as much to their liking as Mr. Roy's yacht. The yacht is built of cedar, has a half cabin finished in mahogany and a canopy forward of the cabin. The decks and combing are finished in Black Walnut, quartered oak and Maple, and is first-class in every particular. The yacht was sold through an advt placed but once in the Express.

The New Shoe Store.

Everything new.
Boots and Shoes.
Trunks and Valises.

Hawley & Maybee,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

St. Patrick's Day Concert.

The Brisco Opera House was filled to the doors on Tuesday evening to hear the concert given under the auspices of St. Patrick's Church, Napanee. The Artists were Mrs. Grace C. Grant and Miss Kate Banden, of Belleville, Mr. Doyle and Mr. Hayes, of Belleville, Mr. Chas. Fisher, Napanee, and the Ladies' Quartette of the Musical Club, Mesdames. Burrit, McNaughton, Herrington and Miss Herring. Mrs. Lockridge was the accompanist, and Mayor Ming an efficient chairman. The programme all through was an excellent one, and the Belleville talent were cordially welcomed to Napanee. Music lovers of Napanee would be pleased to hear them again. Owing to illness Mrs. F. E. Vanluven was unable to take part.

CASTORIA.

Bears the
Signature
of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Notice.

To the public who have so generously patronized us in our different lines of business for the past twenty years, we feel grateful, and hereby wish to thank each and every one for your patronage. We have sold our store and two cheese factories (Moscow and Petworth) to Mr. F. P. Johnston, and solicit your patronage and influence for him. We have still several lines of business and solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage given us in these lines. Again thanking you all we are

Yours truly,
VANLUVEN BROS.,
Moscow.

Full line of carving sets, nickle ware and Bissell carpet sweeper.

M. S. MADOLE.

A Hallelujah Wedding will take place in the Salvation Army barracks on Tuesday evening next, March 24th, at 8 p. m., when Mr. Daniel Sedore and Miss Charlotte Blakely will be united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Brigadier Hargrove will perform the ceremony.

A. S. Kimmerly sells Wampoles Cod Liver Oil, 80c. a bottle, Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound 80c, Fellows Syrup \$1.10 per bottle, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil 17c, Carters Little Liver Pills 15c, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery or Favorite Prescription 85c. per bottle.

The size of each plot in each of the first twenty-seven experiments and in Nos. 29 and 30 is to be two rods long by one rod wide, and in No. 28, one rod square.

Each person in Ontario who wishes to join in the work may choose any ONE of the experiments for 1908, and apply for the same. The material will be furnished in the order in which the applications are received until the supply is exhausted. It might be well for each applicant to make a second choice, for fear the first could not be granted. All material will be furnished entirely free of charge to each applicant, and the produce will, of course, become the property of the person who conducts the experiment.

Ontario Agric. College, C. A. ZAVITZ.
Guelph, March 7th, 1908. Director

Ankle supports, skate straps, pucks, and hockey sticks.

M. S. MADOLE.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

CHAS. FISHER

(Opposite Madill's.)

Our customers are already expressing their delight on seeing our choice stock of

**WALLPAPERS
WALLPAPERS
WALLPAPERS
WALLPAPERS**

I have the greatest confidence in recommending these to your notice.

Probably nothing in a house betrays the good taste of the occupant so much as the wall coverings.

Call and see this carefully selected stock.

Large pattern books can be had on approval.

FISHER'S MUSIC STORE,

Closed every Wednesday at 12.30.

Finest Goods

Our Choicest Goods are well to hand now, and in the following lines we can show you some


Extra Good Things

Linen Handkerchiefs.
Initial Linen Handkerchiefs.
Initial Excelsa Silk Handkerchiefs.
Fancy Shirts.
The newest in Neckwear, either in fancy boxes or not, as you choose.
Men's Wool Gloves.
Men's Fur Lined Gloves.
Men's Wool lined Gloves.
Men's Silk Lined Gloves.
Fancy Cashmere Hose.
Fancy Suspenders.
Caps.
Detachable Fur Collars.

We are headquarters for the newest in Men's Wear.

Graham & Vanaalstyne.

If You Wish to be Successful
ATTEND THE
KINGSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE Limited.
head of Queen Street, CANADA'S
HIGHEST GRADE business school
Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting,
Telegraphy and all commercial subjects
thoroughly taught by competent, ex-
perienced teachers. Enter at any time.
Rates very moderate.—Send for Cata-
logue.
H. E. METCALFE, J. E. CUNNINGHAM.
President. Secretary.


CROW'S FEET
are often the result of
wearing glasses that
distort the features.
Smith's Glasses
maintain beauty of ex-
pression and impart to
the eye a clearness and
lucidity that is remark-
able.
Marriage Licenses.
Smith's Jewelry Store

Improved Floor Paint.
Have you heard about it? It's the best thing out yet for floors. We have many new ideas for the coming season in the paint line. Don't spend a cent for paint until you visit Wallace's Drug Store.

Spring Clothing ---

Made to meet the requirements of critical men.

Men who know what constitutes good clothes and who wear nothing else.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, - Napanee.

Why Worry.

About the advance in Tea when you can get it at the old prices 25c, 35c and 40c. As usual we have been fortunate enough to have had a good stock on hand.

THE COXALL CO

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowel Laxative.

YARKER.

J. S. Winter, of Bergen, Manitoba, is home for a vacation.

George Dear has gone to Toronto, as A. O. U. W. delegate. Thence he goes to London to visit his brother.

Miss Lera Benjamin is home from Donville.

H. McCarthy having recovered from his illness, is home again from the Kingston General Hospital.

Rev. E. Farnsworth has gone to Mount-ain Grove, to attend the convention of Ep-worth Leaguers.

A party going down hill on a toboggan, here, came to grief, and their faces plainly showed the impact.

The Ladies Aid, with their husbands and a few others, had an oyster supper at the residence of James Warner. A very pleasant evening was spent and a debate took place.

Overton Redden has moved into Mrs. Garrison's residence, Mrs. Garrison going to reside with her grandson, at Florida.

Mrs. William Connolly has returned home from Verona.

Prayer meeting, Sunday morning, will be at James Freeman's.

"Mac" Hutchins has moved to Moscow, he having secured the management of F. Johnston's farm.

About thirty drove to the residence of Arley Benn, for a social time Tuesday night.

Tickling or dry Coughs will quickly loosen when using Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. And it is so thoroughly harmless, that Dr. Shoop tells mothers to use nothing else, even for very young babies. The whole-some green leaves and tender stems of a lung healing mountainous shrub give the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. It calms the cough, and heals the sensitive bronchial membranes. Noopium, no chloroform, nothing harsh used to in-jure or suppress. Demand Dr. Shoop's. Take noother. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

ODESSA.

A concert was held in the Methodist church on Friday evening. Those who assisted in the programme were: Miss Mary Johnston, of Moscow, Miss Iva Horton, of Morven, and Miss L. Grange, of Fellows. The proceeds were for the Ladies' Missionary Society.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Ela McCabe, is visiting her mother at Glen Ross. Her mother is not expected to live.

Mr. Jas. Richardson left on Tuesday for Indianapolis, Ind., to attend at the bedside of Mrs. Richardson, who was taken seriously ill while visiting her brother in that city.

Rev. J. Jones, Tamworth, was in Kingston on Monday.

Miss Agnes Cranston returned to her home in Deseronto on Tuesday after a visit with friends in Waterlown, N. Y.

Mr. Peter Ballantyne, of Calgary, Alta., is renewing acquaintances in Napanee after a long absence.

Mr. E. J. Roy expects to attend the Automobile and Motor Boat show in Toronto next week.

Mrs. Geo. Daly had the misfortune to fall and break her wrist at the home of her son, Mr. Herb Daly, on Sunday morning.

Messrs Sid Sproule, S. Cairns and F. M. Denyes, Odessa, were in Napanee on Tuesday evening attending the moon feast of the O. O. H.

Mr. W. T. Waller was confined to his home a few days this week with an attack of Grippe.

Miss Mary O'Reilly, of East Hungerford, was visiting her sister, Miss Lizzie O'Reilly, Napanee this week.

Mr. W. S. Herrington, K. C., was in Kingston last Friday.

Mr. Edward Reynolds, of Bedford, was in Napanee Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Young and Miss Helen Wartman spent last Sunday with friends in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Finkle and family of Newburgh, were in Napanee Satur-day.

Mr. Chenoweth, teller Dominion Bank, Napanee, spent last Sunday with friends in Toronto.

W. S. Herrington, K. C., was in Deseronto Wednesday.

Mrs. Thos E. Anderson is confined to her home with an attack of pneu-monia.

Mr. C. S. Martin left last week for Govan, Sask.

Mrs. B. T. Guess, Harrowsmith, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. M. Parrott, John street.

Mrs. and Miss McGuin have returned from spending the winter in Phila-delphia.

Mrs. C. M. Warner returned last Sunday from Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Barr Hall, (nee Miss Gussie Perry) of Princeton, B. C., arrived in Napanee Sunday on their return from visiting friends in Eng-land. They left on Christmas and had a very pleasant trip.

Mrs. J. A. Shibley is expected home from Bermuda on Sunday.

Mrs. Ed Hunt, Chicago, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Lafferty, Thomas street.

Mrs. Ainsley, of Picton, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. J. Jewell.

Mrs. Grant and Miss Bawden, Belle-ville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Fitzpatrick, while in town for the St. Patrick's Day Concert.

Doxsee & Co's., millinery openings will take place on Saturday, March 28th, and following days. The public are cordially invited.

Mr. Dorkand Collier spent Sunday in Picton.—Mr. W. A. Carson spent the week end in Picton.—Miss Myrtle Pettigill, Picton, is visiting at Rev. J. R. Real's, Napanee, and Rev. R. H. Leitch's, at Belleville.—Picton Gazette.

Mr. W. A. Masters, of Ottawa, is re-newing acquaintances in Napanee. Dr. Leonard spent Sunday in Belle-ville.

Mr. Stanley Norris, who underwent an operation on Thursday of last week, is progressing favorably.

Miss Horton, Morven Parsonage, was the guest of Rev. and Mrs. Mc-

PROFESSOR DORENWEND HIMSELF COMING.



PROF. DORENWEND
of TORONTO

the greatest Hair Goods Artist the world has ever known, is coming with

HAIR GOODS

will be at
Paisley House, Napanee

March 27th

During this visit we will be showing the very latest Parisian and New York styles, and you are particularly in-

ited to inspect and try on any of these creations.

We give you the same choice selection and satisfaction as you would get at our Toronto establishments. In a word, we bring our Store to your door.



SWITCHES, POMPADOURS, CLUSTER-CURLS, CORNET-BRAIDS, TRANSFORMATIONS, WAVES, WIGS, Etc.

DORENWEND'S PATENT TOUPEE



for GENTLEMEN WHO ARE BALD, is a masterpiece of Scientific Hair Construction. Securely adjusted Comb and brush them just as your own hair. Absolutely undetectable. They protect you from Colds, Catarrh, Neuralgia, etc., and will make you look 10 years younger. Over 90,000 of our Toupees are now in use. Don't fail to see them.

DORENWEND CO., of Toronto, Limited.

103-105 YOUNG STREET.

Herbageum Stock Food in 25 and 50 cent packages at The Medial Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

TRIBE OF CRIMINALS.

The Maghaya's Greatest Pride Is Successful Burglary.

The Maghaya is born in an arbar field and schooled to theft from his infancy. He lives without shelter or food for the morrow, perpetually moving from encampment to encampment, chased by the police and execrated by the villagers. His greatest pride is a successful burglary and a prolonged drinking bout his most coveted reward.

Jail offers no terrors to the dom. It is merely the result of being a bungler at his trade. The first attempt to reclaim the Maghaya doms in Cham-parun was made by Mr. (now Sir E.) Henry. He found the greater number of the adult members of the tribe were in jail. Every police officer was held responsible if any doms were found in his jurisdiction, with the result that as soon as a dom was released from jail he was usually returned thither under the bad livelihood sections.

Agricultural settlements were estab-lished for the tribe, but they do not seem to have been very successful as civilizing agencies. The settlements serve as houses for the women and children, but the men are seldom found in them.

The females generally hawk stolen

VALUABLE MEDICAL PRESCRIPTION

Recommended by a Well-known Toronto Doctor, Whose Love for Humanity is Greater than His Prejudice Against Proprietary Medicines.

The following very valuable pre-scription, by an eminent and success-ful physician, will be appreciated by many who are suffering from la grippe, cold, cough, pneumonia, or any throat, lung or stomach trouble, or run-down system, as it is a certain cure, and will save many a doctor's bill. It is almost a certain preventive as well:—
"When you feel that you are taking cold or have chilly feeling or aching in any part of the body or head, or feel weak, tired, dizzy, unfit for work, pain in the head or back of the neck, do not neglect these dangerous symp-toms, but send immediately to your druggist and get a bottle of Psychine (pronounced Si-keen), and prepare as follows:

"Psychine, 2 teaspoonfuls.
"Sherry, whisky or water, 5 tea-spoonfuls.

"Choice of the latter can be made according to the judgment and pre-ference of the patient.

"Mix thoroughly and take regularly before each meal and at bedtime."

This prescription has been used in thousands of cases and has been so universally successful that a number

ODESSA.

A concert was held in the Methodist church on Friday evening. Those who assisted in the programme were: Miss Mary Johnston, of Moscow, Miss Iva Horton, of Morven, and Miss L. Grange, of Fellows. The proceeds were for the Ladies' Missionary Society.

The Odessa cheese factory opened on March 17th, with a good supply of milk.

Court was held here last Thursday. Judge Madden, of Napanee, presided.

The Odessa Citizens' band gave a free concert in the town hall on Saturday night, which was enjoyed by everyone present.

The many friends of J. Timmerman, postmaster, are glad to hear that he is recovering. Mr. Timmerman has been very ill with pneumonia.

Miss Louise Remion, of Niagara Falls, is visiting her mother, Mrs. R. H. Peters.

Peter Glenn left last week for Scotland for a couple of months.

Mrs. Sidney Sproule returned last Saturday from Napanee.

Automobiles.

At 3, 4, and five dollars. Three models A, B, and C, Canada's best hockey skate at

M. S. MADOLE'S.

AT SUPPERS' SHIRINE.

Thousands of Pilgrims Almost Miraculously Healed by South American Nerveine.

"For years I was distressed with dyspepsia and indigestion, physicians and remedies could give me but temporary relief until South American Nerveine was recommended to me. I procured a bottle and got great relief from the first few doses. The swelling and soreness in my stomach rapidly disappeared, and in a very short time I was absolutely cured. It has brought robust health." Thomas Sullivan, Arnprior, Ont. (28)

South American Rheumatic Cure relieves in six hours.

Sold by T. B. Wallace

TALK ABOUT GROCERIES

If you want good Groceries and the best, no cheap trash, you want to go to

H. W. KELLY,

Campbell House Corner.

and you can get the best Rolled Oats in town, also

Headlight Coal Oil	13c a gallon
Water White Oil the best	10c a gallon
3 Tins Gillette's Lye	25 cents
1 lb Laundry Starch	6c per lb.
Canada Corn Starch	7c per box
Canada Laundry Starch	7c per box
Benson's Corn Starch No 1	3 for 25c.
6 bars Super Soap	25 cents
10 bars Judd Soap	25 cents
6 Green Castile	25 cents
1 lb French Castile (Toilet)	10 cents
Maple Leaf Baking Powder	15c a tin
Royal Baking Powder	40c a lb, tin
Pure Cream Tartar	30c a lb
Grapenuts	2 for 25c.
3 Boxes Silver Gloss Starch	25 cents
New Mixed Peel	18c a lb
3 Corn Flakes	25 cents
O. Wee Key-No Salmon	15c a tin
2 lb Paris Lump Sugar	15 cents

The best 25c Green Tea in town.

If you want good Breakfast Bacon try our PEA MEAL,

H. W. KELLY

Mr. W. A. Masters, of Ottawa, is renewing acquaintances in Napanee. Dr. Leonard spent Sunday in Belleville.

Mr. Stanley Norris, who underwent an operation on Thursday of last week, is progressing favorably.

Miss Horton, Morven Parsonage, was the guest of Rev. and Mrs. McCamus, Odessa, for a few days last week, and on Sunday last, she delighted the congregations there, with solos, at both morning and evening services.

Mrs. G. A. Aylesworth, Newburgh, spent Thursday and Friday last the guest of Mrs. W. W. Scott, Division St. Kingston.

Mr. C. R. VanSlyck returned on Friday from a trip to Gravenhurst, where Mrs. VanSlyck is staying for awhile. We are glad to be able to say that she is improving rapidly.

Rev. J. De P. Wright, of Carrying Place and Rev. Wright, of Bannockburn, were in town Saturday.

"1847"

A complete assortment of Rogers & Nevada silver ware.

M. S. MADOLE.

BIRTHS.

FOSTER—At Napanee on Sunday, March 7th, 1903, to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Foster, a son.

MARRIAGES.

LOTT—STEEL—At Yarker, on March 9th, Donald Lott, Tamworth, to Nellie Steel, Arden.

Spring Lamp Sale, big reductions, see our prices, at The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper.

FORESAW THE OBVIOUS.

The Usher Knew What the Answer of His Charges Would Be.

"The temperance orator of today," he said, "is sure of a respectful hearing. In the past it was not so. At the beginning of the temperance movement drinking men came to our meetings for no other purpose than to interrupt and confuse. The orator had to be very careful in his remarks. He had to look out lest he give his hearers an opening for some opportune but ribald interruption.

"I remember," he said, "when they began temperance work here in Washington. A series of meetings was held in a large hall. The audiences were always numerous, but they interrupted horribly. In the end an ex-prize fighter was hired to sit every night in the obstreperous gallery and keep order there.

"Well, one night the orator contrasted the clean content of home life with the squalor of drunkenness. He spoke beautifully, and at his climax he cried in ringing, impassioned tones:

"What do we want when we return from our daily toil? What do we desire to ease our burdens, to gladden our hearts, to bring smiles to our faces and song to our lips?"

"Here the orator paused for effect, and the conscientious prize fighter tipped hurriedly to the front of the gallery, shook his finger at his unruly charges and said in a threatening stage whisper:

"Mind, the first feller among ye wot says 'Beer!'—out he goes."

The Attraction.

"Miss Skyline appears to have lost her attractiveness for the gentlemen," said one girl.

"Oh, no," replied the other; "she didn't lose it. Her father lost it on the Stock Exchange."

A good and faithful judge prefers the honest to the expedient.—Horace.

under the data involved sections.

Agricultural settlements were established for the tribe, but they do not seem to have been very successful as civilizing agencies. The settlements serve as houses for the women and children, but the men are seldom found in them.

The females generally hawk stolen property in the villages and act as spies.

A WINDOW AND A WAR.

Costly Incident of the Reign of Louis XIV. of France.

A terrible war was once caused by a window.

It was in the days when Louis XIV., "Le Grand Monarque," was dazzling Europe. His minister, Louvois, was superintending on the king's behalf the building of the palace of the Trianon in the park at Versailles. Louis inspected the buildings one afternoon and declared one of the windows to be out of shape and smaller than the rest. This Louvois denied, and the king had the window measured, with the result that he was proved to be right, and he openly before all the court ridiculed Louvois.

But the minister had his revenge, for with the angry ejaculation that he would find better employment for a monarch than that of insulting his favorites, he embroiled France by his insolence in a quarrel with the powers, which only ended years later in the peace of Ryswick after a war which entailed the loss of many lives and the expenditure of large sums of money.

Wonderful Pews.

"Are you aware," said the antiquary, "that there are certain church pews to which the contribution basket is never passed?"

"No."

"It is a fact. These pews are in certain old churches in Philadelphia, in Boston and in a number of New England villages. They have been rented on a noncontribution basket basis for a couple of centuries. In the past, it is said, men slept in church. They even played draughts there, and the advent of the contribution basket would have been an amazing interruption to them. So for a very much higher rental they obtained pews that the collectors ignored. These pews in churches that like to keep up the quaint customs of the past are still maintained."

Sleigh Bells.

Swedish chimes, shaft chimes and strings.

M. S. MADOLE.

Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets

Are recommended by everyone who uses them—they can't help it, for they immediately invigorate the stomach by letting it take a rest.

Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets destroy dyspepsia, belching, that "lump of lead feeling," burning sensations, indigestion, loss of appetite and aversion to food.

Have Feel-Rite Dyspepsia Tablets handy, where you can take one after each meal. Then you will know what a blessing it is to have a good appetite and to get all the good possible out of everything you eat. You'll feel happy and good-natured. Feel-Rite Tablets only cost 25c. a box and are positively superior to any other on the market. You cannot afford to be without a box of these Tablets. Get them to-day, and if you are not satisfied with the result your money will be cheerfully refunded.

A Free Sample may be had from The Medical Hall, or The Red Cross Drug Store, or by mail from

THE FEEL-RITE CO.,
Napanee, Ont.

Full particulars and directions with each package.

Price, 25c., or 5 Boxes for \$1.00.

spoonfuls.

"Choice of the latter can be made according to the judgment and preference of the patient.

"Mix thoroughly and take regularly before each meal and at bedtime."

This prescription has been used in thousands of cases and has been so universally successful that a number of leading physicians regularly prescribe Psychine in their practice for any of the above troubles, or any run-down, wasting or constitutional difficulty. It is the most reliable and valuable home remedy. It tones up the entire system, giving a feeling of youthfulness and vigor, adding many years to the life of those who use it.

"Years ago I was almost a physical wreck and was suffering with lung troubles. Friends and neighbors thought I would never get better. I began to despair myself. Losing faith in my physician, I procured another one who recommended the use of PSYCHINE. It was surprising beyond description the effect it had. I seemed to gain with every dose. Inside of two weeks I was able to attend to my housework again. There are no symptoms of consumption about me now."

MRS. HENDERSON.

St. John, N.B.

"I had been suffering from La Grippe. My lungs were weak and I had a cough, but Psychine cured me."

MRS. H. BEAN.

Cheapside, Ont.

Psychine can be procured from any druggist at 50c. and \$1.00. It is a very

\$100.00 paid by Dr. Shoop for any recent case of Grippe or acute Cold that a 25 cent box of Preventives will not break. How is this for an offer? The doctor's supreme confidence in these little Candy Cold Tablets—Preventives—is certainly complete. It's a \$100 against 25 cents—pretty big odds. And Preventives, remember, contain no quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Pneumonia would never appear if early colds were steadily broken. Safe and sure for feverish children. 48 Preventives 55c. Sold by—ALL DEALERS.

LEARN DRESS-MAKING BY MAIL In Your Spare Time at Home

We want our course to be in every home in Ontario where there are ladies, so have decided to give, direct to the public, our improved \$15 course in dressmaking, including our Ladies' Tailor System for wholesale price, \$10.00.

As there are a large number of people, especially dressmakers, say you cannot learn by mail we will send system and first lesson (which teaches how to make a perfect fitting waist) registered to any address in Ontario. After you are satisfied you can learn, send \$5.00 and we will forward full course of lessons. Please do not send unless you wish to learn dressmaking; we are so sure anyone can learn that we guarantee to give \$5.00 in anyone who cannot teach.

These lessons teach how to cut, fit and put together, any garment from the simplest skirt waist suit to the most elaborate dress. This is the only course in Canada that one while family can learn by one number taking it up. We have been in business for ten years have taught over 7,000. Beware of imitations, as some have been known to copy our ideas, and even claimed that they were not known to be the inventor of this course. No ad. is genuine without our \$500.00 guarantee.

Write for particulars. Address—SANDERS' DRESS-CUTTING SCHOOL 31 Erie Street, Stratford, Ontario, Canada.